

**Academic Council Meeting No. and Date : 10 / April 26, 2025**

**Agenda Number : 3 Resolution Number : 46, 47/ 3.2, 3.7**



**Vidya Prasarak Mandal's  
B. N. Bandodkar College of  
Science (Autonomous), Thane**



**Syllabus for**

**Programme Code : BUBO  
Programme : Bachelor of Science  
Specific Programme : Botany  
(Major/Minor)**

**[ T.Y.B.Sc. Botany]  
Level 5.5**

**CHOICE BASED GRADING SYSTEM**

**Revised under NEP  
From academic year 2025 - 2026**

## Preamble

The National Education Policy (NEP) 2020, unveiled by the Government of India, marks a significant paradigm shift in the country's educational landscape. Emphasizing holistic development and a student-centric approach, NEP 2020 aims to revolutionize the education system to meet the evolving needs of the 21<sup>st</sup> century. With its focus on early childhood care, universalization of education, and technology integration, NEP 2020 envisions an inclusive and equitable education ecosystem that fosters critical thinking, creativity, and innovation. By promoting multidisciplinary learning, vocational education, and flexible curriculum frameworks, NEP 2020 seeks to empower learners with the skills and knowledge necessary to thrive in a rapidly changing world. Furthermore, the policy lays a strong emphasis on teacher training, professional development, and accountability, recognizing educators as the cornerstone of educational reform. As India charts a new course in education with NEP 2020, it aspires to create a generation of empowered and enlightened citizens capable of driving social, economic, and cultural progress.

In the verdant landscapes of Thane, the midst of the bustling metropolis, Vidya Prasarak Mandal (VPM) stands as a bastion of educational enlightenment, a testament to the enduring legacy of Dr. V. N. Bedekar and the indomitable spirit of its founding members. Established in 1935 with a humble vision, VPM has since burgeoned into a sprawling educational conglomerate, catering to the scholastic needs of over 15,000 students across diverse disciplines, from kindergarten to post-graduation. Guided by Dr. V. N. Bedekar's visionary zeal and his son Dr. Vijay Bedekar, VPM has remained steadfast in its commitment to academic excellence and societal progress., Dr. V. N. Bedekar envisaged the creation of an "Island of Knowledge" in Thane, a sanctuary where the flames of learning would illuminate minds and ignite the torch of enlightenment. Within this hallowed institution, the Department of Botany took root in June 1969, with a singular mission to provide quality education to the rural youth and cultivate a deep appreciation for the wonders of the botanical realm. At the heart of the department's pedagogical philosophy lies a commitment to holistic education, characterized by a blend of theoretical rigor and practical application. The Bachelor of Science (B.Sc.) program in Botany, a cornerstone of the department's offerings, epitomizes this ethos, offering students a comprehensive curriculum that spans the breadth and depth of plant sciences.

Structured across six-month semesters, the B.Sc. program encompasses various subjects, including Bryology, Pteridology, Plant Physiology, and Molecular Biology, among others. Embracing an outcome-based approach, the curriculum is designed to equip students with technical proficiency, critical thinking skills, creativity, and a spirit of inquiry. Its unwavering commitment to research and innovation is central to the department's ethos. Encouraged to undertake projects, seminars, and field studies, students are provided with a fertile ground to explore their intellectual curiosity and contribute to the advancement of botanical knowledge. Through state-of-the-art research labs, instrumentation facilities, and computer labs equipped with GIS software, students are empowered to engage in cutting-edge research and address pressing environmental challenges.

Beyond the confines of the classroom, the department fosters a culture of experiential learning, organizing industry visits, internships, and guest lectures by eminent scholars and practitioners. These initiatives not only enrich the academic experience but also provide students with real-world insights and practical skills essential for success in their chosen careers. As graduates of the B.Sc. program in Botany, students are poised to embark on diverse educational and career pathways, ranging from advanced studies in plant sciences to research, government service, and entrepreneurship. Armed with a deep understanding of botanical principles and a passion for environmental stewardship, our alumni emerge as catalysts for change, driving innovation and sustainable development in their respective fields.

**Prof. Dr. V.M. Jamdhade**  
**Chairperson, Bos Botany**

**PROGRAMME OUTCOMES (POs) OF BACHELOR OF SCIENCE (B.Sc.)**

*The Undergraduate Programmes of Science are intended to cater quality education and attain holistic development of learners through the following programme outcomes:*

**PO1 - Disciplinary Knowledge**

Lay a strong foundation of conceptual learning in science. Instil ability to apply science in professional, social and personal life.

**PO2 - Inculcation of Research Aptitude**

Ignite spirit of inquiry, critical thinking, analytical skills and problem-solving approach which will help learners to grasp concepts related to research methodology and execute budding research ideas.

**PO3 - Digital Literacy**

Enhance ability to access, select and use a variety of relevant information e-resources for curricular, co-curricular and extracurricular learning processes.

**PO4 - Sensitization towards Environment**

Build a cohesive bond with nature by respecting natural resources, encouraging eco-friendly practices and creating awareness about sustainable development.

**PO5 - Individuality and Teamwork**

Encourage learners to work independently or in collaboration for achieving effective results through practical experiments, project work and research activities.

**PO6 - Social and Ethical Awareness**

Foster ethical principles which will help in developing rational thinking and becoming socially aware citizens. Build an attitude of unbiased, truthful actions and avoid unethical behaviour in all aspects of life.

**Eligibility:** Passed SYBSc. Botany (Major/Minor)

**Degree Programme:** B.Sc.

**Level:** 5.5

**Duration:** 3 years (Syllabus for Third Year semester V & VI)

**Mode of Conduct:** Offline lectures / online lectures.

**Discipline/Subject:** Botany

**Specific Programme:** B.Sc. BOTANY

**Qualification Title:** UG certificate

Discipline/Subject: **BOTANY**

**Program Specific Outcomes**

1.	To illustrate skills of identification and classification of different plants and gain a comprehensive understanding about their diversity, structure, function, ecology and economic or therapeutic importance.	L1
2.	To interpret the results of practical problems in areas such as plant identification, cultivation, conservation, and ecosystem management.	L2
3.	To apply laboratory techniques, critical thinking, scientific reasoning and analytical and entrepreneur skills through practical sessions.	L3
4.	To critically assess plant-related data and research findings to address challenges in agriculture, horticulture, ethno-botany, ethno-vetirinary, forestry, pharmaceutical industry and environmental conservation.	L4
5.	To design and conduct experiments in plant sciences, including tissue culture, genetic studies and ecological surveys, to generate innovative solutions.	L5
6.	To build a strong foundation to pursue higher studies in botany and related disciplines or enter professional fields such as teaching, research, horticulture, environmental management or industry.	L6

<b>Specific Programme: T.Y.B.Sc. (Botany -Major/ Minor)</b>		
Assessment: Weightage for assessments (in percentage) For Major and Minor		
Type of Course	Formative Assessment / IA	Summative Assessment
Theory	40%	60%

**Curriculum Structure for the Undergraduate degree  
Programme T.Y.B.Sc Botany**

	<b>SEMESTER – V</b>		
<b>Course Code</b>	<b>Major Course Title</b>	<b>No. of Lectures in hrs</b>	<b>Credits</b>
<b>25BUBO5T01</b>	Plant Diversity-III	30	2
<b>25BUBO5T02</b>	Plant Diversity-IV	30	2
<b>25BUBO5T03</b>	Form and Functions- III	30	2
<b>25BUBO5P01</b>	Practical based on <b>25BUBO5T01</b> and <b>25BUBO5T02</b>	60	2
<b>25BUBO5P02</b>	Practical based on <b>25BUBO5T01</b> and <b>25BUBO5T02</b>	60	2
<b>25BUBO5P03</b>	Practical based on <b>25BUBO5T03</b>	60	2
	<b>Total</b>	<b>270</b>	<b>12</b>
<b>Course Code</b>	<b>Discipline-Specific Elective Courses</b>	<b>No. of Lectures in hrs</b>	<b>Credits</b>
<b>25BUBO5TE1</b>	Instrumentation	30	2
<b>25BUBO5PE1</b>	Practical based on <b>25BUBO5TE1</b>	60	2
<b>25BUBO5TE2</b>	Botanical Aroma Science	30	2
<b>25BUBO5PE2</b>	Practical based on <b>25BUBO5TE2</b>	<b>60</b>	2
	<b>Total</b>	<b>90</b>	<b>4</b>
	<b>Vocational Skill Enhancement Course</b>		
<b>25BU5VSC01</b>	Essential Nutrients	45	2
	<b>Total</b>	<b>90</b>	<b>4</b>
	<b>Minor</b>		
<b>25BUBO5TMN</b>	Instrumentation	30	2
<b>25BUBO5OJT</b>	On Job Training in Botany I	60	2
	<b>Total</b>	<b>480</b>	<b>22</b>

	<b>SEMESTER – VI</b>		
<b>Course Code</b>	<b>Major Course Title</b>	<b>No of Lectures in hrs</b>	<b>Credits</b>
<b>25BUBO6T01</b>	Plant Diversity-V	30	2
<b>25BUBO6T02</b>	Plant Diversity-VI	30	2
<b>25BUBO6T03</b>	Form and Functions- IV	30	2
<b>25BUBO6IKS</b>	Indigenous Remedies for Humans and Animals	30	2
<b>25BUBO6P01</b>	Practicals based on <b>25BUBO6T01</b> and <b>25BUBO6T02</b>	60	2
<b>25BUBO6P02</b>	Practicals based on <b>25BUBO6T01</b> and <b>25BUBO6T02</b>	60	2
<b>25BUBO6P03</b>	Practicals based on <b>25BUBO6T03</b> and <b>25BUBO6IKS</b>	60	2
	<b>Total</b>	<b>300</b>	<b>14</b>
	<b>Discipline Specific Elective Courses</b>		
<b>25BUBO6TE1</b>	Sustainable Solutions and Cosmetology	30	02
<b>25BUBO6PE1</b>	Practical based on 25BUBO6TE1	30	02
<b>25BUBO6TE2</b>	Pollution Science	30	2
<b>25BUBO6PE2</b>	Practical based on 25BUBO6TE2	30	2
	<b>Total</b>	<b>90</b>	<b>14</b>
	<b>Vocational Skill Enhancement Course</b>		
<b>25BU6VSC01</b>	Agrotourism	45	2
	<b>Total</b>	<b>45</b>	<b>2</b>
<b>25BUBO6OJT</b>	On Job Training in Botany II	<b>60</b>	<b>2</b>
	<b>Total</b>	<b>495</b>	<b>22</b>

