Academic Council Meeting No. and Date: 8/ September 04, 2023

Agenda Number: 02 **Resolution Number:** 34,35 /2.16, 2.37



Vidya Prasarak Mandal's B. N. Bandodkar College of Science (Autonomous), Thane



Syllabus for

Programme: Master of Science

Specific Programme:

[M.Sc. Chemistry (Semester I and II)]

Level 6.0

CHOICE BASED GRADING SYSTEM

Revised under NEP and Autonomy

From academic year 2023-24

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	B. N. Bandodlar College of Science, (AUTONOMOUS)-Thane Master program in Chemistry										
Year (2 Yrs)	LEVEL	SEMESTER	Major Mandatory Electives anyone			On Job Training / Field project	Researc h project		Degrees		
		SEM-I	3*4 + 2	2 – 14	Cred	its 4		ricia project			
		SEM-1	Course 1	Credits 4		= Credits 4					
			Course 2	Credits 4	OR	- Cicuits +	+				
			Course 3			= Credits 4	Credits 4	NA	NA	22	
I	6.0		Course 4	Credits 2	OR	- Credits +				22	DG D: 1
1	0.0		Course 4	Credits 2							PG Diploma in Chemistry
		CEM II	Course 1	Cradita 4	Course 1	= Credits 4					(After 3 Yrs.
		SEM-II	Course 2	Credits 4	OR	= Credits 4	_			22	degree UG)
			Course 3	Credits 4		= Credits 4	NA	Credits 4	NA		
			Course 4	Credits 2	OR	- Cicuits 4	_				
	cr.for 1	Yr. PG	28	ereans 2	8		4	4		44	
Diplon	1 a	SEM- III	Course 1	Credits 4	Course 1	Credits 4					
		SEMI- III				Cicuits 4					
	_ =		Course 2	Credits 4	OR	C 1'4 4	NA	NA	Credits 4	22	
	6.5		Course 3	Credits 4		Credits 4					
II			Course 4	Credits 2	OF	(Mastar program
			ı	T	T	T	_		<u> </u>	T	Master program in Chemistry
		SEM IV	Course 1		Course 1	Credits 4		NA			(After 3 Yrs.
			Course 2	Credits 4	OR		NA	INA.	Credits 6	22	degree UG)
			Course 3	Credits 4		Credits 4	1				
						1	1				
			_ ~		OR						
		tegrated 1 Yı	r. PG	26	8				10	44	
Degree Cum Cr. for 2 Yr. PG Degree 44					16		4	4	10	88	

Preamble

The Chemistry Syllabus for M.Sc. Degree covers two academic years consisting of four semesters. The present curriculum of M.Sc-I Sem I and Sem II is prepared to furnish sound knowledge and skill in chemistry to get employability to the postgraduate students. The goal of the syllabus is to equipping the students for potential contribution to academic and industrial environments. The syllabus has been prepared in the view of NEP2020 framework in a participatory manner in the Board of studies, after discussions with the subject expertise with social and industrial approach and after referring the existing syllabi.

Sufficient emphasis is given in the Mandatory subject, Electives subject and Research Methodology syllabus. For Electives subject, choice based is given among three elective subjects. In practical session, training in laboratory skills and instrumentation, case studies on job training apprenticeship and internship etc. A list of reference books is provided at the end of the Curriculum.

Specific Programme outcome:

- Learner gains the knowledge of chemistry through theoretical and scientific experiments for application of industrial and academics purpose.
- To develop systematic way to problem solving skills, address societal issues and environmental concern and to have preparedness in lifelong learning of technological change.
- Analytical Thinking, Critical analysis and ethical professional behaviors with multidisciplinary approach develops scientific theories, concepts and ideas advances the chemistry
- Approach of learners towards the improving quality of life by attitude and aptitude of chemistry and its allied branches using ICT and Communication skill.

Sr. No.	Heading	Particulars		
1	Title of Course	M.Sc. Organic Chemistry		
	Specific Programme	Semester I and II		
2	Eligibility for Admission	The B.Sc. chemistry or equivalent		
		qualification from other recognized		
		university as per relevant ordinance.		
3	Passing marks	Minimum D Grade or equivalent		
		minimum marks for passing at the		
		Graduation level.		
4	No. of Years/Semesters	One year/Two semester		
5	Level	6.0		
6	Pattern	Semester		
7	Credits	22		
8	Status	Revised		
9	To be implemented from	2023-2024		
	Academic year			
10	i) Cum Cr. for integrated 1 Yr. PG De	gree Chemistry (After 4 Yrs. degree UG Chemistry)		
	ii) PG Diploma in Chemistry (After 3 Yrs. degree UG) and Cum Cr. for 2 Yr. PG Degree			
	iii) Master program in Chemistry (Aft	er 3 Yrs. degree UG)		

Pedagogy:

\$ Assignment Desk work, internal tests, Assignments, Quiz, ppt presentation You tube videos, referencing, MOOC, Problem solving, Project work, Industrial Visit, internship etc Pedagogy for student engagement is predominantly lectures. However, other pedagogies enhancing better student engagement to be recommended for each course. The list includes active learning/ course projects/ problem or project based learning/ case studies/self-study like seminar, term paper or MOOC

\$ Every course needs to include assessment for higher order thinking skills (Applying/ Analyzing/ Evaluating/ Creating). However, this column may contain alternate assessment methods that help formative assessment (i.e. assessment for learning)

Assessment: Weightage for assessments (in percentage)

Type of Course	Formative Assessment / IA	Summative Assessment
Theory	40 %	60 %
Practical	-	100 %
Project	-	100%
Experimental learning	-	100 %
Internship	-	100 %

Credit Distribution Structure

VPM's B.N. Bandodkar College of Science (Autonomous), Thane

M.Sc.-I (Level 6.0) Structure of Programme

	SEMESTER 1					
Course Code	Course Title	No. of lectures in Hrs.	Credits			
	I] Mandatory 3*4+2 =14		14			
23BPCH1T1	Inorganic Chemistry	60	4			
23BPCH1T2	Organic Chemistry	60	4			
23BPCH1T3	Analytical Chemistry	60	4			
23BPCH1P1	Chemistry Practical -1 (Organic Chemistry + Analytical Chemistry)	60	2			
Note: S	II] Electives (2+2) Select Any One subject among the electives given	below	4			
23BPCH1T4	Green Chemistry and Catalyst Chemistry	30	2			
23BPCH1P2	Practical	60	2			
	OR					
23BPCH1T5	Analytical Biochemistry	30	2			
23BPCH1P3	Practical	60	2			
	OR					
23BPCH1T6	Physical Chemistry	30	2			
23BPCH1P4	Practical (Inorganic Chemistry + Physical Chemistry)	60	2			
	III] Research Methodology		4			
23BPRM1T1	Research Methodology	60	4			
		Total	22			

Credit Distribution Structure

SEMESTER II					
Course Code	Course Title	No. of lectures in Hrs.	Credits		
	I] Mandatory 3*4+2 =14		14		
23BPCH2T1	Inorganic Chemistry	60	4		
23BPCH2T2	Organic Chemistry	60	4		
23BPCH2T3	Chemistry Analytical	60	4		
23BPCH2P1	Chemistry Practical -1 (Organic Chemistry + Analytical Chemistry)	60	2		
Note: \$	II] Electives (2+2) Select Any One subject among the electives given b	elow	4		
23BPCH2T4	Polymer Chemistry	30	2		
23BPCH2P2	Practical	60	2		
	OR				
23BPCH2T5	Environmental Chemistry	30	2		
23BPCH2P3	Practical	60	2		
	OR	,			
23BPCH2T6	Physical Chemistry	30	2		
23BPCH2P4	Practical (Inorganic Chemistry + Physical Chemistry)	60	2		
	III] ON JOB TRAINING OR FIELD PROJECT		4		
23BPCH2P5	ON JOB TRAINING OR FIELD PROJECT	60	4		
		Total	22		

Semester I Mandatory Courses

23BPCH		Credits	No. of
1T1	Course Title	4	lectures
	Inorganic Chemistry	7	in hrs.

The curriculum for inorganic chemistry is framed in such a manner that students are able to prepare and appear for various Competitive exams such as NET/SET/GATE. The paper is exploring application of molecular orbital theory in Chemical bonding, use of molecular symmetry in molecular structure determination. To have basic understanding and knowledge of material synthesis the Nonmaterial's and nanotechnology have been introduced to enable students to determine their career path in research institution and Chemical Industries. Nanomaterials and nanotechnology are the expanding branches of inorganic chemistry that promise advances in sensing and catalysis also. To make characterization of material easier the course offers to learn different techniques like IR, ESR NMR etc.

Outcome

- Acquire strong theoretical basis of core topics in Inorganic chemistry like MOT, Symmetry and Material science
- Relate Cutting-edge Knowledge in Nanoscience, and Material Chemistry to develop state of the art technologies for improving the quality of life.
- ➤ Evaluate precursors with the help of Thermal methods and microscopic techniques qualitatively as well as quantitatively.
- ➤ Design and carry out scientific experiments and appreciate the central role of chemistry in our society.
- Explore new areas of research in both chemistry and allied fields of science and technology
- Adapt problem solving skills and have preparedness in lifelong learning of technological change.

Citari	change.					
		Chemical Bonding:				
	1.1	Recapitulation of hybridization Derivation of wave functions for				
		sp , sp^2 , $sp3$ orbital hybridization types considering only sigma				
		bonding.				
	1.2	Discussion of involvement of d orbitals in various types of				
		hybridizations. Concept of resonance, resonance energy				
		derivation expected. Formal charge with examples.	[15L			
Unit I	13	Critical analysis of VBT.	1			
Omt 1	14	Molecular Orbital Theory for diatomic species of First transition	1			
		Series.				
	15	Molecular Orbital Theory for Polyatomic species considering σ				
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	bonding for SF ₆ , CO ₂ , B ₂ H ₆ , I ₃ molecular species.				
	1.6	Weak forces of attraction: Hydrogen bonding – concept, types,				
		properties, methods of detection and importance. Van der				
		Waal"s forces, ion-dipole, dipole-dipole, London forces.				

Unit II	 Molecular Symmetry and Group Theory: 2.1. Symmetry criterion of optical activity, symmetry restrictions on dipole moment. A systematic procedure for symmetry classification of molecules. 2.2. Concepts of Groups, Sub-groups, Classes of Symmetry operations, Group Multiplication Tables. Abelian and non-Abelian point groups. 2.3. Representation of Groups: Matrix representation of symmetry operations, reducible and irreducible representations. The Great Orthogonality Theorem and its application in construction of character tables for point groups C₂v, C₃v and D_{2h}, structure of character tables. 2.4. Applications of Group Theory (a) Symmetry adapted linear combinations (SALC), symmetry aspects of MO theory, sigma bonding in AB_n (Ammonia, CH₄) molecule. (b) Determination of symmetry species for translations and rotations. (c) Mulliken's notations for irreducible representations. (d) Reduction of reducible representations using reduction formula. (e) Group-subgroup relationships. (f) Descent and ascent in symmetry correlation diagrams showing relationship between different groups. 	[15L]
Unit III	 Materials Chemistry and Nanomaterials: Solid State Chemistry 311. Electronic structure of solids and band theory, Fermi level, K Space and Brillouin Zones. 312. Structures of Compounds of the type: AB [nickel arsenide (NiAs)], AB₂ [fluorite (CaF₂) and anti-fluorite structures, rutile (TiO₂) structure and layer structure [cadmium chloride and iodide (CdCl₂, CdI₂)]. 313. Methods of preparation for inorganic solids: Ceramic method, precursor method, sol-gel method (applications in Biosensors), microwave synthesis (discussion on principles, examples, merits and demerits are expected) 3.2 Nanomaterials 321. Preparative methods: Chemical methods, Solvothermal, Combustion synthesis, Microwave, Co-precipitation, Langmuir Blodgett(L-B) method, Biological methods: Synthesis using microorganisms. 322. Applications in the field of semiconductors, solar cells 	[15L]

