Academic Council Meeting No. and Date: 2 / April 30, 2021

Agenda Number: 4 Resolution Number: 4.16 and 4.32



Vidya Prasarak Mandal's B. N. Bandodkar College of Science (Autonomous), Thane



Syllabus for

Programme: Bachelor of Science

Specific Programme: Computer Science

[F.Y.B.Sc. (C.S.)]

Revised under Autonomy
From academic year 2021 - 2022

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Preamble

The B.Sc. Computer Science programme focuses on making the students capable for emerging technological trends and impart industry oriented training. The main objectives of the course are:

- > to think analytically, creatively and critically in developing robust, extensible and highly maintainable technological solutions to simple and complex problems.
- > to work effectively as a part of a team to achieve a common stated goal.
- > to communicate effectively with a range of audiences both technical and non-technical.
- > to develop an aptitude to engage in continuing professional development.
- ➤ to be capable of understanding the nuances of the technologies available and use them efficiently to excel in the professional career.

The syllabus is aimed to achieve the objectives. The syllabus spanning three years covers the industry relevant courses. The students will be ready for the jobs available in different fields like:

- > System Administration
- ➤ Website development
- ➤ Data analytics
- ➤ Ethical Hacking and Security
- ➤ Game Development
- ➤ Cloud Technologies
- Networking
- ➤ Artificial intelligence
- Cyber Forensics
- ➤ Software Testing

The students will also be trained in communication skills and green technology.

Eligibility:

Passed 12th standard (HSC) of Maharashtra State Board / CBSE / ICSE board or equivalent with Mathematics as one of the subject.

Duration: 3 years

Mode of Conduct:

Laboratory practicals / Offline lectures / Online lectures

Program Specific Outcome

Identify, design, and analyze complex computer systems and implement and interpret the results from those systems. ... Select and apply current techniques, skills, and tools necessary for computing practice and integrate Computer-based solutions into the user environment effectively.

VPM's B.N.Bandodkar College of Science (Autonomous), Thane

F.Y.B.Sc. (C.S.)

Structure of Programme

Course Code	Course Title	No. of lectures	Credits
BNBUSCS1T1	Computer Organization and Design	45	2
BNBUSCS1T2	Programming with Python- I	45	2
BNBUSCS1T3	Free and Open Source Software	45	2
BNBUSCS1T4	Database Systems	45	2
BNBUSCS1T5	Discrete Mathematics	45	2
BNBUSCS1T6	Descriptive Statistics and Introduction to Probability	45	2
BNBUSCS1T7	Soft Skills Development	45	2
BNBUSCS1P1	Practical of BNBUSCS1T1+BNBUSCS1T2	45	2
BNBUSCS1P2	Practical of BNBUSCS1T3+BNBUSCS1T4	45	2
BNBUSCS1P3	Practical of BNBUSCS1T5+BNBUSCS1T6	45	2
	450	20	

CourseCode	Course Title	No. of lectures	Credits
BNBUSCS2T1	Programming with C	45	2
BNBUSCS2T2	Programming with Python– II	45	2
BNBUSCS2T3	Linux	45	2
BNBUSCS2T4	Data Structures	45	2
BNBUSCS2T5	Calculus	45	2
BNBUSCS2T6	Statistical Methods and Testing of Hypothesis	45	2
BNBUSCS2T7	Green Technologies	45	2
BNBUSCS2P1	Practical of BNBUSCS2T1+BNBUSCS2T2	45	2
BNBUSCS2P2	Practical of BNBUSCS2T3+BNBUSCS2T4	45	2
BNBUSCS2P3	Practical of BNBUSCS2T5+BNBUSCS2T6	45	2
	Total	450	20