## Semester - V

<b>MAJOR COURSE CODE:</b> <b>25BUBO5T01</b>		<b>(02 Credits)</b>			<b>No of lecture in</b> <b>Hrs. 30</b>	
<b>Plant Diversity-III</b>						
<b>COURSE OUTCOME</b>						
Students will be able to learn OR on completion of this course, students will be able to learn:						
CO1	Compare different microbes, different sterilization techniques, media, staining methods and pure cultures used in study of microbes and describe their history and importance.					L2
CO2	Apply knowledge to distinguish algae from Rhodophyta and Xanthophyta considering their morphological and reproductive structures and describe contribution of pioneers, ecological , economical importance of algae.					L3
CO3	Classify Basidiomycetes and Deuteromycetes considering given examples					L3
CO4	Distinguish between different plant diseases and give their control measures					L4
<b>Grading will be as 3: High(&gt;60%), 2: Moderate(40%-60%), 1: Low(&lt;40%), 0: No mapping</b>						
	<b>PO 1</b>	<b>PO 2</b>	<b>PO 3</b>	<b>PO 4</b>	<b>PO 5</b>	<b>PO 6</b>
<b>CO 1</b>	3	0	0	2	2	2
<b>CO 2</b>	3	1	0	2	2	1
<b>CO 3</b>	3	1	0	2	2	1
<b>CO4</b>	3	1	0	2	2	2
<b>Unit</b>	<b>Description</b>					<b>No. of Hours.</b>
<b>I</b>	<b>Microbiology and Algae (Phycology):</b> <b>Microbiology :</b> Importance of microorganisms in nature and human life. Brief history of microbiology <b>Types of Microbes:</b> Bacteria Structure and examples (e.g., <i>E. coli</i> , <i>Lactobacillus</i> ); Algae- Examples (e.g., <i>Chlorella</i> , <i>Spirulina</i> ) Fungi Examples (e.g., Yeast, mold), Viruses- Structure and examples (e.g., Flu virus, HIV); Microbes; Protozoa: Examples (e.g. <i>Amoeba</i> , <i>Paramecium</i> ); Protozoa: Examples (e.g., <i>Mycoplasma pneumoniae</i> ), Actinomycetes: Examples (e.g., <i>Streptomyces</i> ). <b>Sterilization Techniques</b> - (heat, filtration, chemicals), <b>Media preparation, Deculturing Microbes</b> <b>Staining Techniques</b> - Simple staining vs. Gram staining. <b>Pure Cultures</b> - Isolation Techniques-. Methods (streak plate, pour plate,) Growth curve and applications of microbiology  <b>Algae (Phycology):</b> Division Rhodophyta and Xanthophyta w.r.t. Classification, General Characters of Algae, Distribution, cell structure,					<b>15</b>

	<p>pigments, reserve food, range of thallus, reproduction (asexual and sexual), alternation of generations, and economic importance. Structure, life cycle, and systematic position of <i>Batrachospermum</i>.</p> <p><b>Contributions</b> made by Prof. Mandayam Osuri Parthasarthy Iyengar. Algae in forensic (crime) investigation, Role of algae in aquaculture. Bioluminescence in dinoflagellates. Ecological importance of seaweeds. Edible algae and superfoods. Economic importance of algae</p>	
II	<p align="center"><b>Fungi (Mycology) &amp; Plant Pathology</b></p> <p><b>Mycology:</b> Classification and General Characteristics: Basidiomycetes and Deuteromycetes, life cycle, and systematic position of <i>Puccinia</i> and <i>Agaricus</i>.</p> <p><b>Plant Pathology:</b> Study of plant diseases: Causative organism, symptoms, predisposing factors, disease cycle and control measures Tikka disease of Ground nut: <i>Cercospora</i>, Ergot of Bajra – <i>Xanthomonas</i> sp and Leaf curl – leaf curl virus</p> <p><b>Contemporary Issues:</b> Expert lectures, YouTube Videos, Animations, NPTEL, MOOC videos, and online seminars –webinars for strengthening the subject matters.</p> <p><b>Self-study:</b> Self Notes preparation using the departmental library, College Library</p> <p><b>Pedagogy:</b> Seminar, Quiz, Debate</p> <p><b>Regional Language:</b> Experiment discussion, doubt session.</p>	

MAJOR COURSE CODE:25BUBO5T02		(02 Credits)			No of lecture in Hrs. 30	
Plant Diversity-IV						
COURSE OUTCOME						
Students will be able to learn OR on completion of this course, students will be able to learn:						
CO1	Explain Bentham and Hooker’s system of classification of flowering plants and identify key morphological features, economic importance of prescribed families.					L2
CO2	Describe the objective, scope and use of plants used in medicine, traditional ceremonies and festivals, with special reference to wild edible plants					L4
CO3	Explain the causes and types of anomalous secondary growth in selected dicot and monocot stems and differentiate between types of stomata based on their structural features.					L3
CO4	Identify the poisonous plants based on their morphological and analyze the nature and impact of toxic substances found in them.					L6
Grading will be as 3: High(>60%), 2: Moderate(40%-60%), 1: Low(<40%), 0: No mapping						
	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6
CO 1	3	1	0	2	2	2
CO 2	3	1	0	2	2	2

<b>CO 3</b>	3	1	0	1	2	2
<b>CO 4</b>	3	1	0	2	2	2
<b>Unit</b>	<b>Description</b>					<b>No. of Hours.</b>
<b>I</b>	<p><b>Angiosperms-I:</b> Bentham and Hooker's system of classification for flowering plants up to family concerning the following the prescribed families' morphological, diagnostic, and economic importance for members <b>Cappriadaceae, Tiliaceae, Rubiaceae, Solanaceae, Cucurbitaceae, Poaceae</b></p> <p><b>Wild Edible Vegetables and Religious plants:</b> Introduction, objective and scope of plants used in religious ceremony and festivals and medicinal importance of wild vegetable plants e.g. Bharangi, Takala, Kurdu, Bamboo, Shevala, Kartoli, Raan alu, Korla, Jangli tur, gabholi, Ambada, Kamal, Aghada, Karvanda, Ghol, Hatga and Traditional recipes</p>					<b>15</b>
<b>II</b>	<p align="center"><b>Plant Anatomy and Toxic Plants</b></p> <p><b>Plant Anatomy:</b> Causes of Anomalous Secondary Growth. Anomalous secondary growth in the stems of <i>Salvadora, Mirabilis, Achyranthes, and Dracaena</i> and storage roots of Radish and Beet.</p> <p><b>Types of Stomata:</b> Anomocytic, Anisocytic, Diacytic, Paracytic, and Gramineaceous</p> <p><b>Poisonous (toxic) plants:</b> Morphology and toxic substances in plants: Bead Vine, Heart of Jesus, Giant Milkweed, Dumbcane, Rubber tree, Climbing Lily, Fishtail Palm, Scorpion's Tail, Periwinkle, Lantana, Congress grass, Yellow Oleander</p> <p><b>Contemporary Issues:</b> Expert lectures, YouTube Videos, Animations, NPTEL, MOOC videos, and online seminars –webinars for strengthening the subject matters.</p> <p><b>Self-study:</b> Self Notes preparation using the departmental library, College Library</p> <p><b>Pedagogy:</b> Seminar, Quiz, Debate</p> <p><b>Regional Language:</b> Experiment discussion, doubt session.</p>					<b>15</b>

<b>MAJOR COURSE CODE: 25BUBO5T03</b>	<b>(02 Credits)</b>	<b>No of lecture in Hrs. 30</b>
<b>Form and Functions- III</b>		
<b>COURSE OUTCOME</b>		
Students will be able to learn OR on completion of this course, students will be able to learn:		

CO 1	Interpret and apply knowledge of important mechanisms and techniques in molecular biology	L2 & L3
CO 2	Distinguish between different processes in water/ solute transport and apply knowledge of macro/ micronutrients in plant nutrition.	L3 & L4
CO 3	Summarize the concept, significance and different methods Bioaccumulation, Biomagnification, Bioremediation and phytoremediation	L2
CO 4	Discuss the technique and uses of Plant cell suspension, Somatic embryogenesis and Somatic hybridization with appropriate examples.	L2

**Grading will be as 3: High(>60%), 2: Moderate(40%-60%), 1: Low(<40%), 0: No mapping**

	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6
CO 1	3	1	0	2	2	2
CO 2	3	1	0	2	2	2
CO 3	3	1	0	3	2	2
CO 4	3	1	0	2	2	2

Unit	Description	
<b>I</b>	<p align="center"><b>Molecular Biology &amp; Plant Physiology</b></p> <p><b>Molecular Biology</b> characteristics of the genetic code, RNA processing (5'Cap, Poly A tail &amp; Splicing), Translation in Prokaryotes. DNA sequence analysis I – Sanger's method, Pyro Sequencing. Polymerase Chain Reaction (PCR), Gene regulation - Concept of Operon, Lac operon and Trp Operon Mechanisms</p> <p><b>Plant Physiology</b> Water relations: Osmosis, Transpiration, Imbibition Solute transport: Passive transport (Simple Diffusion, Facilitated Diffusion), Active transport (Primary and secondary) Transport of ions across the cell (voltage-gated, ligand-gated channels). Mineral Nutrition: Essential elements, Role of Macro (N, P, K, Ca, Fe and Mg) and Micro (Mn, B, Cu, Zn, Mo and Se) nutrients w.r.t physiological functions and deficiency symptoms</p>	<b>15</b>
<b>II</b>	<p align="center"><b>Environmental Botany and Plant Tissue Culture</b></p> <p>General concept and significance of Bioaccumulation, Biomagnification, <i>Ex-situ</i> and <i>In -situ</i> methods (two) of Bioremediation and phytoremediation Micro-propagation concerning floriculture, e.g., orchids.</p> <p><b>Plant cell suspension</b> cultures for the production of secondary metabolites, with special reference to Shikonin production, stirred tank bioreactor. Somatic embryogenesis (Direct, Indirect), synthetic (artificial) seeds (production and applications), Somatic hybridization (protoplast fusion, hybrid and cybrid)</p> <p><b>Contemporary Issues:</b> Expert lectures, YouTube Videos, Animations, NPTEL, MOOC videos, and online seminars –webinars for strengthening</p>	<b>15</b>