	Characterization of Coordination compounds			
	4.1. Formation, thermal studies, Conductivity measurements,			
	electronic spectral and magnetic measurements, IR, NMR and ESR			
Unit IV	spectroscopic methods.			
	4.2. Spectral calculations using Orgel and Tanabe-Sugano diagram,			
	 calculation of electronic parameters such as Δ, B, C, Nephelauxetic ratio. 43. Determination of formation constants of metal complexes 			
	(Overall and Stepwise): Comparative studies of Potentiometric and spectral methods.			
	spectral methods.			
	REFERENCES:			
	1. B. R. Puri, L. R. Sharma and K. C. Kalia, Principles of Inorganic			
	Chemistry, Milestone Publishers, 2013-2014.			
	2. W. W. Porterfield, Inorganic Chemistry-A Unified Approach, 2 nd Ed.,			
	Academic Press, 1993.			
	3. B. W. Pfennig, Principles of Inorganic Chemistry, Wiley, 2015.			
	4. C. E. Housecroft and A. G. Sharpe, Inorganic Chemistry, Pearson			
	Education Limited, 2 nd Edition 2005.			
	5. J. Huheey, F. A. Keiter and R. I. Keiter, Inorganic Chemistry—			
	Principles of Structure and Reactivity, 4 th Ed., Harper Collins, 1993.			
	6. P. J. Durrant and B. Durrant, Introduction to Advanced Inorganic			
	Chemistry, Oxford University Press, 1967.			
	7. R. L. Dekock and H.B.Gray, Chemical Structure and Bonding, The			
	Benjamin Cummings Publishing Company, 1989. 8. G. Miessler and D. Tarr, Inorganic Chemistry, 3 rd Ed., Pearson			
	, 8			
	Education, 2004.			
	9. R. Sarkar, General and Inorganic Chemistry, Books & Allied (P) Ltd.,			
	2001.			
	10. C. M. Day and J. Selbin, Theoretical Inorganic Chemistry, Affiliated			
	East West Press Pvt. Ltd., 1985.			
	11. J. N. Murrell, S. F. A. Kettle and J. M. Tedder, The Chemical Bond,			
	Wiley, 1978.			
	12. G. A. Jeffrey, An Introduction to Hydrogen Bonding, Oxford			
	University Press, Inc., 1997. Unit II			
	1. F. A. Cotton, Chemical Applications of Group Theory, 2 nd Edition, Wiley Eastern Ltd., 1989.			
	2. H. H. Jaffe and M. Orchin, Symmetry in Chemistry, John Wiley & Sons, New York, 1996.			
	3. R. L. Carter, Molecular Symmetry and Group Theory, John Wiley &			

- Sons, New York, 1998.
- **4.** K. V. Reddy. Symmetry and Spectroscopy of Molecules, 2nd Edition, New Age International Publishers, New Delhi, 2009.
- **5.** A. Salahuddin Kunju and G. Krishnan, Group Theory and its Applications in Chemistry, PHI Learning, 2012.
- **6.** P. K. Bhattacharya, Group Theory and its Chemical Applications, Himalaya Publishing House. 2014.
- **7.** S. Swarnalakshmi, T. Saroja and R. M. Ezhilarasi, A Simple Approach to Group Theory in Chemistry, Universities Press, 2008.

Unit III

- **1.** Solid State Chemistry Introduction, Lesley E. Smart, Elaine A. Moore, ISBN 0-203-49635-3, Taylor & Francis Group, LLC.
- **2.** Nanomaterials & Nanochemistry, 2007, Catherine Brechignac, Philippe Houdy, Marcel Lahmani, ISBN 978-3-540-72992-1 Springer Berlin Heidelberg New York.
- **3.** Nanomaterials Chemistry, Recent Developments and New Directions C.N.R. Rao, Muller, and A.K. Cheetham, ISBN 978-3-527-31664-9, 2007 WILEY-VCH Verlag GmbH & Co. KGaA, Weinheim.
- **4.** Nano-Surface Chemistry, 2001, Morton Rosoff, ISBN: 0-8247-0254-9, Marcel Dekker Inc. New York.
- **5.** The Chemistry of Nanomaterials, CNR Rao, Muller Cheetham, WILEY-VCH Verlag GmbH & Co. KGaA, Weinheim, 2004.
- **6.** Semiconductor Nanomaterials, Challa S.S.R. Kumar, ISBN: 978-3-527-32166-7, WILEY-VCH Verlag GmbH & Co. KGaA, Weinheim, 2010.

Unit IV

- **1.** J. E. Huheey, E. A. Keiter and R. L. Keiter; Inorganic Chemistry: Principles of Structure and Reactivity, Pearson Education, 2006.
- 2. D. Banerjea ,Coordination Chemistry
- **3.** Geary Coordination reviews
- **4.** P.W. Atkins, T. Overton, J. Rourke, M. Weller and F. Armstrong; Shriver & Atkins: Inorganic Chemistry, 4th ed. Oxford University Press, 2006.
- **5.** F. A. Cotton, G. Wilkinson, C. A. Murillo and M. Bochmann; Advanced Inorganic Chemistry, 6th ed. Wiley, 1999,
- **6.** B. Douglas, D. McDaniel and J. Alexander. *Concepts and Models of Inorganic Chemistry*(3rd edn.), John Wiley & Sons (1994).

23BPCH1T		Credits	No. of
2	Course Title		lectures
	Organic Chemistry	4	in hrs.

The syllabus is designed in such a manner that students gets trained with a detailed knowledge base in Chemistry of potential utility in academia as well as Industry through advanced course work and laboratory work in the department and a project work in industries or premier institutions. It is the study of the structure, properties, composition, reactions mechanism action, and preparation of carbon-containing compounds.

Course Outcomes:

- > Students will gain an understanding concepts in **Physical Organic Chemistry**, **S**tereochemistry geometry of atoms and the three-dimensional structure of organic molecules.
- > The reactivity and stability of an organic molecule based on structure, including conformation and stereochemistry.
- > To understand Nucleophilic substitution reactions and Aromaticity of organic compounds.
- ➤ Design and Explore new areas of research in the field of chemistry and realize the role of organic chemistry in our society.
- ➤ Develop problem solving skills and have preparedness in lifelong learning of technological change.

	Physical Organic Chamistry	
	Physical Organic Chemistry: 11. Thermodynamic and kinetic requirements of a reaction: rate and equilibrium constants, reaction coordinate diagram, transition state (activated complex), nature of activated complex, Hammond postulate, Reactivity vs selectivity, Curtin-Hammett Principle, Microscopic reversibility, Kinetic vs thermodynamic control of organic reactions.	
Unit I	12 Determining mechanism of a reaction: Product analysis, kinetic studies, use of isotopes (Kinetic isotope effect – primary and secondary kinetic isotope effect). Detection and trapping of intermediates, crossover experiments and stereochemical evidence.	[15L]
	13 Acids and Bases: Factors affecting acidity and basicity: Electronegativity and inductive effect, resonance, bond strength, electrostatic effects, hybridization, aromaticity and solvation. Comparative study of acidity and basicity of organic compounds on the basis of pKa values, Leveling effect and non-aqueous solvents. Acid and base catalysis – general and specific catalysis with examples.	
	[Reference Books: 1, 2, 3, 16]	13/6

	Nucleophilic substitution reactions and Aromaticity	
	2.1. Nucleophilic substitution reactions: (9 L)	
	211. Aliphatic nucleophilic substitution: S _N 1, S _N 2, S _N ⁱ reactions, mixed S _N 1 and S _N 2 and SET mechanisms. S _N reactions involving NGP - participation by aryl rings, α- and pi-bonds. Factors affecting these reactions: substrate, nucleophilicity, solvent, steric effect, hard-soft interaction, leaving group. Ambident nucleophiles. S _N cA, S _N 1" and S _N 2" reactions. S _N at sp ² (vinylic) carbon.	
	212 Aromatic nucleophilic substitution: S _N Ar, S _N 1, benzyne mechanisms. Ipso, cine, tele and vicarious substitution.	[15L
Unit II	213 Ester hydrolysis: Classification, nomenclature and study of all eight mechanisms of acid and base catalyzed hydrolysis with suitable examples.]
	 2.2. Aromaticity: (6 L) 22. Structural, thermochemical, and magnetic criteria for aromaticity, including NMR characteristics of aromatic systems. Delocalization and aromaticity. 	
	Application of HMO theory to monocyclic conjugated systems. Frost-Musulin diagrams. Huckel's (4n+2) and 4n rules.	
	Aromatic and antiaromatic compounds up-to 18 carbon atoms. Homoaromatic compounds. Aromaticity of all benzenoid systems, heterocycles, metallocenes, azulenes, annulenes, aromatic ions and Fullerene (C_{60}).	
	[Reference Books: 4-15]	
	STEREOCHEMISTRY: Concept of Chirality: Recognition of symmetry elements.	
	3.2. Molecules with tri- and tetra-coordinate centers: Compounds with carbon, silicon, nitrogen, phosphorous and sulphur chiral centers, relative configurational stabilities.	
Unit III	3.3. Molecules with two or more chiral centers: Constitutionally unsymmetrical molecules: erythro-threo and syn-anti systems of nomenclature. Interconversion of Fischer, Sawhorse, Newman and Flying wedge projections. Constitutionally symmetrical molecules with odd and even number of chiral centers: enantiomeric and meso forms, concept of stereogenic, chirotopic, and pseudoasymmetric centres. R-S nomenclature for chiral centres in acyclic and cyclic compounds.	[15L]
	3.4. Axial and planar chirality: Principles of axial and planar chirality. Stereochemical features and configurational descriptors (R, S) for the following classes of compounds: allenes, alkylidene	

cycloalkanes, spirans, biaryls (buttressing effect) (including BINOLs and BINAPs), ansa compounds, cyclophanes, transcyclooctenes. 3.5. Prochirality: Chiral and prochiral centres; prochiral axis and prochiral plane. Homotopic, heterotopic (enantiotopic and diastereotopic) ligands and faces. Identification using substitution and symmetry criteria. Nomenclature stereoheterotopic ligands Symbols and faces. for stereoheterotopic ligands in molecules with i) one or more prochiral centres ii) a chiral as well as a prochiral centre, iii) a prochiral axis iv) a prochiral plane v) pro-pseudoasymmetric centre. Symbols for enantiotopic and diastereotopic faces. [Reference Books: 6-8] Oxidation and Reduction: 4.1. **Oxidation:** General mechanism, selectivity, and important applications of the following: 41.1. **Dehydrogenation:** Dehydrogenation of C-C bonds including aromatization of six membered rings using metal (Pt, Pd, Ni) and organic reagents (chloranil, DDO). 412 Oxidation of alcohols to aldehydes and ketones: Chromium reagents such as K₂Cr₂O₇/H₂SO₄ (Jones reagent), CrO₃pyridine (Collin's reagent), PCC (Corey's reagent) and PDC (Cornforth reagent), hypervalent iodine reagents (IBX, Dess-Martin periodinane). DMSO based reagents (Swern oxidation), Corey-Kim oxidation - advantages over Swern and limitations; and Pfitzner-Moffatt oxidation-DCC and DMSO and Oppenauer oxidation. 413. Oxidation involving C-C bonds cleavage: Glycols using HIO₄; cycloalkanones using CrO₃; carbon-carbon double bond using ozone, KMnO₄, CrO₃, NaIO₄ and OsO₄; aromatic Unit IV rings using RuO₄ and NaIO₄. Oxidation involving replacement of hydrogen by oxygen: 414 oxidation of CH₂ to CO by SeO₂, oxidation of arylmethanes by CrO₂Cl₂ (Etard oxidation). 415. Oxidation of aldehydes and ketones: with H₂O₂ (Dakin reaction), with peroxy acid (Baeyer-Villiger oxidation) **4.2. Reduction:** General mechanism, selectivity, and important applications of the following reducing reagents: 421. Reduction of CO to CH₂ in aldehydes and ketones-Clemmensen reduction, Wolff- Kishner reduction and Huang-Minlon modification. 422 Metal hydride reduction: Boron reagents (NaBH₄, NaCNBH₃, diborane, 9-BBN, Na(OAc)₃BH, aluminium reagents (LiAlH₄, DIBAL-H, Red Al, L and K-selectrides). 423. NH₂NH₂ (diimide reduction) and other non-metal based agents including organic reducing agents dihydropyridine). 424 **Dissolving metal reductions:** using Zn, Li, Na, and Mg under neutral and acidic conditions, Li/Na-liquid NH₃

	mediated reduction (Birch reduction) of aromatic compounds and acetylenes.	
	[Reference Books: 17, 18, 14]	
REFI	ERENCES:	
1.	Physical Organic Chemistry, Neil Isaacs	
2.	Modern Physical Organic Chemistry, Eric V. Anslyn and Dennis A. Dougherty	
3.	Comprehensive Organic chemistry, Barton and Ollis, Vol 1	
4.	Organic Chemistry, J. Claydens, N. Greeves, S. Warren and P. Wothers, Oxford University Press.	
5.	Advanced Organic Chemistry, F.A. Carey and R.J. Sundberg, Part A and B, Plenum Press.	
6.	Stereochemistry: Conformation and mechanism, P.S. Kalsi, New Age International, New Delhi.	
7.	Stereochemistry of carbon compounds, E.L Eliel, S.H Wilen and L.N Manden, Wiley.	
8.	Stereochemistry of Organic Compounds- Principles and Applications, D. Nasipuri. New International Publishers Ltd.	
9.	March"s Advanced Organic Chemistry: Reactions, Mechanisms and Structure, Michael B. Smith, Jerry March, Wiley.	
10.	Advanced Organic Chemistry: Reactions and mechanism, B. Miller and R. Prasad, Pearson Education.	
11.	Advanced Organic Chemistry: Reaction mechanisms, R. Bruckner, Academic Press.	
12.	Understanding Organic Reaction Mechanisms, Adams Jacobs, Cambridge University Press.	
13.	Writing Reaction Mechanism in organic chemistry, A. Miller, P.H. Solomons, Academic Press.	
14	Principles of Organic Synthesis, R.O.C. Norman and J.M Coxon, Nelson Thornes.	
15.	Advanced Organic Chemistry: Reactions and mechanism, L.G. Wade, Jr., Maya Shankar Singh, Pearson Education.	
16.	. Mechanism in Organic Chemistry, Peter sykes, 6th edition onwards.	
17.	Modern Methods of Organic Synthesis, W. Carruthers and Iain Coldham, Cambridge University Press.	
18.	Organic Synthesis, Jagdamba Singh, L.D.S. Yadav, Pragati Prakashan	

23BPCH1T	Course Title	Credits	No. of
3	Analytical Chemistry	4	in hrs.