Semester I

Course	e Code	Course Title	Credits	No. of	
BNBUS	CS1T1	Computer Organization and Design	2	lectures	
• T • T	 Learning Outcomes: To learn about how computer systems work and underlying principles To understand the basics of digital electronics needed for computers To understand the basics of instruction set architecture for reduced and complex instruction sets To understand the basics of processor structure and operation 				
		iter Abstractions and Technology: History of computers,	Charles		
	Babba	ge, Generations of Computers, Basic structure and operat	tion of a		
	_	ter, functional units and their interaction. Representation of nun	nbers and		
Unit I:	gates a Karnau gates, full ad trigger Sequen	circuits and functions: Combinational circuits and functions: and functions, truth tables; logic circuits and functions. Minimized maps. Synthesis of logic functions with and-or-not games are gates. Fan-in and fan-out requirements; tristate buffers. der, ripple carry adder. (Flip flops) Gated S-R and D lated D latch. Shift registers and registers. Decoders, multiplexe tial circuits and functions: State diagram and state table; finite states synthesis.	ization with tes, NAND Half adder, ches, edge- rs.	15	
Unit II:	word s Instruct ColdFi langua runtime	ction set architectures: Memory organization, addressing and ize, big-endian and little- endian arrangements. Instructions, tion sets for RISC and CISC (examples Altera NIOS II and re). Operand addressing modes; pointers; indexing for array ge, assembly language, assembler directives. Function call estack, stack frame. Types of machine instructions: arithmetic truction sets, RISC and CISC examples.	sequencing. d Freescale vs. Machine s, processor	15	
Unit III:	Basic process interface executed hardwing Basic 1	Processor Unit: Evolution of Microprocessor, Main composers registers and register files, ALU, control unit, instruction ces to instruction and data memories. Datapath. Instruction; executing arithmetic/logic, memory access and branch is red and microprogrammed control for RISC and CISC. I/O: Accessing I/O devices, data transfers between processor and obts and exceptions: interrupt requests and processing.	n fetch unit, on fetch and nstructions;	15	

Course Code BNBUSCS1T2	Course Title Programming with Python- I	Credits 2	No. of lectures
Learning outc			
	nould be able to understand the concepts of programming before actu	ally starting t	o write
programs			
	should be able to develop logic for Problem Solving. nould be made familiar about the basic constructs of programming su	ich as data on	arations
	s, loops, functions etc.	en as data, op	crations,
	should be able to apply the problem solving skills using syntactica	allysimplela	nguagei.e
	version: 3.X or higher)	ing simple id	nguage ne
	Need of writing programs, How to write a Program, Draw	wing Flow	
	Charts, Writing Algorithms and pseudocode, Importance	e of flow	
	chart, pseudocode and algorithm		
	Reasons for Python as the learner's first programming	language.	
	Introduction to the IDLE interpreter (shell) and its docu	umentation.	
	Expression evaluation: similarities and differences compared to a	calculator;	
	expressions and operators of types int, float, boolean. Built-in	n function	
	type. Operator precedence.		
	Enumeration of simple and compound statements. The	•	
	statement. The assert statement, whose operand is a boolean	-	
	(values true or false). The assignment statement, dynamic binding to values (type is associated with data and not with names); out	•	
	to values, (type is associated with data and not with names); aut implicit declaration of variable names with the assignment		
	implicit decialation of variable names with the assignment	statement,	

Unit I:

function.

15

shell.

The compound statement def to define functions; the role of indentation for delimiting the body of a compound statement; calling a previously defined function. Compound data types str, tuple and list (enclosed in quotes, parentheses and brackets, respectively). Indexing individual elements within these types. Strings and tuples are immutable, lists are mutable. Built-in functions min, max, sum. Interactive solution of model problems, (e.g., finding the square root of a number or zero of a function), by repeatedly executing the body of a loop (where the body is a statement list).

Interactive and script modes of IDLE, running a script, restarting the

assigning the valueNone to a name. The del (delete) statement.