	the subject matters. <b>Self-study:</b> Self Notes preparation using the departmental library, College Library <b>Pedagogy:</b> Seminar, Quiz, Debate <b>Regional Language:</b> Experiment discussion, doubt session.	
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MAJOR COURSE CODE:25BUBO5P01		(02 Credits)			No of lecture in Hrs. 60	
Practical based on 25BUBO5T01 and 25BUBO5T02						
COURSE OUTCOME						
Students will be able to learn OR on completion of this course, students will be able to learn:						
CO 1	Test different methods to observe microbes using varieties of stains and study their growth patterns					L2
CO 2	Select appropriate methods to study aeromicrobiota and physiological processes in microbes.					L2
CO 3	Distinguish algae and fungi by observing their life stages.					L4
CO 4	Report all the observations, results and conclusions about the diversity of plants.					L3
Grading will be as 3: High(>60%), 2: Moderate(40%-60%), 1: Low(<40%), 0: No mapping						
	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6
CO 1	3	1	0	2	3	2
CO 2	3	1	0	2	3	2
CO 3	3	1	0	2	2	2
CO 4	1	3	0	2	2	2
	Name of the experiment					
1.	Introduction to stains, mordents, simple and differential staining techniques					
2.	Determination of Minimum Inhibitory Concentration (MIC) of sucrose against selected microorganism					
3.	Study of antimicrobial activity by the disc diffusion method					
4.	Study of aeromicrobiota by petriplate exposed method: Fungal culture					
5.	Study of aeromicrobiota by petriplate exposed method: Bacterial culture					
6.	To study alcoholic fermentation of sugar by microorganisms and anaerobic respiration. (Demonstration - Kuhn's tube)					
7.	Study of the Curd organism using Gram's staining					
8.	Structure, life cycle, and systematic position of <i>Batrachospermum</i>					
9.	Structure, life cycle, and systematic position of <i>Vaucheria</i>					

10.	Structure, life cycle, and systematic position of <i>Pinnularia</i>
11.	Structure, life cycle, and systematic position of <i>Agaricus</i>
12.	Structure, life cycle, and systematic position of <i>Puccinia</i>

MAJOR COURSE CODE:25BUBO5P02		(02 Credits)			No of lecture in Hrs. 30	
Practical based on 25BUBO5T01 and 25BUBO5T02						
COURSE OUTCOME						
Students will be able to learn OR on completion of this course, students will be able to learn:						
CO 1	Dissect plant parts of angiospermic plants and observe their morphology					L4
CO 2	Identify wild vegetables, toxic plants, stomata and anomalous secondary growth in plants using laboratory techniques					L2
CO 3	Summarize plant diseases, mycoses in man and animal					L5
CO 4	Record results, observations and inferences					L3
Grading will be as 3: High(>60%), 2: Moderate(40%-60%), 1: Low(<40%), 0: No mapping						
	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6
CO 1	3	1	0	2	2	1
CO 2	3	1	0	2	2	1
CO 3	3	1	0	3	2	1
CO 4	3	3	0	1	1	1
	Name of the experiment					
1.	Morphological, diagnostic, and economic importance for members of the family Capparidaceae					
2.	Morphological, diagnostic, and economic importance for members of the family Cucurbitaceae					
3.	Morphological, diagnostic, and economic importance for members of the family Rubiaceae.					
4.	Morphological, diagnostic, and economic importance for members of the family Solanaceae					
5.	Morphological, diagnostic, and economic importance for members of the family Tiliaceae					
6.	Morphological, diagnostic, and economic importance for members of the family Poaceae					
7.	Identification of wild vegetables					
8.	Identification of toxic plants					

9.	Identification of types of stomata
10.	Study of anomalous secondary growth
11.	Study of different Mycoses of man and animals (5 as per theory)
12.	Study of plant diseases: Causative organism, symptoms, predisposing factors, disease cycle and control measures Tikka disease of Ground nut: Cercospora
13.	Study of plant diseases: Causative organism, symptoms, predisposing factors, disease cycle, and control measures Ergot of Bajra—Xanthomonas sp
14.	Study of plant diseases: Causative organism, symptoms, predisposing factors, disease cycle, and control measures. Leaf curl – leaf curl virus

MAJOR COURSE CODE:25BUBO5P03		(02 Credits)			No of lecture in Hrs. 60	
Practicals Based on 25BUBO5T03						
COURSE OUTCOME						
Students will be able to learn OR on completion of this course, students will be able to learn:						
CO 1	Analyze RNA processing and DNA sequencing using different methods					L4
CO 2	Estimate the mineral content from the plants and water quality parameters from the water samples					L2
CO 3	Identify, Demonstrate different techniques in physiology, molecular biology and plant tissue culture					L2
CO 4	Compile all the observations, results and inferences					L6
Grading will be as 3: High(>60%), 2: Moderate(40%-60%), 1: Low(<40%), 0: No mapping						
	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6
CO 1	3	1	1	1	1	1
CO 2	3	1	0	1	1	1
CO 3	3	1	0	1	1	1
CO 4	2	1	0	0	1	1
	Name of the experiment					
1.	Predicting the sequence of amino acids in the polypeptide chain that will be formed following translation (Eukaryotic)					
2.	DNA sequencing by Sanger’s Method					
3.	DNA sequencing by Pyro Sequencing Method					
4.	Demonstration of PCR					

5.	Estimation of Phosphate phosphorus (Plant acid extract - 3 Tube Method)
6.	Estimation of Iron (Plant acid extract - 3 Tube Method)
7.	Estimation of Calcium and Magnesium (Titrimetric Method)
8.	Determine the rate of transpiration under different conditions of Sunlight, Shade and Wind
9.	Estimation of the acidity of the given water sample
10.	Estimation of the alkalinity of the given water sample
11.	Estimation of Dissolved oxygen demand in the given water sample
12.	Estimation of Biological Oxygen Demand in the given water sample
13.	Estimation of Hardness in the given water sample.
14.	Identification – Hairy root culture, somatic embryogenesis, Stirred Tank Bioreactor, Hybrid-Cybrid flowchart
15.	Preparation of artificial seed using an axillary bud

<b>COURSE CODE: 25BUBO5TE1</b>		<b>(02 Credits)</b>				<b>No of lecture in Hrs. 30</b>
<b>Instrumentation</b>						
<b>COURSE OUTCOME</b>						
Students will be able to learn OR on completion of this course, students will be able to learn:						
CO1	Acquire knowledge to study technique and working principles of microtomy and microscopy					L3
CO2	Summarize the techniques and working principle of Colorimeter, Spectrophotometer, Centrifuge and Sonicator					L3
CO3	Outline construction, working principle and applications of Paper chromatography, TLC and HPTLC					L4
CO4	Distinguish between column, ion exchange, molecular sieve, Adsorption chromatography and gel electrophoresis considering their working principles.					L5
<b>Grading will be as 3: High(&gt;60%), 2: Moderate(40%-60%), 1: Low(&lt;40%), 0: No mapping</b>						
	<b>PO 1</b>	<b>PO 2</b>	<b>PO 3</b>	<b>PO 4</b>	<b>PO 5</b>	<b>PO 6</b>
<b>CO 1</b>	3	2	1	0	2	1
<b>CO 2</b>	3	1	1	0	2	1
<b>CO 3</b>	3	1	0	0	1	2
<b>CO4</b>	3	2	0	0	1	2

Unit	Description	No. of Hours.
I	<b>Microscopy, Microtomy and Colorimetry-Spectrophotometry</b> Construction, working principle and applications of Compound Microscope, Transmission Electron Microscope (TEM), Scanning Electron Microscope (SEM), Microtome, Colorimeter, Spectrophotometer, Centrifuge and Uses of Sonicator	15
II	<b>Chromatography &amp; Electrophoresis</b> Construction, working principle and applications of Paper chromatography (PC), Thin Layer Chromatography (TLC), HPTLC, Column Chromatography (Adsorption chromatography, ion exchange chromatography, molecular sieve chromatography), gel electrophoresis.  Contemporary Issues: Expert lectures, YouTube Videos, Animations, NPTEL, MOOC videos, and online seminars –webinars for strengthening the subject matters. Self-study: Self Notes preparation using the departmental library, College Library Pedagogy: Seminar, Quiz, Debate Regional Language: Experiment discussion, doubt session	15

<b>MAJOR COURSE CODE:</b> <b>25BUBO5PE1</b>		<b>(02 Credits)</b>			<b>No of lecture in Hrs. 30</b>	
<b>Practical based on 25BUBO5TE1</b>						
<b>COURSE OUTCOME</b>						
Students will be able to learn OR on completion of this course, students will be able to learn:						
CO 1	Demonstrate the working of basic and advance laboratory instruments (as in theory)					L3
CO 2	Experiment to verify Beer Lambert’s Law, pH of the different samples, types of Buffers, Normality and Molarity solutions.					L3
CO 3	Adapt Paper chromatography, TLC and RFLP techniques to study the samples					L6
CO 4	Compile all the observations, results and inferences					L6
<b>Grading will be as 3: High(&gt;60%), 2: Moderate(40%-60%), 1: Low(&lt;40%), 0: No mapping</b>						
	<b>PO 1</b>	<b>PO 2</b>	<b>PO 3</b>	<b>PO 4</b>	<b>PO 5</b>	<b>PO 6</b>
<b>CO 1</b>	3	1	1	0	1	1
<b>CO 2</b>	3	1	1	2	2	2
<b>CO 3</b>	3	1	0	1	1	1
<b>CO 4</b>	3	1	0	1	1	0

	Name of the experiment
1.	Handling of Glassware and instruments
2.	Study of Compound Microscope with the help of permanent slides.
3.	Study of Transmission Electron Microscope (TEM), Scanning Electron Microscope (SEM)
4.	Study of Microtome (Demonstration)
5.	Study of Beer Lambert's Law (Lambda-max determination)
6.	Verification of Beer Lambert's Law by Standard graph
7.	Determination pH using different solutions (pH Strip Method)
8.	Preparation of specified molar, normal and stock solutions
9.	Study of Buffer solutions (Acetate, Phosphate and Tris Buffer)
10.	Study of working of Colorimeter, Spectrophotometer, Centrifuge and Sonicator (Demonstration)
11.	Paper chromatography of amino acids by strip method
12.	TLC of fatty acids
13.	Experiment based on separation of dyes/ plant pigments using silica gel column (Demonstration)
14.	Study of Electrophoretic instruments
15.	Study of Restriction Fragment Length Polymorphism (RFLP) with the help of problems.