Analytical chemistry deals with the both quantitative and qualitative aspects of real samples. As analytical chemists, the students should be familiar with the fundamental terms and procedures of analytical chemistry. This course focuses terms on basic quality systems, quality audit, quality management, and laboratory staff roles, duties and understanding of different concentration units. Types of instruments its components and working, fiber optics, Fourier transform techniques. It also covers analytical methods and their classification. The fundamental theories, equipment, and applications of GC, HPLC, Partition Chromatography, IR, and UV-Visible Spectroscopy, thermal methods were also covered throughout the course.

Outcome

- To comprehend the basic language and terms of Analytical chemistry.
- Quality control and Quality concept in analytical chemistry
- Various concentration terms and their interconversion
- An in-depth knowledge of the various chromatographic methods and the uses for them.
- Acquire the basic general instrumentation of spectroscopic techniques, theory instrumentation and applications of UV-Visible and FT IR spectroscopic technique
- To understand basic general instrumentation of Thermal methods and their applications.
- To understand the need and objective of automation in chemical analysis Adapt problem solving skills and have preparedness in lifelong learning of technological change.

	Language of Analytical Chemistry [8 L]	
Unit I	 1.1.1 Analytical perspective, Common analytical problems, terms involved in analytical chemistry (analysis, determination, measurement, techniques, methods, procedures and protocol) 1.1.2 An overview of analytical methods, types of instrumental methods, instruments for analysis, data domains, electrical and non-electrical domains, detectors, transducers and sensors, selection of an analytical method, accuracy, precision, selectivity, sensitivity, detection limit and dynamic range. 1.1.3 Errors, determinate and indeterminate errors. Types of determinate errors, tackling of errors. 1.1.4 Quantitative 	[15L]

	mothodo of analysis, calibration arms, standard addition 1			
	methods of analysis: calibration curve, standard addition and internal standard method.			
	Quality in Analytical Chemistry: [7 L]			
	1.2.1 Quality Management System (QMS):			
	Evolution and significance of Quality Management, types of			
	quality standards for laboratories, total quality management			
	(TQM), philosophy implementation of TQM (reference of			
	Kaizen, Six Sigma approach & 5S), quality audits and			
	quality reviews, responsibility of laboratory staff for quality			
	and problems.			
	1.2.2 Safety in Laboratories:			
	Basic concepts of Safety in Laboratories, Personal Protection Equipment (PPE), OSHA, Toxic Hazard (TH)			
	classifications, Hazardous Chemical Processes (including			
	process calorimetry / thermal build up concepts).			
	1.2.3 Accreditations:			
	Accreditation of Laboratories, Introduction to ISO series,			
	Indian Government Standards (ISI, Hallmark, Agmark)			
	1.2.4 Good Laboratory Practices (GLP)			
	Principle, Objective, OECD guidelines, The US FDA 21CFR58, Klimisch score			
	Knimsch score			
	Calculations based on Chemical Principles [15 L]			
	The following topics are to be covered in the form of numerical			
	problems only.			
	a) Concentration of a solution based on volume and mass units.			
	b) Calculations of ppm, ppb and dilution of the solutions, concept of			
	mmol.			
	c) Stoichiometry of chemical reactions, concept of kg mol, limiting			
	reactant, theoretical and practical yield.			
	d) Solubility and solubility equilibria, effect of presence of common ion.	[15L]		
Unit II	e) Calculations of pH of acids, bases, acidic and basic buffers.			
	f) Concept of formation constants, stability and instability constants,			
	stepwise formation constants.			
	g) Oxidation number, rules for assigning oxidation number, redox			
	reaction in term of oxidation number, oxidizing and reducing			
	agents, equivalent weight of oxidizing and reducing agents,			
	stoichiometry of redox titration (Normality of a solution of a			
	oxidizing / reducing agent and its relationship with molarity).			
<u> </u>				

Unit III	Unit III Optical Methods [15 L] 3.1 Recapitulation and FT Technique [3 L] 3.1.1 Recapitulation of basic concepts, Electromagnetic spectrum, Sources, Detectors, sample containers. 3.1.2 Laser as a source of radiation, Fibre optics 3.1.3 Introduction of Fourier Transform 3.2 Molecular Ultraviolet and Visible Spectroscopy [6 L] NUMERICALS ARE EXPECTED 3.2.1 Derivation of Beer- Lambert"s Law and its limitations, factors affecting molecular absorption, types of transitions [emphasis on charge transfer absorption], pH, temperature, solvent and effect of substituents. Applications of Ultraviolet and Visible spectroscopy: 1) On charge transfer absorption 2) Simultaneous spectroscopy 3) Derivative Spectroscopy 3.2.2 Dual spectrometry – Introduction, Principle, Instrumentation and Applications 3.3 Infrared Absorption Spectroscopy [6 L] 3.3.1 Instrumentation: Sources, Sample handling, Transducers, Dispersive, non-dispersive instrument05 L 3.3.2 FTIR and its advantages 3.3.3 Applications of IR [Mid IR, Near IR, Far IR]: Qualitative with emphasis on "Finger print" region, Quantitative analysis, Advantages and Limitations of IR 3.3.4 Introduction and basic principles of diffuse reflectance spectroscopy.	[15L]
Unit IV	 4.1 Thermal Methods: [9 L] 4.1.1 Introduction, Recapitulation of types of thermal methods, comparison between TGA and DTA. 4.1.2 Differential Scanning Calorimetry- Principle, comparison of DTA and DSC, Instrumentation, Block diagram, Nature of DSC Curve, Factors affecting curves (sample size, sample shape, pressure). 4.1.3 Applications - Heat of reaction, Specific heat, Safety screening, Polymers, liquid crystals, Percentage cystallinity, oxidative stability, Drug analysis, Magnetic transition. e.g. Analysis of Polyethylene for its crystallinity. 4.2 Automation in chemical analysis: [6 L] Need for automation, Objectives of automation, An overview of 	

automated instruments and instrumentation, process control analysis, flow injection analysis, discrete automated systems, automatic analysis based on multilayered films, gas monitoring equipment's, Automatic titrators. **REFERENCES:** 1. Modern Analytical Chemistry by David Harvey, McGraw-Hill Higher Education 2. Principles of Instrumental Analysis-Skoog, Holler and Nieman, 5th Edition, Ch: 1. 3. Fundamentals of Analytical Chemistry, By Douglas A. Skoog, Donald M. West, F. James Holler, Stanley R. Crouch, 9th Edition, 2004, Ch: 5. **4.** Undergraduate Instrumental Analysis, 6th Edition, J W Robinson, Marcel Dekker, Ch:1. 5. ISO 9000 Quality Systems Handbook, Fourth Edition, David Hoyle. (Chapter: 3 & 4) **6.** Quality in the Analytical Laboratory, Elizabeth Pichard, Wiley India, Ch: 5. Ch: 6 & Ch: 7. 7. Quality Management, Donna C S Summers, Prentice-Hall of India, Ch:3. 8. Quality in Totality: A Manager"s Guide To TQM and ISO 9000, ParagDiwan, Deep &Deep Publications, 1st Edition, 2000. 9. Quality Control and Total Quality Management - P.L. Jain-Tata McGraw-Hill (2006) Total Quality Management - Bester field - Pearson Education, Ch:5. 10. Industrial Hygiene and Chemical Safety, M. HFulekar, Ch. 9, Ch. 11& Ch:15. 11. Safety and Hazards Management in Chemical Industries, M N Vyas, Atlantic Publisher, Ch:4, Ch:5 & Ch:19. 12. Staff, World Health Organization (2009) Handbook: Good Laboratory Practice (GLP) 13. OECD Principles of Good Laboratory Practice (as revised in 1997)". OECD Environmental Health and Safety Publications. OECD. 1. 1998. 14. Klimisch, HJ; Andreae, M; Tillmann, U (1997). "A systematic approach for evaluating the quality of experimental toxicological eco-toxicological data". doi:10.1006/rtph.1996.1076. PMID 9056496. **Unit II** 1. 3000 solved problems in chemistry, Schaums Solved problem series, David E. Goldbers, Mc Graw Hill international Editions, Chapter 11,15,16,21,22 **Unit III**

- **1.** D. A. Skoog, F. J. Holler, T. A. Nieman, Principles of Instrumental Analysis, 5th Edition, Harcourt Asia Publisher. Chapter 6, 7.
- **2.** H. H. Willard, L. L. Merritt, J. A. Dean, F. A. Settle, Instrumental Methods of Analysis,6 th Edition, CBS Publisher. Chapter 2.
- **3.** R. D. Braun, Introduction to Instrumental Analysis, McGraw Hill Publisher. Chapter 8.

- **4.** D. A. Skoog, F. J. Holler, T. A. Nieman, Principles of Instrumental Analysis, 5 th Edition, Harcourt Asia Publisher. Chapter 13, 14.
- **5.** H. H. Willard, L. L. Merritt, J. A. Dean, F. A. Settle, Instrumental Methods of Analysis,6 th Edition, CBS Publisher. Chapter 2.
- **6.** R. D. Braun, Introduction to Instrumental Analysis, McGraw Hill Publisher. Chapter 5.
- **7.** G. W. Ewing, Instrumental Methods of Chemical Analysis, 5 th Edition, McGraw Hill Publisher, Chapter 3.
- **8.** M. Ito, The effect of temperature on ultraviolet absorption spectra and its relation to hydrogen bonding, J. Mol. Spectrosc.4 (1960)106-24.
- **9.** A. J. Somnessa, The effect of temperature on the visible absorption band of iodine inseveral solvents, Spectrochim. Acta. Part A: Molecular Spectroscopy, 33 (1977) 525-528.
- **10.** D. A. Skoog, F. J. Holler, T. A. Nieman, Principles of Instrumental Analysis, 5 th Edition, Harcourt Asia Publisher. Chapter 16, 17.
- **11.** R. D. Braun, Introduction to Instrumental Analysis, McGraw Hill Publisher. Chapter 12
- **12.** Z. M. Khoshhesab (2012). Infrared Spectroscopy- Materials Science, Engineering and Technology. Prof. Theophanides Theophile (Ed.). ISBN: 978-953- 51-0537- 4, InTech,(open access)

Unit IV

- **1.** Introduction to instrumental methods of analysis by Robert D. Braun, Mc. Graw Hill (1987): Chapter 27
- **2.** Thermal Analysis-theory and applications by R. T. Sane, Ghadge, Quest Publications
- **3.** Instrumental methods of analysis, 7 th Edition, Willard, Merrit, Dean: Chapter 25
- **4.** Instrumental Analysis, 5 th Edition, Skoog, Holler and Nieman: Chapter 31
- **5.** Quantitative Chemical Analysis, 6 th Edition, Vogel: Chapter 12
- **6.** Analytical Chemistry by Open Learning: Thermal Methods by James W. Dodd & Dodd & Amp; Kenneth H. Tonge
- 7. Instrumental methods of analysis, 7 th Edition, Willard, Merrit, Dean: Chapter 26
- **8.** Instrumental Analysis, 5th Edition, Skoog, Holler and Nieman: Chapter 33
- **9.** Introduction to instrumental methods of analysis by Robert D. Braun, Mc. GrawHill (1987): Chapter 28

23BPCH1 1	Course Title Organic Chemistry + Analytical Chemistry 2	No. of lectures in hrs.	
2 To unde	atcomes: ace skills in the various reaction preparations rstand Planning of organic synthesis, rstand chemical structure, reactivity and physical properties.		
	Organic Chemistry Practical (Any Four)		
	One-step preparation (1.0 g scale)		
	1. Bromobenzene to p-nitrobromobenzene		
	2. Anthracene to anthraquinone		
	3. Benzoin to benzil		
	4. <i>o</i> -Phenylenediamine to 2-methylbenzimidazole		
	5. 2-Naphthol to BINOL		
.	6. p-Benzoquinone to 1,2,4-triacetoxybenzene		
Unit I	7. Ethyl acetoacetate to 3-methyl-1-phenyl pyrazole-5-one		
	8. Urea and benzil to 5,5-diphenylhydantoin		
	 Learning points: Planning of synthesis, the effect of reaction parameters including stoichiometry, and safety aspects including MSDS should be learnt. Purify the product by crystallization. Formation and purity of 		
	the product should be checked by TLC		
	3. Report the mass and melting point of the purified product.		
	Analytical Chemistry Practical (Any Four)		
Unit II	 To carry out an assay of the sodium chloride injection by Volhard's method. Statistical method. To determine (a) the ion exchange capacity (b) exchange efficiency of the given cation exchange resin. 		
	 3. To determine the breakthrough capacity of a cation exchange resin. 4. To determine number of nitro groups in the given compound using TiCl₃. 	[15L]	
	5. To determine amount of Cr(III) and Fe(II) individually in a mixture of the two by titration with EDTA.6. To determine the lead and tin content of a solder alloy by titration with EDTA.		
	7. To determine amount of Cu(II) present in the given solution	22 / 0	

	containing a mixture of Cu(II) and Fe(II).	
	REFERENCES:	
Unit I	 Experimental Organic Chemistry for Postgraduate (ISST)Mumbai Systematic Qualitative organic analysis, H. Middleton (Orient Longman) A Handbook of Organic Analysis, H.T. Clark (Orient Longman) Systematic Identification of organic compounds, R.L. Shriner (John Wiley, New York) Practical Organic Chemistry by Mann and Saunders. Advance Practical Organic Chemistry, N.K. Vishnoi, Vikas Publication 	
Unit II	 Quantitative Inorganic Analysis including Elementary Instrumental Analysis by A. I. Vogels, 3rd Ed. ELBS (1964) Vogel's textbook of quantitative chemical analysis, Sixth Ed. Mendham, Denny, Barnes, Thomas, Pearson education Standard methods of chemical analysis, F. J. Welcher Standard Instrumental Methods of Chemical Analysis, F. J. Welcher W.W.Scott."Standard methods of Chemical Analysis", Vol.I,Van Nostrand Company, Inc.,1939. E.B.Sandell and H.Onishi, "Spectrophotometric Determination of Traces of Metals", Part- II,4th Ed.,A Wiley Interscience Publication, New York,1978. 	