Input/output with print and input functions. A statement list (semicolon-separated list of simple statements on a single line) as a single interpreter command. The import statement for already-defined functions and constants. The augmented assignment statement. The built-inhelp()

Unit II:	Advantages of functions, function parameters, formal parameters, actual parameters, global and local variables. Therange function, the iterative for statement. The conditional statements if, if-else, if-elif-else. The iterative statements while, while-else, for-else. The continue statement to skip over one iteration of a loop, the break statement to exit the loop. Nested compound statements. Dictionaries: concept of key-value pairs, techniques to create, update and delete dictionary items. Problem-solving using compound types and statements.	15
Unit III:	Anonymous functions. List comprehensions. Gentle introduction to object-oriented programming; using the built-in dir() function, enumerate the methods of strings, tuples, lists, dictionaries. Using these methods for problem-solving with compound types.	15

Course Code	Course Title	Credits	No. of
BNBUSCS1T3	Free and Open-source Software	2	lectures
ecosystem, This course It will mak technologie	letion of this course, students should have a good working knowledge of Cits use, impact and importance. shall help student to learn Open Source methodologies, case studies with ree students to understand difference between copyright and copyrigh	eal life exampl	les.
Unit I:	Introduction Introduction: Open Source, Free Software, Free Software vs. Source software, Public Domain Software, FOSS does not mean History: BSD, The Free Software Foundation and the GNU Promethodologies Open Source History, Initiatives, Principle and meth Philosophy: Software Freedom, Open Source Developm Licenses and Patents: What Is A License, Important FOSS Licens BSD, GPL, LGPL), copyrights and copy lefts, Patents Economic Zero Marginal Cost, Income-generation opportunities, Probability of traditional commercial software, Internationalization Social Impact Open source vs. closed source, Open source government, Open so Social and Financial impacts of open source technology, Share Shared source, Open Source in Government.	no cost. oject. nodologies. nent Model es (Apache, es of FOSS: olems with	15
Unit II:	Case Studies Example Projects: Apache web server, GNU/Linux, Mozilla (Firefox), Wikipedia, Drupal, wordpress, GCC github, Open Office. Study: Understanding the devel models, licensings, mode of funding, commercial/non-coc use. Open Source Hardware, Open Source Design, Oper Teaching. Open source media. Collaboration, Community and Communication Contributing to Open Source Projects Introduction to github, interacting with the community github, Communication and etiquette, testing open source or reporting issues, contributing code. Introduction to wikipedia, contributing to Wikipedia Or contribution any prominent open source project of student's choice. Starting and Maintaining own Open Source Project	C, GDB, opmental mmercial en source on code,	15
Unit III:	Starting and Maintaining own Open Source Project. Understanding Open Source Ecosystem Open Source Operating Systems: GNU/Linux, Android, Free BSD Solaris. Open Source Hardware, Virtualization Technologies	-	15

Containerization Technolog	gies: Docker, Development tools, IDEs,
debuggers, Programming lar	nguages, LAMP, Open Source database
technologies	

Course Code	Course Title	Credits	No. of	
BNBUSCS1T4	Database Systems	2	lectures	
 Students should be able to evaluate business information problem and find the requirements of a terms of data. Students should be able to design the database schema with the use of appropriate data types for data in database. Students should be able to create, manipulate, query and back up the databases. Student should be able to understand the relational DBMS which are being used in the most of the organizations. 				
Unit I:	History of Database, Need of Databases, Problems Systems Introduction to DBMS – Database, DBMS – Definition, ODBMS, Advantages of DBMS, Levels of abstract independence, DBMS Architecture Data models - Client/Server Architecture, Object Based Logical Model (relational, hierarchical, networe Entity Relationship Model - Entities, attributes, entity sets relationship sets, Additional constraints (key constraints, possible properties, aggregation / generalization, Concepusing ER (entities VS attributes, Entity Vs relationship, binary constraints beyond ER) Relational data model — Domains, attributes, Tuples and Relational Model Notation, Characteristics of Relations, Constraints – primary key, referential integrity, unique constraint, Check constraint ER to Table- Entity to Table, Relationship to tables with a keyconstraints.	verview of ion, Data ical Model, ical mode	15	
Unit II:	Schema refinement and Normal forms: Functional dependence second, third, and BCNF normal forms based on primary key join decomposition. Relational Algebra operations (selection, projection, set union, intersection, difference, cross product, Joins—conditional and natural joins, division)	ys, lossless operations	15	