<b>COURSE CODE:</b> <b>25BUBO5TE2</b>	<b>(01 Credits)</b>	<b>No of lecture in Hrs. 15</b>
<b>Botanical Aroma Science</b>		
<b>COURSE OUTCOME</b>		
Students will be able to learn OR on completion of this course, students will be able to learn:		
CO1	Describe history, importance of natural fragrances and their sources, extraction techniques and uses of essential oils	L2
CO2	Choose appropriate method for floral distillation, making attar, blend perfumes and make agarbatti	L3
CO3	Collect relevant information, procedures and techniques to make natural scented candles, air fresheners, bath and skin care products	L3
CO4	Explain sustainability and eco friendly practices to design, packaging, branding the products and methods and techniques of marketing	L4
<b>Grading will be as 3: High(&gt;60%), 2: Moderate(40%-60%), 1: Low(&lt;40%), 0: No mapping</b>		

	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6
CO 1	3	1	0	2	1	2
CO 2	3	1	0	1	1	2
CO 3	3	1	1	2	2	2
CO4	3	1	0	2	2	2
Unit	Description					No. of Hours.
I	<b>Botanical origin</b> <b>Introduction to Natural Fragrances</b> – History, importance, and market demand. <b>Essential Oils &amp; Their Sources</b> – Plants used in attar, perfume, and incense. <b>Extraction Techniques</b> – Steam distillation, cold pressing, solvent extraction. <b>Making Rose Water (Gulab Jal) &amp; Floral Distillates</b> – Simple DIY methods. <b>Attar Making</b> – Traditional and modern preparation techniques. <b>Perfume Blending Basics</b> – Top, middle, and base notes in fragrance creation.					15
II	<b>Botanical products</b> <b>Agarbatti &amp; Dhoop Making</b> – Herbal ingredients and preparation. <b>Scented Candles</b> – Infusing natural fragrances into wax. <b>Room Fresheners &amp; Air Purifiers</b> – Making herbal sprays and sachets. <b>Natural Body Oils &amp; Balms</b> – DIY herbal-infused oils for skincare. <b>Scented Soaps &amp; Bath Products</b> – Simple methods of fragrance infusion. <b>Floral Powders &amp; Dry Perfumes</b> – Making traditional fragrant powders. <b>Packaging &amp; Branding</b> – How to create marketable aromatic products. <b>Marketing &amp; Business Opportunities</b> – Selling handmade fragrance products. <b>Sustainability &amp; Eco-friendly Practices</b> – Ethical sourcing and waste management  Contemporary Issues: Expert lectures, YouTube Videos, Animations, NPTEL, MOOC videos, and online seminars –webinars for strengthening the subject matters. Self-study: Self Notes preparation using the departmental library, College Library Pedagogy: Seminar, Quiz, Debate Regional Language: Experiment discussion, doubt session.					15

<b>COURSE CODE:</b>	<b>(01 Credits)</b>	<b>No of lecture in Hrs. 30</b>
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25BUBO5PE2						
Practicals based on 25BUBO5TE2						
COURSE OUTCOME						
Students will be able to learn OR on completion of this course, students will be able to learn:						
CO 1	Use the appropriate methods to extract essential oil and to prepare attar, gulab jal, hair oil, bath powder, candles and incense sticks using natural ingredients.		L3			
CO 2	Prepare dhoop cones, resin incense, natural perfume, room freshener,potpourri, lip balm, floor cleaner, herbal-infused honey,scented handkerchiefs		L6			
CO 3	Adapt eco-friendly, natural methods to develop skin care, body care, air purifying, plant pest resistant products.		L6			
CO 4	Compile all the data related to experiments		L6			
Grading will be as 3: High(>60%), 2: Moderate(40%-60%), 1: Low(<40%), 0: No mapping						
	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6
CO 1	3	1	0	1	2	2
CO 2	3	1	0	1	2	2
CO 3	3	1	0	2	1	2
CO 4	3	1	1	1	1	1
	Name of the experiment					
1.	Essential Oil Extraction & Natural Fragrance Creation					
2.	Cold Press Extraction of Citrus Oils					
3.	Traditional Attar Preparation					
4.	DIY Gulab Jal (Rose Water) Making					
5.	To infuse herbal extracts into oil for hair care.					
6.	To create an herbal bath powder from natural ingredients.					
7.	To make aromatic candles with essential oils.					
8.	To make natural incense sticks at home.					
9.	To recycle flowers into dhoop cones.					
10.	To make natural resin incense for purification.					
11.	To create a natural perfume using essential oils.					
12.	To prepare a chemical-free room freshener.					
13.	To prepare a natural potpourri for home fragrance.					

14.	To prepare a herbal lip balm.
15.	To make a natural floor cleaner.
16.	To make herbal-infused honey.
17.	To make naturally scented handkerchiefs.
18.	To reuse waste flowers for fragrance extraction.
19.	To prepare a natural skin care product by drying and grinding citrus peels.
20.	To create eco-friendly dhoop cones using cow dung and herbal powders.
21.	To make a natural face mask using multani mitti and herbal ingredients.
22.	To create a chemical-free kajal using natural soot and oils.
23	To prepare traditional sindoor using turmeric and lime.
24	To create an organic pesticide using neem, garlic, and chili extracts.

<b>COURSE CODE:</b> <b>25BU5VSC01</b>		<b>(02 Credits)</b>			<b>No of lecture in</b> <b>Hrs. 45</b>	
<b>Essential Nutrients</b>						
<b>COURSE OUTCOME</b>						
Students will be able to learn OR on completion of this course, students will be able to learn:						
CO1	Classify types of Carbohydrates, amino acids and proteins based on their contents, sources and role in human diet					L2
CO2	Apply knowledge to discuss about good fats, bad fats, vitamins and minerals considering their sources,types and functions in human nutrition					L3
CO3	Choose appropriate methods and ingredients to prepare Energy-Boosting Smoothies, Diabetic-Friendly Sweet Dish, Natural Drink, analyse the ingredients of packaged food and estimate vitamins, minerals and secondary metabolites from different plant sources					L6
CO4	Compile all the procedures, methods, techniques, ingredients, observations, results and inferences.					L6
<b>Grading will be as 3: High(&gt;60%), 2: Moderate(40%-60%), 1: Low(&lt;40%), 0: No mapping</b>						
	<b>PO 1</b>	<b>PO 2</b>	<b>PO 3</b>	<b>PO 4</b>	<b>PO 5</b>	<b>PO 6</b>
<b>CO 1</b>	3	1	0	1	1	0
<b>CO 2</b>	3	1	0	1	1	0
<b>CO 3</b>	3	1	0	1	1	1
<b>CO4</b>	3	1	1	1	1	1

Unit	Description	No. of Hours.
I	<p align="center"><b>Nutrients I</b></p> <p><b>Introduction to Nutrients:</b> Macronutrients &amp; Micronutrients, Importance in daily diet and common deficiencies (Fe, Protein, Vitamins), Plants and Animal based nutrient sources</p> <p><b>Carbohydrates:</b> Simple vs. Complex carbohydrates, Energy production and plant sources</p> <p><b>Proteins &amp; Amino Acids:</b> Plant-based: Pulses, Soy Animal-based: Eggs, Dairy, Fish, Fats &amp; Omega-3 Fatty Acids, Protein supplements (Artificial vs. natural)</p> <p><b>Good fats vs. bad fats</b>—sources: Nuts, Flaxseeds, Fish oil, Fat-Soluble Vitamins (A, D, E, K), Functions and dietary sources</p> <p><b>Water-Soluble Vitamins:</b> (B-complex, C, Biotin), Role in skin, hair, and metabolism</p> <p><b>Major Minerals:</b> Calcium, Iron, Zinc, Magnesium, Selenium, Cobalt, Molybdenum, Phosphorus, Sources (Plant and Animal Origin) and health benefits</p>	15
	<p>Contemporary Issues: Expert lectures, YouTube Videos, Animations, NPTEL, MOOC videos, and online seminars –webinars for strengthening the subject matters.</p> <p>Self-study: Self Notes preparation using the departmental library, College Library</p> <p>Pedagogy: Seminar, Quiz, Debate</p> <p>Regional Language: Experiment discussion, doubt session.</p>	

<b>VSEC COURSE CODE:25BU5VSC01</b>	<b>(02 Credits)</b>	<b>No of lecture in Hrs. 30</b>
<b>Practicals based on 25BU5VSC01</b>		
<b>COURSE OUTCOME</b>		
	<b>Name of the experiment</b>	
1.	Identifying Nutrients in Common Foods – Simple lab tests for proteins, carbohydrates, and fats.	
2.	Vitamin C Estimation – Lemon and guava juice using iodine titration	
3.	Iron Content Detection – Spinach, jaggery using color reaction tests	
4.	Extraction of Flavonoids – From tea leaves or citrus peels	
5.	Simple Cooking Experiment – Retaining nutrients (boiling vs. steaming) while cooking	
6.	Probiotic Fermentation – Making homemade curd or fermented foods	
7.	Extraction of Lycopene from tomatoes using simple solvent methods	
8.	Curcumin Extraction—From turmeric powder.	

9.	Piperine Extraction-Black pepper
10.	Tannin Test—Tea vs. Pomegranate Peel Extraction.
11.	Making Herbal Detox Water—Lemon, mint, Cucumber Infusion
12.	Diet Chart Preparation—For different age groups (children, adults, elderly, and diabetic patients).
13.	Making a Balanced Meal—Cooking with Fibre, Recipe—Using turmeric, black pepper, and Ginger
14.	Making a High-Protein Snack—Sprouts salad, peanut chikki
15.	Preparation of Omega-3 Rich Foods – Foods—Flaxseed chutney, fish recipes.
16.	Homemade Natural Electrolyte Drink – Use coconut water, lemon, and salt.
17.	Food Label Analysis – Understanding packaged food ingredients.
18.	Making a Simple Collagen-Rich Drink—Using Fruit, Seeds, and Gelatin.
19.	Preparation of a High-Iron Meal—Spinach dal, Ragi dosa
20.	Making a Natural Sleep-Enhancing Drink—Warm Turmeric Milk and Chamomile Infusion
21.	Energy-Boosting Smoothies—Peanut butter, banana, dates, and oats
22.	Diabetic-Friendly Sweet Dish—Using Jaggery and Nuts
23	Prepare mint-lemon or cucumber-ginger infused water—observe flavour change after 2 hours.