Semester I

II] ELECTIVES COURSES

23BPCH1T 4	Course Title Green Chemistry and Catalyst Chemistry	Credits 2	No. of lectures in hrs.
Course Outo	comes: Upon completion of this course, students will acquire kno	wledge abou	it and be
able to -			
	miliarize with the significance of green chemistry and assessment	_	
	in knowledge on biocatalysts in oxidation, reduction and hydroly		
	ve an idea on solvent-free reaction solvent-free reaction technique	es.	
4 To far	miliarize with the use of ionic liquids as green solvents.		
	Green Chemistry and Catalyst		
	Principles and Concepts of Green Chemistry: Sustainable de	-	
	and green chemistry, Atom economy, examples of atom eco	nomic and	[15L]
Unit I	atom un-economic reactions, reducing toxicity.		
	Comparison of catalyst types, heterogeneous catalysts		
	composition and structures, synthesis of zeolites, structure dete		
	uses of zeolites, zeolites as catalyst, zeolites and the bulk		
	industry, catalysts in fine chemicals and pharmaceutical industric		
	Examples of Green Synthesis/ Reactions and some real world		
	Green Synthesis of the following compounds: Adipic acid, catechol,		
	disodium iminodiacetate (alternative to Strecker synthesis)		
Unit II	Microwave assisted reactions in water: Hofmann Elimination	<u> </u>	
	benzoate to benzoic acid, oxidation of toluene and alcohols;		
	assisted reactions in organic solvents Diels-Alder reactions	ction and	
	Decarboxylation reaction		
	REFERENCES:	1	
	1 Anastas, P.T. & Warner, J.K.: Green Chemistry - T	neory and	
	Practical, Oxford University Press (1998).	al Dalvisan	
	2 Matlack, A.S. Introduction to Green Chemistry, Marc		
	(2001). Cann, M.C. & Connely, M.E. Real-World cases		
	Chemistry, American Chemical Society, Washington (2000) 3 Ryan, M.A. & Tinnesand, M. Introduction to Green	•	
	American Chemical Society, Washington (2002).	Chemisu y,	
	4 Lancaster, M. Green Chemistry: An Introductory	Γevt RSC	
	Publishing, 2nd Edition, 2010.	icat Roc	
	5 Kirchoff, M. & Ryan, M.A. Greener approaches to und	lergraduate	
	chemistry experiment. American Chemical Society, Wash	_	
	(2002).		
	6 Sharma, R.K.; Sidhwani, I.T. & Chaudhari, M.K. I	.K. Green	
	Chemistry Experiment: A monograph International Publish		
	Pvt Ltd. New Delhi. Bangalore CISBN 978-93-81141-55-7	•	
	7 Cann, M. C. & Thomas, P. Real world cases in Green	,	
	American Chemical Society (2008). Lancaster, M. Green	=	
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	 An Introductory Text RSC Publishing, 2nd Edition, 2010. Pavia, D.L., Lampman, G.M., Kriz, G.S. & Engel, R.G. Introduction to Organic Laboratory Techniques: A Microscale and Macro Scale Approach, W.B.Saunders, 1995. 		
23BPCH1P 2	Course Title Practical Green Chemistry and Catalyst Chemistry	Credits 2	No. of lectures in hrs.
	PRACTICALS Preparation & Characterization 1. Biodiesel - Preparation 2. Soap - Preparation & Characterization 3. Cosmetics - Lipstick making 4. Atom economy -Traditional & green synthesis comparison 5. Pesticide - mode of action 6. Polymer - Synthesis & mol. wt. determination 7. Food - Adulteration drinking (milk) 8. Drug - Indian pharmacopeia procedure for analysing 9. Water - Drinking water parameters 10. Noise pollution testing 11. Industrial waste water Analysis. References 1. Biodiesel production Feedstacks , catalyst and technology Samuel Wiley publication ISBN:978-1-119-77133-3 2. The handbook of Soap manufacture 2007 by H.A. App Simmons 3. Surface Sciences and Adhesion Cosmetics 2021 by K.I. Mittal 4. Green Processes,by Chao-Jun Li, Paul T. Anastas Volum Synthesis ISBN:9783527688494 5. Polymer Synthesis and Characterization A Laborator By Stanley R. Sandler, Wolf Karo, JoAnne Bonestee Pearce · 1998 6. Food & Beverage Adulteration and Its Implications Practice By Gajanan Shirke · 2022 Notion Press at publishiners 7. Handbook of Pharmaceutical Excipients By Pharmacists Association · 2009 Paul J. Sheskey, Ray Rowe 9781582121352 8. Advanced Air and Noise Pollution Control by Lawrence Norman C. Pereira, Yung-Tse Hung Volume SBN:9781592597796 9. Industrial Wastewater Treatment, Recycling and Reuse V. Ranade, Vinay M Bhandari · 2014 ISBN:97804 published by Elsevier Science	is (Ape) 2022 by leton,W.H. I, H.S.Bui e 7Green y Manual el, Eli M. Theory & and shroff American ymond C. K. Wang, 2 2005 By Vivek	

Course Code	Course Title	Credits	No. of lectures in	
23BPCH1T5	(Elective Chemistry- Analytical Biochemistry)	2	hrs.	
Course Outco	omes: Upon completion of this course, students will acquire	knowledge	about and	
	are of chemical nature of biological macromolecules and its understanding of enzyme catalysis reactions and dietary requ			
3. Learne signifi	ers benefit from working in a medical laboratory because the cance of clinical chemistry from their own laboratory practication of the molecular approach to Clinical chemistry.	•		
	1. Carbohydrates: Biological importance of carbohydrate	*		
	Metabolism, Cellular currency of energy (ATP), Glycolysi Alcoholic and Lactic acid fermentations, Krebs cycle. Isola			
	characterization of polysaccharides.	aron und		
	2. Proteins: Classification, biological importance; Prima	ary and		
	secondary and tertiary structures of proteins: α -helix and β -	•		
	sheets, Isolation, characterization, denaturation of proteins.			
Unit I	3. Lipids: Classification. Biological importance of triglyce	erides,	[15]	
phosphoglycerides, and cholesterol; Lipid membrane, Liposomes and				
	their biological functions and underlying applications. Lipo	-		
	Properties, functions and biochemical functions of steroid h	normones.		
	Biochemistry of peptide hormones.			

	REFERENCES:		
	1. Analytical Biochemistry 3rd Edition by David J. Holme, Haz	zel	
	Peck Pearson College Div; 3rd edition (1998)		
	ISBN 978-0582294387		
	2. Biochemical Testing Clinical Correlation and Diagnosis		
	2020 ISBN:9781789850857 published by Intech open UK		
	3. Principles of Biochemistry Albert L. Lehninger · 1987 4. Piochemistry By Joromy M. Borg, John Tymography Gregory	,	
	4. Biochemistry By Jeremy M. Berg, John Tymoczko, Gregory Gatto, Lubert Stryer · 2019 ISBN:9781319114657 published		
	by Macmillan Learning	'	
Course			
Code	Practical	Lectures in	
23BPCH1P	(Elective Chamistury Applytical Biachemistury)	ts Hrs	
3	(Elective Chemistry- Analytical Biochemistry) 2		
	Identification and estimation of the following: (Any Six)		
	1. Carbohydrates – qualitative and quantitative.		
	2. Lipids – qualitative.		
	3. Determination of the iodine number of oil.		
	4. Determination of the saponification number of oil. 5. Determination of chalacters lysing Lichermonn, Byrchard		
	5. Determination of cholesterol using Liebermann- Burchard reaction.		
	6. Proteins – qualitative.		
7. Isolation of protein.			
8. Determination of protein by the Biuret reaction.			
9. Determination of nucleic acids.			
References:			
	1 Cooper, T.G. Tool of Biochemistry. Wiley-Blackwell (1977)		
	2 Wilson, K. & Walker, J. Practical Biochemistry. Cambrid University Press (2009).	lge	
	3 Varley, H., Gowenlock, A.H & Bell, M.: Practical Clini	cal	
	Biochemistry, Heinemann, London(1980).		
	4 Devlin, T.M., Textbook of Biochemistry with Clini	cal	
	Correlations, John Wiley & Sons,2010.		
	5 Berg, J.M., Tymoczko, J.L. & Stryer, L. Biochemistry, W.H. Freeman, 2002.		
	and		
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	,	of	
	Chromatographic Methods, D. Van Nostrand & Co., 1961. 9 BIOCHEMISTRY LABORATORY MANUAL published	1	
	ру		
Academic publisher, Kolkata ISBN:9789383420674			
	OR		
Apprenticeship/internship/Field project /case studies /on			
	job training	60 Hrs	

Course Code 23BPCH1T 6	Course Title ELECTIVE (Physical Chemistry)	Credits 2	No. of lectures in hrs.
• To une	To understand advance concepts in electrochemiustry		
Unit I	Chemical Dynamics-I 1.1 Composite Reactions: Recapitulation: Rate laws, Differential rate Consecutive reactions, Steady state Approxima determining steps, Microscopic Reversibility and Balanced Chain reactions-chain initiation process inorganic mechanisms: formation and decompo phosgene, decomposition of ozone,Reaction between and Bromine and some general examples Organic Decompositions: Decomposition of ethane, decomp acetaldehyde Gas phase Combustion: Reaction between hydrogen and oxygen – Hinshelwood and Thompson mechanism, Explosion factors affecting explosion limits. 1.2 Polymerization reactions: Kinetics of polymerization, Calculation of degree of polymeri stepwise reaction. Kinetics of free radic polymerization,Kinetic chain length and estimation of .of monomer units in the polymer produced by chain polymerization. 1.3 Reaction in Gas Phase Unimolecular Reactions: Lindeman-Hinshelwood the Ramsperger-Kasssel (RRK) theory, Rice-Ramsper Marcus (RRKM) theory. [Ref. 2 and 15, 17, 18]	Detailed ses. Some osition of Hydrogen position of A, Semenov limits and stepwise station for al chain average no	[15]
Unit II	Recapitulation – basics of electrochemistry. 2.1 Debye-Hückel theory of activity coefficient, Deblimiting law and it sextension to higher coefficient (derivations are expected) 2.2 Electrolytic conductance and ionic interaction, effect,. Debye-Hückel-Onsager equation (derivation Validity of this equation for aqueous and non-aqueous deviations from Onsager equation, Debye -Falkenha (dispersion of conductance at high frequencies), Wien 2.3 Batteries: Alkaline fuel cells, Phosphoric acid	relaxation expected). as solution, agen effect effect.	[15]

High temperature fuel cells[Solid –Oxide Fuel Cells (SOFC) and Molten Carbonate Fuel Cells]

2.4 Bio-electrochemistry: Introduction, cells and membranes, membrane potentials, theory of membrane potentials, interfacial electron transfer in biological systems, adsorption of proteins onto metals from solution, electron transfer from modified metals to dissolved protein in solution, enzymes as electrodes, electrochemical enzyme-catalysed oxidation of styrene. Goldmann equation. (derivations are expected)

[Ref: 14 and 16, 17, 18]

[Note: Numerical and theoretical problems from each unit are expected]

REFERENCES:

- **1.** Peter Atkins and Julio de Paula, Atkin"s Physical Chemistry, 7 th Edn., Oxford University Press, 2002.
- **2.** K.J. Laidler and J.H. Meiser, Physical Chemistry, 2 nd Ed., CBS Publishers and Distributors, New Delhi, 1999.
- **3.** Robert J. Silby and Robert A. Alberty, Physical Chemistry, 3 rd Edn., John Wiley and Sons (Asia) Pte. Ltd., 2002.
- **4.** Ira R. Levine, Physical Chemistry, 5 th Edn., Tata McGraw-Hill New Delhi, 2002.
- **5.** G.W. Castellan, Physical Chemistry, 3 rd Edn., Narosa Publishing House, New Delhi,1983.
- **6.** S. Glasstone, Text Book of Physical Chemistry, 2 nd Edn., McMillan and Co. Ltd., London, 1962
- **7.** B.K. Sen, Quantum Chemistry including Spectroscopy, Kalyani Publishers, 2003.
- **8.** A.K. Chandra, Introductory Quantum Chemistry, Tata McGraw Hill, 1994.
- **9.** R.K. Prasad, Quantum Chemistry, 2 nd Edn., New Age International Publishers, 2000.
- **10.** S. Glasstone, Thermodynamics for Chemists, Affiliated East-West Press, New Delhi, 1964.
- **11.** W.G. Davis, Introduction to Chemical Thermodynamics A Non– Calculus Approach, Saunders, Philadelphia, 19772.
- **12.** Peter A. Rock, Chemical Thermodynamics, University Science Books, Oxford University Press, 1983.
- **13.** Ira N. Levine, Quantum Chemistry, 5 th Edn., Pearson Education(Singapore)Pte.Ltd.,IndianBranch,New Delhi, 2000.
- **14.** Thomas Engel and Philip Reid, Physical Chemistry, 3 rd Edn., Pearson Education Limited 2013.
- **15.** D.N. Bajpai, Advanced Physical Chemistry, S. Chand 1 st Edn., 1992.