<b>MINOR COURSE CODE:</b> <b>25BUBO5TMN</b>		<b>(02 Credits)</b>		<b>No of lecture in Hrs. 30</b>		
<b>Instrumentation</b>						
<b>COURSE OUTCOME</b>						
Students will be able to learn OR on completion of this course, students will be able to learn:						
CO1	Acquire knowledge to study technique and working principles of microtomy and microscopy					L3
CO2	Summarize the techniques and working principle of Colorimeter, Spectrophotometer, Centrifuge and Sonicator					L3
CO3	Outline construction, working principle and applications of Paper chromatography, TLC and HPTLC					L6
CO4	Distinguish between column, ion exchange, molecular sieve, Adsorption chromatography and gel electrophoresis considering their working principles.					L6
<b>Grading will be as 3: High(&gt;60%), 2: Moderate(40%-60%), 1: Low(&lt;40%), 0: No mapping</b>						
	<b>PO 1</b>	<b>PO 2</b>	<b>PO 3</b>	<b>PO 4</b>	<b>PO 5</b>	<b>PO 6</b>
<b>CO 1</b>	3	2	1	0	2	2

<b>CO 2</b>	3	2	1	0	2	2
<b>CO 3</b>	3	2	1	0	2	2
<b>CO4</b>	3	2	1	0	2	2
<b>Unit</b>	<b>Description</b>					<b>No. of Hours.</b>
<b>I</b>	<b>Microscopy, Microtomy and Colorimetry-Spectrophotometry</b> Construction, working principle and applications of Compound Microscope, Transmission Electron Microscope (TEM), Scanning Electron Microscope (SEM), Microtome, Colorimeter, Spectrophotometer, Centrifuge Uses of Sonicator					<b>15</b>
<b>II</b>	<b>Chromatography &amp; Electrophoresis</b> Construction, working principle and applications of Paper chromatography (PC), Thin Layer Chromatography (TLC), HPTLC, Column Chromatography (Adsorption chromatography, ion exchange chromatography, molecular sieve chromatography), gel electrophoresis  Contemporary Issues: Expert lectures, YouTube Videos, Animations, NPTEL, MOOC videos, and online seminars –webinars for strengthening the subject matters. Self-study: Self Notes preparation using the departmental library, College Library Pedagogy: Seminar, Quiz, Debate Regional Language: Experiment discussion, doubt session					<b>15</b>

<b>MAJOR COURSE CODE:</b>			<b>(02 Credits)</b>		<b>No of lecture in</b>	
<b>25BUBO5OJT and 25BUBO6OJT</b>					<b>Hrs. 60</b>	
<b>On-Job-Training in Botany I and II</b>						
<b>COURSE OUTCOME</b>						
Students will be able to learn OR on completion of this course, students will be able to learn:						
CO 1	Discover the subject specific or subject related appropriate job					L2
CO 2	Plan for training required for the job and organize the work					L6
CO 3	Apply the knowledge, skills and techniques to complete the job					L3
CO 4	Compile the data					L6
<b>Grading will be as 3: High(&gt;60%), 2: Moderate(40%-60%), 1: Low(&lt;40%), 0: No mapping</b>						
	<b>PO 1</b>	<b>PO 2</b>	<b>PO 3</b>	<b>PO 4</b>	<b>PO 5</b>	<b>PO 6</b>
<b>CO 1</b>	2	2	2	2	2	2
<b>CO 2</b>	2	2	2	2	2	2
<b>CO 3</b>	2	2	2	2	2	2
<b>CO 4</b>	2	2	2	2	2	2

## SEMESTER VI

MAJOR COURSE						
Course code 25BUBO6T01	(02 Credits)	No of lectures in hrs 30				
Plant Diversity- V						
COURSE OUTCOME						
Students will be able to learn OR on completion of this course, students will be able to learn:						
CO 1	Explain the General characters of Class Musci, Lepidophyta, Calamophyta and Pteridophyta.	L2				
CO 2	Discuss the Structure, life cycle, and systematic position of <i>Marchantia</i> , <i>Pellia</i> , <i>Adiantum</i> , <i>Equisetum</i> , and <i>Marselia</i>	L2				
CO 3	Illustrate the general characters and life cycles of <i>Gnetum</i> and <i>Ephedra</i> , and explain the objectives and scope of palaeobotany including its botanical and geological aspects.	L2				
CO 4	Summarize the contribution of Prof.Birbal Sahni, Birbal Sahni, Professor T.S. Mahabale, Dr. Vijay Bedekar in Palaeobotany and Conservation of Museums and Monuments	L2				
Grading will be as 3: High(>60%),2: Moderate(40%-60%),1: Low(<40%), 0:No mapping						
	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6
CO 1	3	0	0	2	2	1
CO 2	3	1	0	2	2	1
CO 3	3	1	0	2	2	1
CO 4	3	0	0	1	1	0

Unit	Description	No. of Hours.
I	<b>Bryophyta &amp; Pteridophyta</b> General characters of Class Musci, Structure, life cycle, and systematic position of <i>Marchantia</i> , <i>Pellia</i> , General characters Lepidophyta and Calamophyta, General characters Pteridophyta, and Life Cycle of <i>Adiantum</i> , <i>Equisetum</i> , and <i>Marselia</i>	15
II	<b>Gymnosperms &amp; Palaeobotany</b> General characters of Gnetophyta, Life Cycle of <i>Gnetum</i> and <i>Ephedra</i> . Palaeobotany: Introduction, objective, and scope of botanical and geological aspects. Detailed study of the fossil forms: <i>Pteridophyta</i> : <i>Lepidodendron</i> ; <b>Gymnosperms</b> : <i>Pentoxylon</i> . Contribution of Prof.Birbal Sahni, Birbal Sahni Institute of Palaeobotany, Lucknow. Contribution of Professor T.S. Mahabale Palaeobotany.BSIP. The Contribution of Dr. Vijay Bedekar in the Conservation of Museums and Monuments <b>Contemporary Issues</b> : Expert lectures, YouTube Videos, Animations, NPTEL, MOOC videos, and online seminars –webinars for strengthening	15

	the subject matters. <b>Self-study:</b> Self Notes preparation using the departmental library, College Library <b>Pedagogy:</b> Seminar, Quiz, Debate <b>Regional Language:</b> Experiment discussion, doubt session.	
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<b>COURSE CODE:</b> <b>25BUBO6T02</b>		<b>(02 Credits)</b>		<b>No of lecture in Hrs. 30</b>		
<b>Plant Diversity- VI</b>						
<b>COURSE OUTCOME</b>						
Students will be able to learn OR on completion of this course, students will be able to learn:						
CO1	Distinguish between dicot families from each other using Bentham and Hooker’s system of classification and based on their economic uses					L4
CO2	Discuss morphological characters of monocot family using Bentham and Hooker’s system of classification and based on their economic uses and religious significance of plants (with respect to source and family)					L2
CO3	Explain the process of plant succession and anatomical and ecological of hydrophytes, xerophytes, mesophytes, epiphytes, halophytes					L2
CO4	Discriminate between processes of Microsporogenesis, Megasporogenesis, types of ovule, process of fertilization, types of embryo sac and types of embryo					L5
<b>Grading will be as 3: High(&gt;60%), 2: Moderate(40%-60%), 1: Low(&lt;40%), 0: No mapping</b>						
	<b>PO 1</b>	<b>PO 2</b>	<b>PO 3</b>	<b>PO 4</b>	<b>PO 5</b>	<b>PO 6</b>
<b>CO 1</b>	3	1	0	1	1	0
<b>CO 2</b>	3	1	0	1	1	0
<b>CO 3</b>	3	1	0	1	1	0
<b>CO4</b>	3	1	0	0	1	0
<b>Unit</b>	<b>Description</b>					<b>No. of Hours.</b>
<b>I</b>	<b>Angiosperms-II &amp; Wild Vegetables</b> Study of Angiosperm families (Bentham and Hooker’s system of classification): Leguminosae (Fabaceae), Combretaceae, Asclepiadaceae, and Labiatae, Monocot Family. For the morphological peculiarities and economic importance of the plants. Source, family and religious significance of plants: Durga Puja (7 millets), (Apta) Dasera, Diwali (Tagetus), Holy (Palas, Mango, Fig, Amaltas), Gudipadava (Neem), Makarsankrati (Sesame), Mahashivratri (Bel), Janmasthami (Drumsticks), Christmas (Aurocaria), Ganesh Chaturthi (Shami, Durva).					<b>15</b>

II	<p style="text-align: center;"><b>Ecological Plant Anatomy &amp; Embryology</b></p> <p><b>Hydrophytes:</b> submerged, floating, Mesophytes, Epiphytes, Xerophytes, Halophytes</p> <p><b>Plant succession:</b> Concept, general process, significance and types (Xerosere and Hydrosere)</p> <p><b>Embryology</b> Microsporogenesis, Megaspороgenesis - Development of monosporic type—examples of all embryo sacs. Types of ovules, Double fertilization and its significance, Development of Dicot embryo—<i>Capsella</i></p> <p>Contemporary Issues: Expert lectures, YouTube Videos, Animations, NPTEL, MOOC videos, and online seminars –webinars for strengthening the subject matters.</p> <p>Self-study: Self Notes preparation using the departmental library, College Library</p> <p>Pedagogy: Seminar, Quiz, Debate</p> <p>Regional Language: Experiment discussion, doubt session.</p>	15
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<b>MAJOR COURSE CODE:</b>				<b>(02 Credits)</b>		<b>No of lecture in</b>	
<b>25BUBO6T03</b>						<b>Hrs. 30</b>	
<b>Form and Functions- IV</b>							
<b>COURSE OUTCOME</b>							
Students will be able to learn OR on completion of this course, students will be able to learn:							
CO1	Explain the types of carbohydrate, lipid, proteins and enzymes						L2
CO2	Analyze the physiological effects of various plant hormones with respect to their commercial applications and enzyme kinetics including enzyme inhibitors						L4
CO3	List the types of mutation and discuss the Ame's test and DNA microarray technique.						L1
CO4	Solve problems based on the student T-test, regression analysis and ANOVA.						L5
<b>Grading will be as 3: High(&gt;60%), 2: Moderate(40%-60%), 1: Low(&lt;40%), 0: No mapping</b>							
	<b>PO 1</b>	<b>PO 2</b>	<b>PO 3</b>	<b>PO 4</b>	<b>PO 5</b>	<b>PO 6</b>	
<b>CO 1</b>	3	1	0	2	2	0	
<b>CO 2</b>	3	1	0	2	2	2	
<b>CO 3</b>	3	1	1	0	1	1	
<b>CO4</b>	3	1	2	1	1	1	
<b>Unit</b>	<b>Description</b>						<b>No. of Hours.</b>
<b>I</b>	<b>Biochemistry &amp; Plant Physiology II</b> Carbohydrates (3 types with examples), lipids (fatty acids and glycerol), proteins (amino acids)						<b>15</b>

	Enzymes: nomenclature, classification, mode of action, enzyme kinetics, Michaelis-Menten equation, competitive, non-competitive, un-competitive and allosteric inhibitors. Physiological effects and commercial applications of Auxins, Gibberellins, Cytokinins and Absciscic acid.	
<b>II</b>	<p align="center"><b>Genetics &amp; Biostatistics</b></p> <p><b>Gene mutations:</b> Definition, types of mutations (substitution mutations: Mis-sense, non-sense, neutral and silent; frameshift mutations: addition and deletion), the Ames test, DNA Microarray</p> <p><b>Test of significance:</b> Student's <i>t</i>-test (paired and Unpaired, Regression analysis and ANOVA (one way))</p> <p><b>Contemporary Issues:</b> Expert lectures, YouTube Videos, Animations, NPTEL, MOOC videos, and online seminars –webinars for strengthening the subject matters.</p> <p><b>Self-study:</b> Self Notes preparation using the departmental library, College Library</p> <p><b>Pedagogy:</b> Seminar, Quiz, Debate</p> <p><b>Regional Language:</b> Experiment discussion, doubt session.</p>	<b>15</b>

MAJOR COURSE CODE: 25BUBO6IKS		(02 Credits)			No of lecture in Hrs. 30	
Indigenous Remedies for Humans and Animals						
COURSE OUTCOME						
Students will be able to learn OR on completion of this course, students will be able to learn:						
CO 1	Describe aim, objective, scope of ethnobotany, role of Vaidyas, tribal medicine, traditional methods of knowledge transmission, methods of surveys, ways of biodiversity conservation					L2
CO 2	Summarize the ethnomedicines for common ailments, uses of plants in agriculture, food, medicine, culture, religious, concept of Tridosha, Panch-mahabhoota, Gandma's Pouch and basic formulations in Ayurveda					L2
CO 3	Explain the basic concept of ethnoveterinary, Role of traditional veterinary practitioners, Traditional methods of treatment, Ethnoveterinary Plants in Maharashtra, Preparation and application, Tribal veterinary practices					L2
CO 4	Appraise the information of Biological source, geographical distribution, common varieties, Macroscopic and microscopic characters, chemical constituents, therapeutic uses, common adulterants of medicinal plants, Basics of pharmacology, Preclinical trials and Clinical trials					L5
Grading will be as 3: High(>60%), 2: Moderate(40%-60%), 1: Low(<40%), 0: No mapping						
	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6

<b>CO 1</b>	3	1	1	2	1	1
<b>CO 2</b>	3	3	1	2	2	1
<b>CO 3</b>	3	1	1	2	1	1
<b>CO 4</b>	3	1	1	1	1	1
<b>Unit</b>	<b>Description</b>					<b>No. of Hours.</b>
<b>I</b>	<p align="center"><b>Ethnobotany and Ayurveda</b></p> <p>Definition, aim, objective, history, and scope of ethnobotany  Role of traditional practitioners: Vaidyas, tribal medicine men/women  Ethnobotanical practices of tribes and rural communities in Thane, Palghar, and Raigad districts (Warli, Katkari, Kokna and Agri) documentation of medicinal, food, and ritual plants.  Traditional methods of knowledge transmission: oral traditions, manuscripts, folklore and field practices (one example)  Sources of ethnobotanical data and methods of study: field surveys and interviews  Biodiversity conservation through traditional knowledge: sacred groves and sustainable harvesting</p> <p><b>Applications:</b>  Ethnomedicines for common ailments (fever, cold, jaundice, wounds-bone fractures, indigestion)  Use of plants in agriculture: pest control, soil fertility and seed preservation  Edible and medicinal plants used in Maharashtra (Bel Fruit, Charoli, Bhokar, Umbar, Phalsa, Dhaman, Kavath, Moh, Bibba, Eliyati Chinch Takala, Kartula, Kokum, Jambhul, Karavand)  Plants used in cultural and religious contexts in Maharashtra (Any five examples): Banana (<i>Musa paradisiaca</i>), Coconut (<i>Cocos nucifera</i>), Tulsi (<i>Ocimum sanctum</i>), Hibiscus rosa-sinensis (Shoe Flower), Bel leaf</p> <p><b>Introduction to Ayurveda:</b> Concept of Tridosha and Panch Mahabhoota, Gandma's Pouch and basic formulations - Swarasa (expressed juice), Kalka (paste), Kwatha (decoction), Hima (cold infusion), Phanta (hot infusion), Asava and Arista (fermented preparations), Avaleha (confection), Vati (tablet/pill), Churna (powder), Taila (medicated oil), Ghrita</p>					<b>15</b>
<b>II</b>	<p><b>Ethno-veterinary Science, Monographs and Pharmacology</b></p> <p>Definition, aim, objective, history, and scope of ethnoveterinary  Role of traditional veterinary practitioners, cattle doctors, and pastoralists  Traditional methods of treatment: decoctions, poultices, fumigation, oil massages, and rituals</p> <p><b>Ethnoveterinary Plants in Maharashtra:</b>  Plants for livestock: Five examples  Plants for poultry and birds: Five examples</p>					<b>15</b>

<p>Plants for pets (dogs and cats): Five examples</p> <p>Preparation and application: decoctions, paste, powder, fresh leaves as fodder.</p> <p>Introduction to Animal Feed Preparation, Importance of nutritious, low-cost, and sustainable feed. Use of agricultural by-products, plants, and safe kitchen/slaughterhouse waste.</p> <p>Tribal veterinary practices: traditional remedies and modern relevance</p> <p><b>Monographs of Crude Drugs:</b></p> <p><b>Monograph Details Covered:</b> Biological source, geographical distribution, common varieties, Macroscopic and microscopic characters, chemical constituents, therapeutic uses, common adulterants of Strychnos seeds (<i>Strychnos nux-vomica</i>), Senna leaves (<i>Cassia angustifolia</i>), Clove buds (<i>Syzygium aromaticum</i>), Garlic (<i>Allium sativum</i>), Acorus calamus (<i>Vekhand</i>) and Turmeric (<i>Curcuma longa</i>)</p> <p><b>Introduction to Pharmacology:</b></p> <p>Basics of pharmacology: pharmacodynamics and pharmacokinetics</p> <p>Preclinical trials: animal studies, toxicity, dose determination</p> <p>Clinical trials: Phase I (safety), Phase II (efficacy), Phase III (large-scale studies &amp; approval)</p>						
<p><b>Contemporary Issues:</b> Expert lectures, YouTube Videos, Animations, NPTEL, MOOC videos, and online seminars –webinars for strengthening the subject matters.</p> <p><b>Self-study:</b> Self Notes preparation using the departmental library, College Library</p> <p><b>Pedagogy:</b> Seminar, Quiz, Debate</p> <p><b>Regional Language:</b> Experiment discussion, doubt session</p>						
<b>MAJOR COURSE CODE:25BUBO6P01</b>		<b>(02 Credits)</b>	<b>No of lecture in Hrs. 30</b>			
<b>Practicals Based on 25BUBO6T01 and 25BUBO6T02</b>						
<b>COURSE OUTCOME</b>						
Students will be able to learn OR on completion of this course, students will be able to learn:						
CO 1	Show different stages of life cycle of Bryophytes and Pteridophytes					L3
CO 2	Describe different stages life cycle of Gymnosperms					L1
CO 3	Explain fossils, sporophyte in Bryophyte, Sori,Soral arrangement in Pteridophytes, economic importance of Bryophytes					L4
CO 4	Record the diversity of plants, their ecological, economic importance					L1
	<b>PO 1</b>	<b>PO 2</b>	<b>PO 3</b>	<b>PO 4</b>	<b>PO 5</b>	<b>PO 6</b>

<b>CO 1</b>	3	1	0	1	1	1
<b>CO 2</b>	3	1	0	1	1	1
<b>CO 3</b>	3	0	0	1	1	0
<b>CO 4</b>	2	0	1	1	1	1
<b>Grading will be as 3: High(&gt;60%), 2: Moderate(40%-60%), 1: Low(&lt;40%), 0: No mapping</b>						
	<b>Name of the experiment</b>					
1.	Study of stages in the life cycle of the following Bryophyta from fresh / preserved material and permanent slides <i>Marchantia</i> , <i>Pelia</i> and <i>Funaria</i>					
2.	Economic importance of Bryophyta					
3.	Types of Sporophytes in Bryophyta (from permanent slides)					
4.	Study of stages in the life cycles of the following Pteridophytes from fresh / preserved material and permanent slides <i>Adiantum</i>					
5.	Study of stages in the life cycles of the following Pteridophytes from fresh / preserved material and permanent slides <i>Marselia</i>					
6.	Study of stages in the life cycles of the following Pteridophytes from fresh / preserved material and permanent slides <i>Lycopodium/Equisetum</i>					
7.	Economic importance of Pteridophyta					
8.	Types of Sori and Soral Arrangement in Pteridophytes					
9.	Study of plant fossils <i>Lepidodendron</i> and <i>Pentoxylon</i>					
10.	Study of stages in the life cycles of the following Gymnosperms from fresh / preserved material and permanent slides <i>Gnetum</i>					
11.	Study of stages in the life cycles of the following Gymnosperms from fresh / preserved material and permanent slides <i>Ephedra</i>					
12	Study of stages in the life cycles of the following Gymnosperms from fresh / preserved material and permanent slides <i>Zamia</i>					

<b>COURSE CODE:25BUBO6P02</b>	<b>(02 Credits)</b>	<b>No of lecture in Hrs. 30</b>
<b>Practicals based on 25BUBO6T01 and 25BUBO6T02</b>		
<b>COURSE OUTCOME</b>		
Students will be able to learn OR on completion of this course, students will be able to learn:		
CO 1	Describe the dicot and monocot families using Benthum and Hooker's system of classification	L2
CO 2	Demonstrate the process of genus species identification, <i>in vivo</i> pollen tube formation	L2
CO 3	Discuss different steps of microsporogenesis, megasporogenesis, mounting of dicot and monocot seeds, importance of plants in religious ceremonies.	L2