	 16. Bockris, John O'M., Reddy, Amulya K.N., Gamboa-Aldeco, Maria E., Modern Electrochemistry, 2A, Plenum Publishers, 1998. 17. Physical Chemistry by Gurtu and Gurtu 18. A Text book of Physical Chemistry by K L kapoor Vol 5, 2 nd Edn 		
Course Code 23BPCH1P 4	Practical ELECTIVE (Physical Chemistry+ Inorganic Chemistry)	Credits 2	Lectures in Hrs
Unit I	 To determine the mean ionic activity coefficient of an electrolyte by e.m.f.measurement. To study the effect of substituent on the dissociation constant of acetic acid conductometrically. To determine pKa values of phosphoric acid by potentiometric titration with sodium hydroxide using glass electrode. To determine the heat of solution (ΔH) of a sparingly soluble acid (benzoic /salicylic acid) from solubility measurement at three different temperature. To study the variation of calcium sulphate with ionic strength and hence determine the thermodynamic solubility product of CaSO4 at room temperature. 		60
Unit II	Inorganic Preparations (Synthesis and Characterization) 1) Bis-(tetraethylammonium) tetrachloro Cuprate (II)(Et ₄ N) 2[CuCl ₄] 2) Bis-(tetraethylammonium) tetrachloro Nickelate (II)(Et ₄ N) ₂ [NiCl ₄] 3) Bis (ethylenediamine) Copper (II) Sulphate [Cu(en) ₂]SO ₄ 4) Determination of equilibrium constant by Slope intercept method for Fe ⁺³ / SCN ⁻ system		
	 References UNIT I Peter Atkins and Julio de Paula, Atkin's Chemistry, 7th Edn., Oxford University Press, 20 K.J. Laidler and J.H. Meiser, Physical Chemistry CBS Publishers and Distributors, New Delhi, 199 Robert J. Silby and Robert A. Alberty, Physical Gard Edn., John Wiley and Sons (Asia) Pte. Ltd., 2 Ira R. Levine, Physical Chemistry, 5th Edn., Tata Hill New Delhi, 2002. G.W. Castellan, Physical Chemistry, 3rd Edn Publishing House, New Delhi, 1983. S. Glasstone, Text Book of Physical Chemistry, McMillan and Co. Ltd., London, 1962 	002. y, 2nd Ed., 99. Chemistry, 002. n McGraw- n., Narosa	

- **7.** B.K. Sen, Quantum Chemistry including Spectroscopy, Kalyani Publishers, 2003.
- **8.** A.K. Chandra, Introductory Quantum Chemistry, Tata McGraw Hill, 1994.
- **9.** R.K. Prasad, Quantum Chemistry, 2nd Edn., New Age International Publishers, 2000.
- **10.** S. Glasstone, Thermodynamics for Chemists, Affiliated East-West Press, New Delhi, 1964.
- **11.** W.G. Davis, Introduction to Chemical Thermodynamics A Non–Calculus Approach, Saunders, Philadelphia, 19772.
- **12.** Peter A. Rock, Chemical Thermodynamics, University Science Books, Oxford University Press, 1983.
- **13.** Ira N. Levine, Quantum Chemistry, 5th Edn., Pearson Education (Singapore) Pte. Ltd., Indian Branch, New Delhi, 2000.
- **14.** Thomas Engel and Philip Reid, Physical Chemistry, 3rd Edn., Pearson Education Limited 2013.
- **15.** D.N. Bajpai, Advanced Physical Chemistry, S. Chand 1st Edn., 1992.
- **16.** Bockris, John O'M., Reddy, Amulya K.N., Gamboa-Aldeco, Maria E., Modern Electrochemistry, 2A, Plenum Publishers, 1998.
- 17. Physical Chemistry by Gurtu and Gurtu
- **18.** A Text book of Physical Chemistry by K L kapoor Vol 5, 2nd Edn

Unit II

- **1.** Advanced experiments in Inorganic Chemistry., G. N. Mukherjee., 1st Edn., 2010., U.N.Dhur & Sons Pvt Ltd
- **2.** The Synthesis and Characterization of Inorganic Compounds by William L. Jolly
- **3.** Inorganic Chemistry Practical Under UGC Syllabus for M.Sc. in all India Universities By: Dr Deepak Pant

23BPRM1	III	Credits	No. of
T1	Course Title Research Methodology	4	lectures in hrs.
2. To unders3. To know t		etc	
Unit I	Journal abbreviations, abstracts, current titles, reviews, monographs, dictionaries, text-books, current contents, Introduction to Chemical Abstracts and Beilstein, Subject Index, Substance Index, Author Index, Formula Index, and other Indices with examples. Digital: [5L] Web sources, E-journals, Journal access, TOC alerts, Hot articles, Citation Index, Impact factor, H-index, E-consortium, UGC infonet, E-books, Internet discussion groups and communities, Blogs, preprint servers, Search engines, Scirus, Google Scholar, ChemIndustry, Wikidatabases, ChemSpider, Science Direct, SciFinder, Scopus. Information Technology and Library Resources: [5L] The Internet and World wide web, Internet resources for Chemistry, finding and citing published information.		[15]
Unit II	The Investigative Approach: Making and recording Measurements, SI units and their use, Scientific methods and design of experiments. Analysis and Presentation of Data: Descriptive statistics, choosing and using statistical tests, Chemometrics, Analysis of Variance (ANOVA), Correlation and regression, curve fitting, fitting of linear equations, simple linear cases, weighted linear case, analysis of residuals, general polynomial fitting, linearizing transformations, exponential function fit, r and its abuse, basic aspects of		[15]
Unit III	multiple linear regression analysis. METHODS OF SCIENTIFIC RESEARCH AND WRITING SCIENTIFIC PAPERS [15L] Reporting practical and project work, Writing literature surveys Reviews, organizing a poster display, giving an oral presentation Writing Scientific Papers: Justification for scientific contributions, bibliography, description methods, conclusions, the need for illustration, style, publication	and 1. n of	[15]

	Scientific work, writing ethics, avoiding plagiarism.	
Unit IV	Unit IV: CHEMICAL SAFETY & ETHICAL HANDLING OF CHEMICALS Safe working procedure and protective environment, protective apparel, emergency procedure, first aid, laboratory ventilation, safe storage and use of hazardous chemicals, procedure for working with substances that pose hazards, flammable or explosive hazards, procedures for working with gases at pressures above or below atmospheric pressure, safe storage and disposal of waste chemicals, recovery, recycling and reuse of laboratory chemicals, procedure for laboratory disposal of explosives, identification, verification and segregation of laboratory waste, disposal of chemicals in the sanitary sewer system, incineration and transportation of hazardous chemicals.	[15]
	 References: Dean, J. R., Jones, A. M., Holmes, D., Reed, R., Weyers, J., & Jones, A., (2011), Practical skills in Chemistry, 2 nd Ed., Prentice Hall, Harlow. Hibbert, D. B. & Gooding, J. J. (2006) Data Analysis for Chemistry Oxford University Press. Topping, J., (1984) Errors of Observation and their Treatment 4 thEd., Chapman Hill, London. Harris, D. C. (2007) Quantative Chemical Analysis 6th Ed., Freeman Chapters 3-5 Levie, R. De. (2001) How to use Excel in Analytical Chemistry and in general scientific data analysis Cambridge University Press. Chemical Safety matters – IUPAC-IPCS, (1992) Cambridge University Press. 	

SEMESTER II

Mandatory Courses

23BPCH2 T1	Course Title Inorganic Chemistry	Credits 4	No. of lectures in hrs.
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The paper is exploring the understanding of inorganic reaction mechanism, structure and bonding of organometallic compounds, biological implication of radioactive materials and the role of different metalloproteins in biological processes. To have basic understanding and knowledge of metals with respect to their toxicity and impact on environment and to sensitize students for remediation processes the Environmental chemistry topic is introduced.

Outcome

- Conceptual learning to meet the requirements of basic research in the field of catalysis and reaction mechanism
- Acquire skills to tackle the social issues by basic understanding of core topics in Inorganic chemistry
- ➤ Design and carry out scientific experiments on environmental pollution by exploring the central role of chemistry in our society.
- Explore new areas of research in medicinal and biological fields of science and technology
- ➤ Adapt problem solving skills and have preparedness in lifelong learning of technological change.

	Inorganic Reaction Mechanism:	
Unit I	 1.1 Rate of reactions, factors affecting the rate of reactions, techniques for determination of rate of reaction (Direct chemical analysis, spectrophotometric method, electrochemical and flow methods). 1.2 Ligand substitution reactions of: a) Octahedral complexes without breaking of metal-ligand bond (Use of isotopic labelling method) b) Square planar complexes, trans-effect, its theories and applications. Mechanism and factors affecting these substitution reactions. 1.3 Redox reactions: inner and outer sphere mechanisms, complimentary and non- complimentary reactions. 1.4 Stereochemistry of substitution reactions of octahedral complexes. (Isomerization and racemization reactions and applications.) 	[15L]
Unit II	 Organometallic Chemistry of Transition metals: [15 L] 2.1. Eighteen and sixteen electron rule and electron counting with examples. 2.2. Preparation and properties of the following compounds (a) Alkyl and aryl derivatives of Pd and Pt complexes (b) Carbenes and carbynes of Cr, Mo and W (c) Alkene derivatives of Pd and Pt (d) Alkyne derivatives of Pd and Pt 	[15L]

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	(-) All-1 1-2 (* 6 : 1 1	
	 (e) Allyl derivatives of nickel (f) Sandwich compounds of Fe, Cr and Half Sandwich compounds of Cr, Mo. 2.3 Structure and bonding on the basis of VBT and MOT in the following organometallic compounds: 	
	Zeise"s salt, bis(triphenylphosphine)diphenylacetylene platinum(0) [Pt(PPh ₃) ₂ (HC≡CPh) ₂], diallylnickel(II), ferrocene and bis(arene)chromium(0), tricarbonyl (η ² -butadiene) iron(0).	
	3.1. Inorganic cluster and cage compounds	
	(i) Introduction (ii) Bonding in boranes (iii) Heteroboranes	
	(iv) Carboranes (v) Cluster compounds (vi) Electron precise compounds and their relation to clusters.	
	3.2. Chemistry of Metal clusters	[15L
TT .*4 TTT	(a) Metal-Metal Bonding and Metal Clusters.]
Unit III	(b) Electron Count and Structures of Clusters.	-
	(c) Isolobal Analogy.	
	3.3. Inorganic ring and chain compounds	
	(a) Silicates, polysilicates and aluminosilicates.	
	(b) Phosphazenes and phosphazene polymers.	
	(c) Polyanionic and polycationic compounds.	
	Bioinorganic Chemistry	
	4L Biological oxygen carriers; hemoglobin, hemerythrene and hemocyanine- structure of metal active center and differences in mechanism of oxygen binding, Differences between hemoglobin and myoglobin: Cooperativity of oxygen binding in hemoglobin and Hill equation, pH dependence of oxygen affinity in hemoglobin and myoglobin and it"s implications.	
Unit IV	42 Activation of oxygen in biological system with examples of mono-oxygenases, and oxidases- structure of the metal center and mechanism of oxygen activation by these enzymes.	
	43 Copper containing enzymes- superoxide dismutase, tyrosinase and laccase: catalytic reactions and the structures of the metal binding site	
	4 Nitrogen fixation-nitrogenase, hydrogenases	
İ	45 Metal ion transport and storage:Ionophores, transferrin, ferritin and metallothionins	
	46 Medicinal applications of cis-platin and related compounds	
	D.C.	
	ReferencesP. Atkins, T. Overton, J. Rourke, M. Weller and F. Armstrong,	
	Inorganic Chemistry, 5 th Ed., Oxford University Press, 2010.	