CO 4	Report about diversity of the plants, economic and ecological importance					L4
Grading will be as 3: High(>60%), 2: Moderate(40%-60%), 1: Low(<40%), 0: No mapping						
	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6
CO 1	3	1	0	1	1	1
CO 2	3	0	0	1	1	1
CO 3	3	0	1	1	1	1
CO 4	3	0	1	1	1	1
	Name of the experiment					
1.	Study of one plant from each of the following Angiosperm families as per Bentham and Hooker’s system of classification. Morphological peculiarities and economic importance of the members of the above-mentioned Angiosperm families. Monocot Family					
2.	Leguminosae (Fabaceae)					
3.	Combretaceae					
4.	Asclepiadaceae					
5.	Labiateae					
6.	Morphology of Fruits					
7.	Identification of Genus and Species					
8.	Identification of plants used in religious ceremonies					
9.	Mounting of Monocot (Maize) and Dicot (Castor and Gram) embryo					
10.	In vivo growth of pollen tube in Portulaca/Vinca					
11.	Study of various stages of Microsporogenesis, Megasporogenesis and Embryo Development with the help of permanent slides / photomicrographs					

<b>COURSE CODE:</b> <b>25BUBO6P03</b>	<b>(02 Credits)</b>	<b>No of lecture in Hrs. 30</b>
<b>Practical Based on 25BUBO6T03 and 25BUBO6IKS</b>		
<b>COURSE OUTCOME</b>		
Students will be able to learn OR on completion of this course, students will be able to learn:		
CO 1	Examine the reducing sugar, activity of amylase, effect of GA on seed germination with the help proper techniques and methods	L1
CO 2	Distinguish between mutations in DNA and interpret the results of DNA and Protein using Microarrays and Ame's test and biological data using t-test, regression and ANOVA	L2
CO 3	Interpret the results after performing, Macroscopic, Microscopic, Chemical tests for various plants.	L2

CO 4	Compile the data of Ethnobotany, Ethnoveterinary and herbal colours-ayurvedic formulations formed along with relevant methods and results of physiological, biochemical, statistical and molecular biology experiments					L6
Grading will be as 3: High(>60%), 2: Moderate(40%-60%), 1: Low(<40%), 0: No mapping						
	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6
CO 1	3	0	0	1	2	0
CO 2	3	0	1	1	1	0
CO 3	3	0	1	1	1	1
CO 4	3	0	0	2	2	1
	Name of the experiment					
1.	Estimation of reducing sugars by DNSA method					
2.	Effect of temperature on the activity of amylase					
3.	Effect of substrate variation on the activity of amylase					
4.	Effect of GA on seed germination					
5.	Identification of types of mutations from given DNA sequence					
6.	Study of DNA and Protein Microarrays and Ame’s Test					
7.	t-test (paired and unpaired)					
8.	Problems based on regression analysis					
9.	ANOVA					
10.	Study of ethnobotany plants used in agriculture, ethnomedicines, religious festivals. (12 examples)					
11.	Study of ethnoveterinary plants used for livestock, poultry-birds and pets (9 examples)					
12.	Preparation of Herbal Colours using Botanical Sources					
13.	Macroscopic/ Microscopic characters and Chemical tests for active constituents of the <i>Allium sativum</i> , <i>Acorus calamus</i> , <i>Curcuma longa</i>					
14.	Macroscopic/ Microscopic characters and Chemical tests for active constituents of the <i>Senna angustifolia</i> , <i>Strychnos nux-vomica</i> and <i>Eugenia caryophyllata</i>					
15.	Preparation of Ayurvedic formulations - Swarasa, Kalka, Hima, Phanta, Churna.					
16.	Preparation of Ethnobotanical collection of data through Questionnaire.					

MAJOR COURSE CODE:		(02 Credits)	No of lecture in
25BUBO6TE1			Hrs. 30
Sustainable Solutions & Cosmetology			
COURSE OUTCOME			
Students will be able to learn OR on completion of this course, students will be able to learn:			
CO1	Explain levels, importance, threats, status of biodiversity, methods of		L4

	conservation					
CO2	Discuss different Eco-Friendly energies and SDGs					L2
CO3	Summarize about standardization of herbal cosmetics and Drug and Cosmetic Act 1940					L5
CO4	Describe the applications of herbal cosmetics					L1
Grading will be as 3: High(>60%), 2: Moderate(40%-60%), 1: Low(<40%), 0: No mapping						
	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6
CO 1	3	0	1	2	2	1
CO 2	3	0	0	2	2	1
CO 3	3	0	0	2	2	2
CO4	2	0	0	2	2	2
Unit	Description					No. of Hours.
I	<b>Sustainable Solutions</b> <b>Biodiversity Conservation:</b> Biodiversity levels, importance, threats, status of biodiversity in the world and India, methods of conservation of biodiversity. <b>SDGs:</b> Concept, pillar and importance of sustainable development, Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs), Eco-friendly practices <b>Eco-Friendly energies:</b> Geothermal, Wind, Solar and Hydroelectric energy, Concept of ESIA (Environment-Social Impact Assessment) and its applications					15
II	<b>Cosmetology</b> <b>Cosmetology:</b> Current status of herbal cosmetics industry in India, collection and processing of herbal drugs, natural and artificial drying of plant materials, physical and chemical methods of standardization, qualitative and quantitative estimations of phytoconstituents, Drug and Cosmetic Act 1940 <b>Applications</b> of herbs in the following herbal cosmetics: herbal shampoo, herbal hair dye, herbal hair oil, herbal hair cream, herbal hair gel, herbal face mask, and herbal bath oil. <b>Contemporary Issues:</b> Expert lectures, YouTube Videos, Animations, NPTEL, MOOC videos, and online seminars –webinars for strengthening the subject matters. <b>Self-study:</b> Self Notes preparation using the departmental library, College Library <b>Pedagogy:</b> Seminar, Quiz, Debate <b>Regional Language:</b> Experiment discussion, doubt session.					15

<b>MAJOR COURSE CODE:</b> <b>25BUBO6PE1</b>	<b>(02 Credits)</b>	<b>No of lecture in Hrs.</b> <b>30</b>
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## Practicals Based on 25BUBO6TE1

### COURSE OUTCOME

Students will be able to learn OR on completion of this course, students will be able to learn:

CO 1	Examine the herbal ingredient in products by microscopy, chemical and physico-chemical testing.	L4
CO 2	Solve the problems based on simpson diversity index and select quadrat method to study plant diversity	L3
CO 3	Demonstrate preparation of the compost and herbal products	L2
CO 4	Compile the data of national park, wildlife sanctuary, sacred groves, Ramsar sites, eco friendly energy and energy devices, Sustainable Development Goals and all relevant experiments enlisted in the practicals.	L6

**Grading will be as 3: High(>60%), 2: Moderate(40%-60%), 1: Low(<40%), 0: No mapping**

	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6
CO 1	3	0	0	2	2	1
CO 2	3	0	0	2	2	0
CO 3	3	0	0	2	2	1
CO 4	3	0	1	1	2	2

	Name of the experiment
1.	Study of Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs)
2.	Preparation of compost from kitchen waste (Demonstration)
3.	Study of ecofriendly energy and energy devices (Solar Cooker, Solar water heaters, wind mills, geothermal energy and green vehicles)
4.	National park and wildlife sanctuary (1 example each)
5.	Case Study of sacred groves and Ramsar sites. (1 example each)
6.	Study of biodiversity by list quadrat
7.	Determination of simpson diversity index
8.	Identification tests of herbal ingredients - Tannins, Alkaloids, Glycosides, Essential oils, Flavonoids
9.	Determination of Stomatal index from suitable material.
10.	Determination of Total Ash value from suitable herbal powder.
11.	Determination of water extractive value of suitable herbal drug.
12.	Preparation of herbal hair shampoo and hair pack.
13.	Preparation of herbal face pack for different skin types.
14.	Preparation of herbal hair colour and ayurvedic anjan (kajal).

15.	Demonstration of herbal hair oil and aloe vera gel preparation.
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<b>MAJOR COURSE CODE:</b> <b>25BUBO6TE2</b>		<b>(02 Credits)</b>				<b>No of lecture in</b> <b>Hrs. 30</b>	
<b>Pollution Science</b>							
<b>COURSE OUTCOME</b>							
Students will be able to learn OR on completion of this course, students will be able to learn:							
CO1	Outline the types of pollutions						L2
CO2	Summarize the types of pollutants, their sources and their effects						L2
CO3	Explain Sources and Effects of soil pollution						L2
CO4	Discuss the Control measures/ Alternatives of soil pollution						L2
<b>Grading will be as 3: High(&gt;60%), 2: Moderate(40%-60%), 1: Low(&lt;40%), 0: No mapping</b>							
	<b>PO 1</b>	<b>PO 2</b>	<b>PO 3</b>	<b>PO 4</b>	<b>PO 5</b>	<b>PO 6</b>	
<b>CO 1</b>	3	1	0	3	2	2	
<b>CO 2</b>	3	1	0	3	2	2	
<b>CO 3</b>	3	1	0	3	2	2	
<b>CO4</b>	3	1	0	3	2	2	
<b>Unit</b>	<b>Description</b>						<b>No. of Hours.</b>
<b>I</b>	<b>Introduction</b>						<b>15</b>
	<b>Introduction Pollution</b> – Definition; Types –Air, Water Soil, Noise, Thermal, Radioactive and Solid waste, Natural and Anthropogenic 2 Air Radioactive Pollution and · Definition; Major air pollutants and their sources; Effects – On Biological system – Animals, humans & plants, On Non, Biological systems – material; physical environment, Green House Effect, Ozone depletion, Smog, Acid Rain, Global warming.						
<b>II</b>	<b>Soil pollution</b>						<b>15</b>
	<b>Definition;</b> Sources/ routes of contamination · Effects – On soil quality/ productivity – Acidification, Alkalinization, Salinization, Sodification, Desertification, Heavy metal deposition etc. · On Biological system – on soil microorganisms, on plants. · Control measures/ Alternatives – i) Biofertilizers & biological pest management; ii) Organic farming & other agricultural interventions; iii) Appropriate irrigation & drainage techniques; iv) Lime& gypsum application. Case studies – Declining soil productivity in the Punjab & v) Haryana; desertification in India, Western Maharashtra. <b>Contemporary Issues:</b> Expert lectures, YouTube Videos, Animations, NPTEL, MOOC videos, and online seminars –webinars for strengthening the subject matters. <b>Self-study:</b> Self Notes preparation using the departmental library, College Library <b>Pedagogy:</b> Seminar, Quiz, Debate						

	<b>Regional Language:</b> Experiment discussion, doubt session.	
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<b>MAJOR COURSE CODE:25BUBO6PE2</b>	<b>(02 Credits)</b>	<b>No of lecture in Hrs. 30</b>
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### Practicals Based on 25BUBO6TE2

#### COURSE OUTCOME

Students will be able to learn OR on completion of this course, students will be able to learn:

CO 1	Interpret the results of dust particles, Air Quality Index, floating debris after collecting and observing the data	L2
CO 2	Make posters, working models and charts exhibiting greenhouse effect, ozone depletion or acid rain, water conservation and water filtration	L6
CO 3	Examine the pH of different water, effect different soils on seed germination	L4
CO 4	Survey the local soil	L4

**Grading will be as 3: High(>60%), 2: Moderate(40%-60%), 1: Low(<40%), 0: No mapping**

	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6
<b>CO 1</b>	3	1	1	2	2	1
<b>CO 2</b>	3	2	2	2	2	2
<b>CO 3</b>	3	2	2	2	2	1
<b>CO 4</b>	3	1	1	1	1	1

	<b>Name of the experiment</b>
1.	To study the deposition of dust particles on plant leaves in different areas
2.	To compare Air Quality Index (AQI) using mobile apps at different locations
3.	To collect and observe floating debris or microplastics in a water sample.
4.	To construct a simple water filtration unit using sand, gravel, and charcoal
5.	To measure the pH of different water samples using natural indicators
6.	To observe and record the texture and color of various soil samples.