- 2. D. Banerjea, Coordination Chemistry, Tata McGraw Hill, 1993.
- **3.** W. H. Malik, G. D./ Tuli and R. D. Madan, Selected Topics in Inorganic Chemistry, 8th Ed., S. Chand & Company ltd.
- **4.** M. L. Tobe and J. Burgess, Inorganic Reaction Mechanism, Longman, 1999.
- **5.** S. Asperger, Chemical kinetics and Inorganic Reaction Mechanism, 2nd Ed., Kluwer Academic/ Plenum Publishers, 2002
- **6.** Gurdeep Raj, Advanced Inorganic Chemistry-Vol.II, 12th Edition, Goel publishing house, 2012
- **7.** B. R. Puri, L. R. Sharma and K. C. Kalia, Principles of Inorganic Chemistry, Milestone Publishers, 2013-2014.
- **8.** F. Basalo and R. G. Pearson, Mechanism of Inorganic Reactions, 2nd Ed., Wiley, 1967.
- **9.** R. Gopalan and V. Ramlingam, Concise Coordination chemistry, Vikas Publishing house Pvt Ltd., 2001.
- **10.** Robert B. Jordan, Reaction Mechanisms of Inorganic and Organometallic Systems, 3rd Ed., Oxford University Press 2008.

Unit II

- 1. D. Banerjea, Coordination chemistry. Tata McGrew Hill, New Delhi,1993.
- **2.** R.C Mehrotra and A.Singh, Organometallic Chemistry- A unified Approach, 2nded, New Age International Pvt Ltd, 2000.
- **3.** R.H Crabtree, The Organometallic Chemistry of the Transition Metals, 5th edition, Wiley International Pvt, Ltd 2000.
- **4.** B.Doughlas, D.H McDaniel and J.J Alexander. Concepts and Models of Inorganic Chemistry, 2nd edition, John Wiley and Sons, 1983.
- 5. Organometallic Chemistry by G.S Sodhi. Ane Books Pvt Ltd. Unit III
- 1. P. Atkins, T. Overton, J. Rourke, M. Weller and F. Armstrong, Inorganic Chemistry, 5th Ed., Oxford University Press, 2010.
- **2.** W. H. Malik, G. D./ Tuli and R. D. Madan, Selected Topics in Inorganic Chemistry, 8th Ed., S. Chand & Company ltd.
- 3. M. L. Tobe and J. Burgess, Inorganic Reaction Mechanism, Longman, 1999.
- **4.** S. Asperger, Chemical kinetics and Inorganic Reaction Mechanism, 2nd Ed., Kluwer Academic/ Plenum Publishers, 2002
- **5.** Gurdeep Raj, Advanced Inorganic Chemistry-Vol.II, 12th Edition, Goel publishing house, 2012
- **6.** B. R. Puri, L. R. Sharma and K. C. Kalia, Principles of Inorganic Chemistry, Milestone Publishers, 2013-2014.

- 7. F. Basalo and R. G. Pearson, Mechanism of Inorganic Reactions, 2nd Ed., Wiley, 1967.
- **8.** R. Gopalan and V. Ramlingam, Concise Coordination chemistry, Vikas Publishing house Pvt Ltd., 2001.

Unit IV

- 1. R. W. Hay, Bioinorganic Chemistry, Ellis Harwood, England, 1984.
- **2.** I. Bertini, H.B.Gray, S. J. Lippard and J.S. Valentine, Bioinorganic Chemistry, First South Indian Edition, Viva Books, New Delhi, 1998.
- **3.** J. A. Cowan, *Inorganic Biochemistry-An introduction*, VCH Publication, 1993.
- **4.** S. J. Lippard and J. M. Berg, *Principles of Bioinorganic Chemistry*, University Science Publications, Mill Valley, Caligronic, 1994.
- **5.** G.N. Mukherjee and A. Das, Elements of Bioinorganic Chemistry, Dhuri & Sons, Calcutta, 1988.
- 6. J.Chem. Educ. (Special issue), Nov, 1985.
- 7. E.Frienden, J.Chem. Educ., 1985, 62.
- **8.** Robert R.Crechton, Biological Inorganic Chemistry An Introduction, Elsevier
- **9.** J. R. Frausto da Silva and R. J. P. Williams *The Biological Chemistry of the Elements*, Clarendon Press, Oxford, 1991.
- **10.** JM. D. Yudkin and R. E. Offord *A Guidebook to Biochemistry*, Cambridge University Press, 1980.

23BPCH2T	Course Title	Credits	No. of lectures
2	Organic Chemistry	4	in hrs.

Course Outcomes:

1 Aim and objective

The paper is exploring the understanding advance concept in organic reaction mechanism, Molecular Orbital Theory different rearrangement reactions and spectroscopic techniques. The syllabus is designed in such a manner that learners apply basic knowledge of Organic Chemistry in academia and Industry to meet the employability skill as per standard. Through the advanced course work and laboratory work in the department and a project work students accomplish a solution to problems encountered in the field of research.

Course Outcomes: After completion of course students able to-

- > Students will recognize reaction mechanism and intermediate
- ➤ The reactivity and stability, conformation and stereochemistry of an organic molecule
- > To understand importance of Molecular Orbital Theory for Organic molecule
- > To understand and apply concepts of UV,IR,NMR and Mass spectroscopy for structural elucidation of organic molecule
- ➤ To understand organic molecule behavior in new areas of research in drugs chemistry, catalysis reaction mechanism and allied fields.
- Conceptual learning to meet the requirements of basic research in the field of
- ➤ Develop problem solving skills and have preparedness in lifelong learning of technological change.

Unit II	 Reactions and Rearrangements: (15 L) Mechanisms, stereochemistry (if applicable) and applications of the following: 2.1. Reactions: Baylis-Hilman reaction, McMurry Coupling, Corey-Fuchs reaction, Nef reaction, Passerini reaction. 2.2. Concerted rearrangements: Hofmann, Curtius, Lossen, Schmidt, Wolff, Boulton- Katritzky. 2.3. Cationic rearrangements: Tiffeneau-Demjanov, Pummerer, Dienone-phenol, Rupe, Wagner-Meerwein. 2.4. Anionic rearrangements: Brook, Neber, Von Richter, Wittig, Gabriel-Colman, Payne. [Reference Books: 19-22] 	[15L]
Unit III	 3.1. Introduction to Molecular Orbital Theory for Organic Chemistry: (7 L) 3.1.1. Molecular orbitals: Formation of σ- and π-MOs by using LCAO method. Formation of π MOs of ethylene, butadiene, 1, 3, 5-hexatriene, allyl cation, anion and radical. Concept of nodal planes and energies of π-MOs 3.1.2. Introduction to FMOs: HOMO and LUMO and significance of HOMO-LUMO gap in absorption spectra as well as chemical reactions. MOs of formaldehyde: The effect of electronegativity perturbation and orbital polarization in formaldehyde. HOMO and LUMO (π and π* orbitals) of formaldehyde. A brief description of MOs of nucleophiles and electrophiles. Concept of "donor-acceptor" interactions in nucleophilic addition reactions on formaldehyde. Connection of this HOMO-LUMO interaction with "curved arrows" used in reaction mechanisms. The concept of hardness and softness and its application to electrophiles and nucleophiles. Examples of hard and soft nucleophiles/ electrophiles. Identification of hard and soft reactive sites on the basis of MOs. 31.3. Application of FMO concepts in (a) S ² reaction, (b) Lewis acid base adducts (BF - NH₃ complex), (c) ethylene dimerization to butadiene, (d) Diels-Alder cycloaddition, (e) regioselective reaction of allyl cation with allyl anion (f) addition of hydride to formaldehyde. 32. Applications of UV and IR spectroscopy: (8 L) 321. Ultraviolet spectroscopy: Recapitulation, UV spectra of dienes, conjugated polyenes (cyclic and acyclic), carbonyl and 	[15L]

unsaturated carbonyl compounds, substituted aromatic compounds. Factors affecting the position and intensity of UV bands – effect of conjugation, steric factor, pH, and solvent polarity. Calculation of absorption maxima for above classes of compounds by Woodward-Fieser rules (using Woodward-Fieser tables for values for substituents).

322. Infrared spectroscopy: Fundamental, overtone and combination bands, vibrational coupling, factors affecting vibrational frequency (atomic weight, conjugation, ring size, solvent and hydrogen bonding). Characteristic vibrational frequencies for alkanes, alkenes, alkynes, aromatics, alcohols, ethers, phenols, amines, nitriles and nitro compounds. Detailed study of vibrational frequencies of carbonyl compounds, aldehydes, ketones, esters, amides, acids, acid halides, anhydrides, lactones, lactams and conjugated carbonyl compounds.

NMR spectroscopy and Mass spectrometry (15 L)

- 41. Proton magnetic resonance spectroscopy: Principle, Chemical shift, Factors affecting chemical shift (Electronegativity, H-bonding, Anisotropy effects). Chemical and magnetic equivalence, Chemical shift values and correlation for protons bonded to carbon and other nuclei as in alcohols, phenols, enols, carboxylic acids, amines, amides. Spin-spin coupling, Coupling constant (J), Factors affecting J, geminal, vicinal and long range coupling (allylic and aromatic). First order spectra, Karplus equation.
- **42** ¹³C NMR spectroscopy: Theory and comparison with proton NMR, proton coupled and decoupled spectra, off-resonance decoupling. Factors influencing carbon shifts, correlation of chemical shifts of aliphatic, olefin, alkyne, aromatic and carbonyl carbons.
- **43. Mass spectrometry:** Molecular ion peak, base peak, isotopic abundance, metastable ions. Nitrogen rule, Determination of molecular formula of organic compounds based on isotopic abundance and HRMS. Fragmentation pattern in various classes of organic compounds (including compounds containing hetero atoms), McLafferty rearrangement, Retro-Diels-Alder reaction, ortho effect.
- **44.** Structure determination involving individual or combined use of the above spectral techniques.

[Reference Books: 13-18]

Unit IV

REFERENCES:

- **1.** Organic Chemistry, J. Claydens, N. Greeves, S. Warren and P. Wothers, Oxford University Press.
- **2.** Advanced Organic Chemistry, F.A. Carey and R.J. Sundberg, Part A, page no. 713-769, and B, Plenum Press.
- **3.** March"s Advanced Organic Chemistry: Reactions, Mechanisms and Structure, Michael B. Smith, Jerry March, Wiley.
- **4.** Organic Chemistry, R.T. Morrison, R.N. Boyd and S.K. Bhattacharjee, Pearson Publication (7th Edition)
- **5.** Advanced Organic Chemistry: Reactions and mechanism, B. Miller and R. Prasad, Pearson Education.
- **6.** Advanced Organic Chemistry: Reaction mechanisms, R. Bruckner, Academic Press.
- **7.** Understanding Organic Reaction Mechanisms, Adams Jacobs, Cambridge University Press.
- **8.** Writing Reaction Mechanism in organic chemistry, A. Miller, P.H. Solomons, Academic Press.
- **9.** Principles of Organic Synthesis, R.O.C. Norman and J.M Coxon, Nelson Thornes.
- **10.** Advanced Organic Chemistry: Reactions and mechanism, L.G. Wade, Jr., Maya Shankar Singh, Pearson Education.
- 11. Mechanism in Organic Chemistry, Peter Sykes, 6th
- **12.** Molecular Orbital and Organic chemical reactions, Ian Fleming Reference Edition, Wiley
- **13.** Introduction to Spectroscopy, Donald L. Pavia, Gary M. Lampman, George S. Kriz, Thomson Brooks.
- **14.** Spectrometric Identification of Organic Compounds, R. Silverstein, G.C Bassler and T.C. Morrill, John Wiley and Sons.
- **15.** Organic Spectroscopy, William Kemp, W.H. Freeman & Company.
- **16.** Organic Spectroscopy-Principles and Applications, Jagmohan, Narosa Publication.
- 17. Organic Spectroscopy, V.R.Dani, Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Co.
- **18.** Spectroscopy of Organic Compounds, P.S.Kalsi,NewAge International Ltd.
- **19.** Organic Reaction Mechanisms, V.K. Ahluwalia, R.K. Parasher, Alpha Science International, 2011.
- 20. Reactions, Rearrangements and Reagents by S. N. Sanyal
- 21. Name Reactions, Jie Jack Li, Springer
- **22.** Name Reactions and Reagents in Organic Synthesis, Bradford P. Mundy, M.G. Ellerd, and F.G. Favaloro, John Wiley & Sons.

23BPCH2T 3	Course Title	Credits	No. of lectures
	Analytical Chemistry	4	in hrs.

Aim and objective

This course focuses on different types of chromatographic techniques. Chromatography with instrumental details is essential for students to comprehend the significance of these techniques in various chemical and other industries. Spectroscopy is most important branch of chemical analysis. The basic theory, general instrumental design of X-ray, mass spectroscopies is covered. Radioanalytical techniques are finds their unique position in research laboratories. Surface characterization of the materials is generally carried out with SEM, TEM, STM and ESCA. The theory, instrumentation and applications of surface characterization is covered in Unit III. It is covered in great detail in module IV. This will train the students to use this versatile technique. Applied electro analytical techniques are widely used for specific estimations in industry, environmental sciences and research.

- 1. Concept of chromatography by using plate and rate theory
- 2 To understand use of GC, HPLC techniques and selection of columns
- **3.** Complete theory, instrumentation and applications of X-ray, Mass spectroscopy and Radioanalytical techniques.
- **4.** To comprehend the basic principle, instrumentation and applications of Atomic spectroscopy based on plasma sources
- **5.** To understand the theory and operating principles of different surface analytical techniques of SEM, TEM, STM, ESCA and Auger
- **6.** Applied Electroanalytical techniques like Ion selective potentiometry and Polarography, Electrogravimetry and Coulometry.

	Chromatography [15 L]	
Unit I	 1.1 Recapitulation of basic concepts in chromatography: Classification of chromatographic methods, requirements of an ideal detector, types of detectors in LC and GC, comparative account of detectors with reference to their applications (LC and GC respectively), qualitative and quantitative analysis.[2 L] 1.2 Concept of plate and rate theories in chromatography: efficiency, 	[15L]
	resolution, selectivity and separation capability. Van Deemter equation and broadening of chromatographic peaks.	

	Optimization of chromatographic conditions.[5 L]	
	13 Gas Chromatography: Instrumentation of GC with special reference to sample injection systems – split/splitless, column types, solid/ liquid stationary phases, column switching techniques, temperature programming, Thermionic and mass spectrometric detector, Applications. [3 L]	
	14 High Performance Liquid Chromatography (HPLC): Normal phase and reversed phase with special reference to types of commercially available columns (Use of C8 and C18 columns). Diode array type and fluorescence detector, Applications of HPLC. Chiral and ion chromatography. [5 L]	
Unit II	 2.1 X-ray spectroscopy: principle, instrumentation and applications of X-ray fluorescence, absorption and diffraction spectroscopy. [4 L] 2.2 Mass spectrometry: recapitulation, instrumentation, ion sources for molecular studies, electron impact, field ionization, field absorption, chemical ionization and fast atom bombardment sources. Mass analyzers: Quadrupole, time of flight and ion trap. Applications.[6 L] 2.3 Radioanalytical Methods – recapitulation, isotope dilution method, introduction, principle, single dilution method, double dilution method and applications. [5 L] 	[15L]
Unit III	 3.1 urface Analytical Techniques – [9 L] Introduction, Principle, Instrumentation and Applications of: 3.1.1 Scanning Electron Microscopy (SEM) 3.1.2 Scanning Tunneling Microscopy (STM) 3.1.3 Transmission Electron Microscopy (TEM) 3.1.4 Electron Spectroscopy (ESCA and Auger) 3.2 Atomic Spectroscopy [6 L] 3.2.1 Advantages and Limitations of AAS 3.2.2 Atomic Spectroscopy based on plasma sources – Introduction, Principle, Instrumentation and Applications. 	[15L]

	Electrophylical Methods (Numericals are Ermested)	
	Electroanalytical Methods (Numericals are Expected)	
	4.1 Ion selective potentiometry and Polarography: [10 L]	
	Ion selective electrodes and their applications (solid state,	
	precipitate, liquid –liquid, enzyme and gas sensing electrodes), ion	
	selective field effect transistors, biocatalytic membrane electrodes	
Unit IV	and enzyme based biosensors.	
	Polarography: Ilkovic equation, derivation starting with Cottrell	
	equation, effect of complex formation on the polarographic waves.	
	4.2 Electrogravimetry : Introduction, principle, instrumentation,	
	factors affecting the nature of the deposit, applications.[3 L]	
	4.3 Coulometry: Introduction, principle, instrumentation, coulometry	
	at controlled potential and controlled current [2 L]	
	REFERENCES:	
	Unit I	
	1. Instrumental Analysis, Skoog, Holler & Crouch	
	2. HPLC Practical and Industrial Applications, 2 nd Ed., Joel K.	
	Swadesh, CRC Press	
	Unit II	
	1. Essentials of Nuclear Chemistry, H J Arnikar, New Age Publishers	
	(2005)	
	2. Fundamentals of Radiochemistry D. D. Sood , A. V. R. Reddy and	
	N. Ramamoorthy	
	3. Principles of Instrumental Analysis - Skoog, Holler and Nieman,	
	5 th Edition, Ch: 12	
	4. Principles of Instrumental Analysis - Skoog, Holler and Nieman,	
	5 th Edition, Ch: 20	
	Unit III	
	1. Instrumental Analysis by Douglas A. Skoog - F. James Holler -	
	Crouch, Publisher: Cengage; Edition, (2003), ISBN-10:	
	8131505421, ISBN-13: 978-8131505427	
	2 Physical Principles of Electron Microscopy, An Introduction to	
	TEM, SEM, and AEM	
	3. Authors: Ray F. Egerton, ISBN: 978-0- 387-25800- 3 (Print) 978-0-	
	387-26016- 7(Online)	
	4. Modern techniques of surface science by D.P. Woodruff, T.A.	
	Delchar, Cambridge Univ. Press, 1994	
	5. Introduction to Scanning Tunneling Microscopy by C. J. Chen,	
	Oxford University Press, NewYork, 1993.	
	6 5. Transmission Electron Microscopy: A text book for Material	
	Science, David B Williams and C., Barry Carter,	
	Springer	
	7. Modern Spectroscopy, by J.M. Hollas, 3rd Edition (1996), John	
	Wiley, New York	

- **8** Principles of Instrumental Analysis Skoog, Holler, Nieman, 5th ed., Harcourt College Publishers, 1998.
- 9. Instrumental Analysis by Douglas A. Skoog F.
 James Holler Crouch, Publisher:
 Cengage; Edition (2003), ISBN10: 8131505421, ISBN-13:
 978-8131505427

Unit IV

- **1.** Principles of Instrumental Analysis Skoog, Holler, Nieman, 5th Edition, Harcourt College Publishers, 1998. Chapters 23, 24, 25.
- **2.** Analytical Chemistry Principles John H Kennnedy, 2nd edition, Saunders College Publishing (1990).
- **3.** Modern Analytical Chemistry David Harvey; McGraw Hill Higher education publishers, (2000).
- **4.** Vogel"s Text book of quantitative chemical analysis, 6th edition, Pearson Education Limited, (2007).
- **5.** Electrochemical Methods Fundamentals and Applications, Allen J Bard and Larry R Faulkner, John Wiley and Sons, (1980).
- **6.** Instrumental Methods of Analysis Willard, Merrit, Dean and Settle, 7th edition, CBS publishers.

23BPCH2P 1	Course Title Organic Chemistry + Analytical Chemistry	Credits 2	No. of lectures in hrs.
 Type To ha To december 	comes: After completion of this course the learner will be able to of mixture, separation, purification and characterization of separated andle instruments, concepts of qualitative and quantitative techniques duce qualitative and quantitative information of chemical compounds using oscopic methods. Evelop scientific temperament and research-based skills accomplish to encearch Separation of Binary mixture using micro-scale technique 1. Separation of binary mixture using physical and chemical met 2. Characterization of one of the components with the help of che analysis and confirmation of the structure with the help of derepreparation and its physical constant. 3. Purification and determination of mass and physical constant second component. The following types are expected: (i) Water soluble/water insoluble solid and water insoluble solid in Non-volatile liquid-Non-volatile liquid (chemical separation) water-insoluble solid-Non-volatile liquid. Minimum two mixtures from each type and a total of five mixture expected.	d organic s. g advanced countered chods. hemical rivative t of the lid, ion)	d
Unit II	 Analytical Chemistry To determine percentage purity of sodium carbonate in washin pH metrically. To determine amount of Ti(III) and Fe(II) in a mixture titration with Ce(IV) potentiometrically. To determine the amount of Fe(II) and Fe(III) in a mixture us 1,10-phenanthroline spectrophotometrically. To determine the percentage composition of HCl and H₂SO₄ weight basis in a mixture of two by conductometric titration w NaOH and BaCl₂. 	by ing on	[15L]
	REFERENCES:		
Unit I	 Systematic Qualitative organic analysis, H.Middleton (Orient Longman) A Handbook of Organic Analysis, H.T. Clark (Orient Longman) Systematic Identification of organic compounds, R.L. Shriner (Wiley, New York) Practical Organic Chemistry by Mann and Saunders. Advance Practical Organic Chemistry, N.K. Vishnoi, Vikas Publication 	•	48 / 60

Quantitative Inorganic Analysis including Elementary Instrumental Analysis by A. I. Vogels, 3rd Ed. ELBS (1964) Vogel's textbook of quantitative chemical analysis, Sixth Ed. Mendham, Denny, Barnes, Thomas, Pearson education Standard methods of chemical analysis, F. J. Welcher Standard Instrumental methods of Chemical Analysis, F. J. Welcher W.W.Scott. "Standard methods of Chemical Analysis", Vol.I, Van Nostrand Company, Inc., 1939. E.B.Sandell and H.Onishi, "Spectrophotometric Determination of Traces of Metals", Part- II, 4th Ed., A Wiley Interscience Publication, New York, 1978

II] Elective Courses

Course Code 23BPCH 2T4	Course Title ELECTIVE Polymer Chemistry Credits 2	No. of lectures in hrs
Course O	utcomes: Upon completion of this course, students will acquire know	ledge about
Copo 2. Stude mole	y the, methods of measuring the molecular weight, polymerization kir olymerization and polymer processing technologies. The ents will be able to evaluate the effect of factors such as <i>polymer</i> structular weight, branching and diluents on crystalline. The are able to work in industries.	
Unit I :	Introduction, importance classification of polymer (03) Benchmarks for synthetic polymer formation, classification of polymerization processes, Relationships between functionality extent of reaction, and degree of polymerization. Bi-functional systems, Poly-functional systems. Kinetics of Polymerization (05) Mechanism and kinetics of step-growth, radical chain growth, ionic chain (both cationic and anionic) and coordination polymerizations Mechanism and kinetics of copolymerization, polymerization techniques. Properties of Polymer (07) (Physical, thermal, Flow & Mechanical Properties) Preparation, structure, properties and application of the following polymers: polyolefins, polystyrene and styrene copolymers, poly(vinyl chloride) and related polymers, poly(vinyl acetate) and related polymers, acrylic polymers, fluoropolymers, Polyamides and related polymers. Phenol formaldehyde resint (Bakelite, Novalac), polyurethanes, silicone polymers, polydienes Polycarbonates, Conducting Polymers, [polyacetylene, polyaniline poly(p-phenylene sulphide polypyrrole, polythiophene)].	[15]
Unit III	Crystallization and crystallinity (7L) Determination of crystalline melting point and degree o crystallinity, Morphology of crystalline polymers, and Factor affecting crystalline melting point. Determination of molecular weight of polymers (8L)	

(Mn, Mw, etc) by end-group analysis, viscometry, light scattering and osmotic pressure methods. Molecular weight distribution and its

significance. Polydispersity index.

	References	
	 R.B. Seymour & C.E. Carraher: Polymer Chemistry: An Introduction, Marcel Dekker, Inc. New York, 1981. G. Odian: Principles of Polymerization, 4th Ed. Wiley, 2004. F.W. Billmeyer: Textbook of Polymer Science, 2nd Ed. Wiley Interscience, 1971. P. Ghosh: Polymer Science & Technology, Tata McGraw-Hill Education, 1991. R.W. Lenz: Organic Chemistry of Synthetic High Polymers. Interscience Publishers, New York, 1967. 	
23BPCH 2P2	Practical - Polymer Synthesis	
	 Purification of monomer Preparation of nylon 66/6 Redox polymerization of acrylamide 	
	 4. Precipitation polymerization of acrylonitrile 5. Preparation of urea-formaldehyde resin Polymer characterization 6. Determination of molecular weight by viscometry: 	
	 a. Polyacrylamide-aq.NaNO2 solution b. (Poly vinyl proplylidine (PVP) in water 7. Determination of the viscosity-average molecular weight of poly(vinyl alcohol) (PVOH) and the fraction of "head-to-head" 	
	monomer linkages in the polymer. 8. Determination of molecular weight by end group	
	 analysis: Polyethylene glycol (PEG) (OH group). 9. Testing of mechanical properties of polymers. 10. Determination of hydroxyl number of a polymer using colorimetric method. 	
	Polymer analysis 11. Estimation of the amount of HCHO in the given solution by sodium sulphite method	
	 12. Instrumental Techniques 13. IR studies of polymers 14. Preparation of polyacrylamide and its electrophoresis 	
	 References: M.P. Stevens, Polymer Chemistry: An Introduction, 3rd Ed., Oxford University Press, 1999. H.R. Allcock, F.W. Lampe & J.E. Mark, Contemporary Polymer Chemistry, 3rd ed. Prentice- Hall (2003) F.W. Billmeyer, Textbook of Polymer Science, 3rd ed. 	