7.	To study the effect of polluted vs clean soil on seed germination.
8.	To study a local site affected by soil erosion and prepare a report
9.	To demonstrate the greenhouse effect using a plastic bottle setup
10.	To create posters explaining ozone depletion or acid rain
11.	To make a working model of a traditional water conservation structure
12.	To prepare a model or chart showing ozone layer depletion.

<b>MAJOR COURSE CODE:</b> <b>25BU6VSC01</b>		<b>(02 Credits)</b>				<b>No of lecture in</b> <b>Hrs. 45</b>	
<b>Agro-Tourism</b>							
<b>COURSE OUTCOME</b>							
Students will be able to learn OR on completion of this course, students will be able to learn:							
CO1	Discuss about history, evolution and benefits of agro-tourism						L2
CO2	Explain different activities, attractions, festivals and farming practices taking place in agrotourism						L2
CO2	Prepare insect repellents, herbal tea bags, sunscreen, organic jaggery, fruit based vinegar, plant perfume, bath powder, bio enzyme cleaner, Agro based handicrafts, sugar solutions for cut flowers, hydroponics, preserved fruits jaggery based food, butter, butter milk, traditional food and dishes with wild edible plants						L6
CO2	Compile the data mentioned in the syllabus						L6
<b>Grading will be as 3: High(&gt;60%), 2: Moderate(40%-60%), 1: Low(&lt;40%), 0: No mapping</b>							
	<b>PO 1</b>	<b>PO 2</b>	<b>PO 3</b>	<b>PO 4</b>	<b>PO 5</b>	<b>PO 6</b>	
<b>CO 1</b>	3	1	0	2	2	2	
<b>CO 2</b>	3	1	0	2	2	1	
<b>CO 3</b>	3	1	1	2	2	2	
<b>CO4</b>	3	1	0	2	2	2	
<b>Unit</b>	<b>Description</b>						<b>No. of Hours.</b>
<b>I</b>	<b>Agrotourism -I</b>  <b>Introduction</b> to Agro-Tourism <b>What is Agro-Tourism?:</b> Definition, scope, and concept of farm-based tourism. <b>History &amp; Evolution:</b> Traditional farming practices and tourism growth in India. <b>Benefits of Agro:</b> Tourism: Rural employment, sustainable development, and eco-tourism impact.						<b>15</b>

	<p><b>Agro-Tourism Activities &amp; Attractions:</b> Farm Stays &amp; Rural, Accommodations: Village life experiences.</p> <p><b>Festivals &amp; Event:</b> Local festivals (Pola, Makar Sankranti, Gudhi Padwa) and their role in tourism.</p> <p><b>Farming Practices in Agro-Tourism:</b> Organic Farming &amp; Permaculture– Sustainable farming, organic produce, composting. Hydroponics &amp; Urban Farming–Simple ways to grow food without soil.</p>	
	<p><b>Contemporary Issues:</b> Expert lectures, YouTube Videos, Animations, NPTEL, MOOC videos, and online seminars –webinars for strengthening the subject matters.</p> <p><b>Self-study:</b> Self Notes preparation using the departmental library, College Library</p> <p><b>Pedagogy:</b> Seminar, Quiz, Debate</p> <p><b>Regional Language:</b> Experiment discussion, doubt session.</p>	

MAJOR COURSE CODE:25BU6VSC01		(02 Credits)	No of lecture in Hrs. 45
Practicals based on 25BU6VSC01			
	Name of the experiment		
1.	Natural Insect Repellent from Plants- Use leaves of Neem, Tulsi, and Lemongrass to make a natural insect repellent spray.		
2.	Effect of Sugar on Flower Longevity: Keep fresh-cut flowers in different solutions (plain water, sugar water, salt water).		
3.	Natural Plant Perfume (Essential Oil Extraction)- Crush rose petals, jasmine, or lavender and heat them in water		
4.	Growing Plants Without Soil (Hydroponics at Home)		
5.	Natural Sunscreen from Plant Extracts		
6.	Making Herbal Tea Bags		
7.	Preparation of Organic Jaggery		
8.	Making Fruit-Based Vinegar		
9.	Preparation of Herbal Bath Powder (Ubtan)		
10.	Making Farm-Based Bio-Enzyme Cleaners		
11.	Preservation of Fruits & Vegetables Using Sun, Shade, and Oven Drying		
12.	Extraction of Natural Gum from Trees		
13.	Study of Indigenous Agro-Based Handicrafts		
14.	Identification of Wild Edible Plants and Their Uses		

15.	Preparation of Herbal Tooth Powder
16.	Homemade Probiotic Drink (Fermented Rice Water)
17.	Making Wild Edible Plant Dishes
18.	Making Jaggery-Based Sweet Dishes
19.	Making Fresh Butter & Buttermilk
20.	Traditional Chulha Cooking Experience

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**VPM's B.N. Bandodkar College of Science (Autonomous), Thane**  
**Curriculum Structure for the Undergraduate Degree Programme T.Y.B.Sc Botany**

	SEMESTER – V	Course imparts Employability (EM), Entrepreneurship (EN), Skill Development (SD)			Course integrates with Professional Ethics (PE), Gender Equity (GE), Human Value (HV), Environmental Sustainability (ES)			
Course Code	Major Course Title	EM	EN	SD	PE	GE	HV	ES
<b>25BUBO5T01</b>	Plant Diversity III	✓	–	–	–	–	–	–
<b>25BUBO5T02</b>	Plant Diversity IV	✓	–	–	–	–	–	–
<b>25BUBO5T03</b>	Form and Functions III	✓	-	–	–	–	–	–
<b>25BUBO5P01</b>	Practical based on <b>25BUBO5T01 and 25BUBO5T02</b>	✓	–	✓	–	–	–	–
<b>25BUBO5P02</b>	Practical based on <b>25BUBO5T01 and 25BUBO5T02</b>	✓	–	✓	–	–	–	–
<b>25BUBO5P03</b>	Practical based on <b>25BUBO5T03</b>	✓	–	✓	–	–	–	–
<b>25BUBO5TE1</b>	Instrumentation	✓	–	-	–	–	–	-
<b>25BUBO5PE2</b>	Practical based on <b>25BUBO5TE1</b>	✓	–	✓	–	–	–	–
<b>25BUBO5TE2</b>	Botanical Aroma Science	✓	✓	–	✓	–	–	✓
<b>25BUBO5PE2</b>	Practical based on <b>25BUBO5TE2</b>	✓	✓	✓	✓	–	–	✓
<b>25BU5VSC01</b>	Essential nutrients	✓	✓	✓	–	–	–	✓
	<b>Minor Course Title</b>							
<b>25BUBO5TMN</b>	Instrumentation	✓	–	✓	–	–	–	–
<b>25BUBO5OJT</b>	On-Job-Training in Botany I	✓	–	✓		–	–	—
<b>Total</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>03</b>	<b>08</b>	<b>02</b>	<b>01</b>	<b>–</b>	<b>3</b>

	SEMESTER – VI	Course imparts Employability (EM), Entrepreneurship (EN), Skill Development (SD)			Course integrates with Professional Ethics (PE), Gender Equity (GE), Human Value (HV), Environmental Sustainability (ES)			
Course Code	Major Course Title	EM	EN	SD	PE	GE	HV	ES
<b>25BUBO6T01</b>	Plant Diversity III	✓	–	–	–	–	–	–
<b>25BUBO6T02</b>	Plant Diversity IV	✓	–	–	–	–	–	–
<b>25BUBO6T03</b>	Form and Function III	✓	–	–	–	–	–	–
<b>25BUBO6IKS</b>	Indigenous Remedies for Humans and Animals	--	✓	–	–	–	–	✓
<b>25BUBO6P01</b>	Practicals based on <b>25BUBO6T01</b> and <b>25BUBO6T02</b>	✓	–	✓	–	–	–	–
<b>25BUBO6P02</b>	Practicals based on <b>25BUBO6T01</b> and <b>25BUBO6T02</b>	✓	–	✓	–	–	–	–
<b>25BUBO6P03</b>	Practicals based on <b>25BUBO6T03</b> and <b>25BUBO6IKS</b>	✓	✓	✓	–	–	–	–
<b>25BUBO6TE1</b>	Sustainable solutions and Cosmetology	✓	✓	-	–	–	–	✓
<b>25BUBO6PE1</b>	Practicals based on <b>25BUBO6TE1</b>	✓	✓	✓	–	–	–	✓
<b>25BUBO6TE2</b>	Pollution science	✓	–	–	–	–	–	✓
<b>25BUBO6PE2</b>	Practicals based on <b>25BUBO6TE2</b>	✓	–	✓	–	–	–	✓
<b>25BU6VSC01</b>	Agrotourism	✓	✓	✓	–	–	–	✓
<b>25BUBO6OJT</b>	On-Job-Training in Botany II	✓	–	✓	–	–	–	–
<b>Total</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>05</b>	<b>07</b>	<b>–</b>	<b>–</b>	<b>–</b>	<b>06</b>