	Wiley-Interscience (1984)	
4	J.R. Fried, Polymer Science and Technology, 2nd ed.	
	Prentice-Hall (2003)	
5	P. Munk & T.M. Aminabhavi, Introduction to	
	Macromolecular Science, 2nd ed. John Wiley & Sons (2002)	
6	L. H. Sperling, Introduction to Physical Polymer Science,	
	4th ed. John Wiley & Sons (2005)	
7	M.P. Stevens, Polymer Chemistry: An Introduction 3rd ed.	
	Oxford University Press (2005).	
8	Seymour/ Carraher's Polymer Chemistry, 9th ed. by Charles	
	E. Carraher, Jr. (2013).	

Course Code Course Title ELECTIVE 23BPCH 2T5 Environmental Chemistry		No. of lectures in hrs.		
	itcomes: Upon completion of this course, students will acqu	ire knowle	dge about	
and able to				
	part quality education & training in the field of chemistry			
2. To	enable successful careers for the post graduate students in th	e field of r	esearch,	
edu	cation & industry applications of chemical sciences			
3. To	address social issues for the benefit of society			
Chemistry in Contemporary Society				
	Pharmaceuticals: Importance of quality control, dr	ugs and		
	pharmaceuticals, sources of impurities in pharmaceutical cl	nemicals,		

	Chemistry in Contemporary Society	
	Pharmaceuticals: Importance of quality control, drugs and	
	pharmaceuticals, sources of impurities in pharmaceutical chemicals,	
	analytical quality control in finished / final products, common	
	methods of assay.	
Unit I :	Common drugs and their uses: Analgesics – aspirin, paracetamol;	15
0 1110 1 0	Antheimentics – mebendazole ; Antiallergies – chlorpenneramine	
	malleate; Antibiotics-pencillin, chloromecytin; Anti-inflammatory	
	agents-oxyphenbutazone; Antimalarials – primaquine phosphate;	
	Antituberculosists – INH; Narcotics – nicotine, morphine;	
	Expectorants – Benadryl; Sedatives – diazepam; Vitamins – B1, B2,	
	B6, niacin and folic acid.	
	ENVIRONMENTAL POLLUTION	15
	Definition (3L)	
	a) Air pollution b) Water pollution c) Soil pollution d) Marine	
	pollution e) Noise pollution f) Thermal pollution g) Nuclear	
** ** **	pollution	
Unit II	Solid waste management (4L)	
	Causes, effects and control measures of urban and industrial wastes.	15
	Environmental impact assessment.	
	Natural resources and non-renewable resources (8L)	
	An overview of natural resources and associated problems with	
	references to a) Forest resources b) Water resources c) Mineral	
	resources d) Food resources e) Energy resources f) Land resources	

	References Pharmaceutical Analysis, T. Higuchi and E.B. Hanseen, J. and Sons, New York. 2. Quantitative Analysis of drugs, P.D. Sethi, 3rd ed. Publishers, New Delhi, 1997.		
Course Code 23BPCH 2P3	PRACTICAL	Credits 2	
	Internship /Field project/ current case studies		60

Course Code 23BPCH 2T6	Course Title (Elective Physical Chemistry)	Credits 2	No. of lectures in hrs.				
and able to 1. Rat 2. Ch	Course Outcomes: Upon completion of this course, students will acquire knowledge about and able to 1. Rate of chemical reaction, difference in solution on the basis of physical properties 2. Chemical kinetics and effective concentration optimum condition require in various reactions						
Unit I :	 Chemical Thermodynamics II [15 L] 1.1. Fugacity of real gases, Determination of fugacity of gases using graphical method and from equation of sequilibrium constant for real gases in terms of fugacity of Gibbs energy of mixing, entropy and enthalpy of mixing. 1.2. Real solutions: Chemical potential in non ideal solutions excess functions of non ideal solutions calculation partial molar volume and partial molar enthalpy, God Duhem Margules equation. 1.3. Thermodynamics of surfaces, Pressure difference accurved surface (Laplace equation), vapour pressure droplets (Kelvin equation), Gibbs adsorption isoth BET isotherm (derivations expected). 1.4. Bioenergetics: standard free energy change in biochem reactions, exergonic, endergonic. Hydrolysis of Asynthesis of ATP from ADP. 	tate. city. ng. cions n of cibbs cross e of erm,	15				

	Chemical Kinetics and Molecular Reaction Dynam	nics [15 L] 15
Unit II	 3.1. Elementary Reactions in Solution:- Solvent Efference on rates, Reactions between ions- influence solvent Dielectric constant, influence of ionic structure free energy relationships Enzyme action 32. Kinetics of reactions catalyzed by enzyme Michaelis-Menten analysis, Lineweaver-Burk and Analyses. 33. Inhibition of Enzyme action: Competence of the competenc	nce of rength, mes - Eadie
Cint II	Noncompetitive and Uncompetitive Inhibition. Eft pH, Enzyme activation by metal ions, Reguenzymes.	alatory
	3.4. Kinetics of reactions in the Solid State:- F affecting reactions in solids	actors
	35. Rate laws for reactions in solid : The parabolic law, The first order rate Law, the contracting	sphere
	rate law, Contracting area rate law, some examp kinetic studies. (Ref: 7 and 2)	ones of
	References	
	1. Peter Atkins and Julio de Paula, Atkin"s <i>Physical Chemistry</i> , 7 th Edn., Oxford University Press, 2002	
	2. K.J. Laidler and J.H. Meiser, <i>Physical Chemistry</i> , CBS Publishers and Distributors, New Delhi, 1999	2 nd Ed.,
	3. Robert J. Silby and Robert A. Alberty, <i>Physical Chemistry</i> , 3 rd Edn., John Wiley and Sons (Asia) P 2002.	te. Ltd.,
	4. Ira R. Levine, <i>Physical Chemistry</i> , 5 th Edn., Tata McGraw-Hill New Delhi, 2002.	
	5. G.W. Castellan, <i>Physical Chemistry</i> , 3 rd Edn., Nar Publishing House, New Delhi, 1983.	rosa
	6. S. Glasstone, <i>Text Book of Physical Chemistry</i> , 2 ⁿ McMillan and Co. Ltd., London, 1962.	d Edn.,
	7. Principles of Chemical Kinetics, 2 nd Ed., James E ELSEVIER, 2007.	. House,
	8. S. Glasstone, <i>Thermodynamics for Chemists</i> , East-West Press, New Delhi, 1964.	Affiliated
	9. W.G. Davis, <i>Introduction to Chemical Thermodyr</i> - A Non - Calculus Approach, Saunders, Philade 19772.	
	10. Peter A. Rock, <i>Chemical Thermodynamics</i> , Univ. Science Books, Oxford University Press, 1983.	versity

	 Thomas Engel and Philip Reid, Physical Chemistre Edn., Pearson Education Limited 2013. D.N. Bajpai, Advanced Physical Chemistry, S. Edn., 1992. Solid State Chemistry [An Introduction], 3rd Ed., I E. Smart & Elaine A. Moore, Taylor & Francis, 2014. Principles of physical Chemistry, Marrown and Prut Essentials of Physical Chemistry, Arun Bahl, B. S. G. D.Tulli, S Chand and Co. Ltd, 2012 Edition. 		
Course Code	PRACTICAL	Credits	
23BPCH 2P4	Physical Chemistry +Inorganic Chemistry	2	
Unit I	 Non – instrumental: (Any two) Polar plots of atomic orbitals such as 1s, and 3 orbitals to using angular part of hydrogen atom wave functions. 1. To study the influence of ionic strength on catalyzed hydrolysis of ethylacetate. 2. To study the phase diagram of three component water – chloroform /toluene - acetic acid. 3. To determine the rate constant of the decomponent reaction of diacetone alcohol by dilatometric method. 1. To determine the formula of silver ammonia componentiometric method. 2. To determine CMC of sodium Lauryl Sulphate from the measurement of conductivities at different to the measurement of conductivities at different concentrations. 3. To determine Hammett constant of m- and p- and benzoic acid/nitro benzoic acid by pH measurement. 4. To determine the Michaelis – Menten"s constant value (Km) of the enzyme Beta Amylase spectrophotometrically. Inorganic Chemistry Practical 	the base nt system esition nethod. omplex by estimates the content of the conten	60
Unit II	 Analysis of Devarda's alloy Analysis of Cu – Ni alloy Analysis of Tin Solder alloy Estimation of Copper using Iodometric Potentiometrically. 	method	

	 Practical Physical Chemistry, B. Viswanathan and P.S. Raghavan, Viva Books Private Limited, 2005. Practical Physical Chemistry, A.M. James and F.E. Prichard, 3rd Edn., Longman Group Ltd., 1974. Experimental Physical Chemistry, V.D. Athawale and P. Mathur, New Age International Publishers, 2001. 		
23BPCH 2P5	III] On Job Training or Fiend Project	Credits 2	No. of lectures in hrs
	Apprenticeship/internship/Field project /case studies /c training	on job	60 hrs

Evaluation Scheme 60:40

Internals Based on Unit 1 / Unit 2 / Unit 3 / Unit 4

Assignments/ Tutorials	Seminar	Ppt/video Presentation	Group discussion	Active Participation & Leadership qualities	Total
10	10	10	05	05	40

Theory Examinations: For Paper 1, Paper 2, Paper 3 and Research Methodology Suggested Format of Question paper

Duration: 2½ Hours Total Marks: 60

• All questions are compulsory

Q. 1	An	swer any three of the following-	12
	a	Based on Unit I	
	b	Based on Unit I	
	c	Based on Unit I	
	d	Based on Unit I	
	e	Based on Unit I	
	f	Based on Unit I	
Q. 2	An	swer any three of the following-	12
	a	Based on Unit II	
	b	Based on Unit II	

	c	Based on Unit II			
	d	Based on Unit II			
	e	Based on Unit II			
	f	Based on Unit II			
Q. 3	An	swer any three of the following-	12		
	a	Based on Unit III			
	b	Based on Unit III			
	c	Based on Unit III			
	d	Based on Unit III			
	e	Based on Unit III			
	f	Based on Unit III			
Q. 4	An	swer any three of the following-			
	a	Based on Unit IV			
	b	Based on Unit IV			
	c	Based on Unit IV			
	d	Based on Unit IV			
	e	Based on Unit IV			
	f	Based on Unit IV			
Q. 5	An	swer any three of the following	12		
	a	Based on Unit I			
	b	Based on Unit I			
	c	Based on Unit II			
	d	Based on Unit II			
	e	Based on Unit III			
	f	Based on Unit III			
	g	Based on Unit IV			
	h	Based on Unit IV			

Theory Examinations: For ELECTIVE Paper

Duration: 1.0 Hours Total Marks: 30

• All questions are compulsory

Q. 1	Answer <i>any three</i> of the following-			
	a	Based on Unit I		
	b	Based on Unit I		
	c	Based on Unit I		
	d	Based on Unit I		
	e	Based on Unit I		
	f	Based on Unit I		
Q. 2	Ar	nswer any three of the following-	10	
	a	Based on Unit II		

	b	Based on Unit II					
	c	Based on Unit II					
	d	d Based on Unit II					
	e Based on Unit II						
	f	Based on Unit II					
Q. 3	An	swer any Two of the following-	10				
	a	Based on Unit I					
	b	Based on Unit I					
	c	Based on Unit II					
	d	Based on Unit II					

Semester End Practical Examination:

Semester	Practical Examination "Month &	k Year '
	Paper Code:	
Duration: - 03.00 hrs.		Total Marks : - 50

Particulars	Duration	Semester end external examination
Laboratory work	2 Hrs + 2 Hrs	20 + 20
Viva		05
Journal		05
Total		50

Marks Distribution and Passing Criterion for Each Semester

Theory				Practical				
Course Coo SEMI / SEM		Min marks for passin g	Theory Examinatio n	Min marks for passin g	Tota 1	Course Code	Practical Examinatio n	Min marks for passin g
23BPCH	40	16	60	24	100	-	-	-

1T1 / 2T1								
23BPCH 1T2 / 2T2	40	16	60	24	100	-	-	-
23BPCH 1T3 / 2T3	40	16	60	24	100	-	-	-
Laboratory 1	-	-	-	-	-	23BPCH 1P1/2P1	50	20
ELECTIVE	20	08	30	12	50			
Laboratory 2	-	-	-	-	-	23	50	20
Research Methodology 23BPRM1T1 / On Job Training	40	16	60	24	100	23BPCH2P 5	100	40

Pedagogy for student engagement is predominantly lectures. However, other pedagogies enhancing better student engagement to be recommended for each course. The list includes active learning/ course projects/ problem or project based learning/ case studies/self-study like seminar, term paper or MOOC

\$ Every course needs to include assessment for higher order thinking skills (Applying/Analyzing/Evaluating/Creating). However, this column may contain alternate assessment methods that help formative assessment (i.e. assessment for learning)

Date

Subject Committee Chairperson

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