	DDL Statements - Creating Databases, Using Databases, datatypes,	
	Creating Tables (with integrity constraints – primary key, default, check,	
	not null), Altering Tables, Renaming Tables, Dropping Tables,	
	Truncating Tables, Backing Up and Restoring databases	
	DML Statements – Viewing the structure of a table insert, update, delete,	
	Select all columns, specific columns, unique records, conditional select, in	
	clause, between clause, limit, aggregate functions (count, min, max, avg, sum), group by clause, having clause	
	Functions – String Functions (concat, instr, left, right, mid, length,	
	lcase/lower, ucase/upper, replace, strcmp, trim, ltrim, rtrim), Math Functions	
	(abs, ceil, floor, mod, pow, sqrt, round, truncate) Date Functions (adddate,	
	datediff, day, month, year, hour, min, sec, now, reverse)	
	Joining Tables – inner join, outer join (left outer, right outer, full outer)	
Unit III:	Subqueries – subqueries with IN, EXISTS, subqueries restrictions,	15
	Nested subqueries, ANY/ALL clause, correlated subqueries	
	Database Protection: Security Issues, Threats to Databases, Security	
	Mechanisms, Role of DBA, Discretionary Access Control	
	Views (creating, altering dropping, renaming and manipulating views) DCL Statements (creating/dropping users, privileges introduction,	
	granting/revoking privileges, viewing privileges)	

Course C	Code	Course Title	Credits	No. of		
BNBUSC	S1T5	Discrete Mathematics	2	lectures		
Learning Outcomes:						
• To ₁	• Toprovide overview of theory of discrete objects, starting with relations and partially ordered sets.					
	Study about recurrence relations, generating function and operations on them.					
		derstanding of graphs and trees, which are widely used in software				
• Pro		sic knowledge about models of automata theory and the correspond crence Relations	ing formal lar	iguages.		
Unit I:	Funct Direct and in Relati Linea Recurr homog homo charac of nor the me	ions: Definition of function. Domain, co domain and the range of and inverse images. Injective, surjective and bijective functions. everse functions. ons: Definition and examples. Properties of relations, Partial Order Ordering Hasse Daigrams, Maximum and Minimum elements, erence Relations: Definition of recurrence relations, Frence relations, solving recurrence relations-Back tracking methodeneous recurrence relations with constant coefficients. Solving eneous recurrence relations with constant coefficients of degree teristic equation has distinct roots and only one root, Particular linear homogeneous recurrence relation, Solution of recurrence ethod of generation functions, Applications-Formulate and solve in for Fibonacci numbers, Tower of Hanoi, Intersection of Sorting Algorithms.	composite ering sets, Lattices formulating hod, Linear wing linear etwo when ar solutions relation by recurrence	15		
Unit II:	a) Permusith identification with identification (b) Codiagra Simple proof (c) La and H	ting Principles, Languages and Finite State Machine rmutations and Combinations: Partition and Distribution tation with distinct and indistinct objects, Binomial numbers, C dentities: Pascal Identity, Vandermonde's Identity, Pascal triangles, Combination with indistinct objects. Fundamental Principles: Sum and Product Rules, Two-way counting Principles: Sum and Product Rules, Two-way counting problems, Pigeonhole Principle (with examples, Inclusion Exclusion Principle (Sieve formula). Inguages, Grammars and Machines: Languages, regular Regular languages, Finite state Automata, grammars, Fines, Gödel numbers, Turing machines.	ombination e, Binomial nting, Tree out proof); o (Without Expression	15		
Unit III:	Grap Grap Repre Linked a grap Bread Trees Comp	hs and Trees hs: Definition and elementary results, Adjacency matrix, pasenting relations using diagraphs, Warshall's algorithm- short representation of a graph, Operations on graph with algorithms - so th; Insertion in a graph, Deleting from a graph, Traversing th-First search and Depth-First search. Definition and elementary results. Ordered rooted tree, Belete and extended binary trees, representing binary trees in sing binary trees, binary search tree, Algorithms for searching and a search trees, Algorithms for deleting in a binary search tree	rtest path, earching in g a graph-inary trees, n memory,	15		

Enable learners to know descriptive statistical concepts Enable study of probability concept required for Computer learners Enable students to work statistically in every field of study Enable students to generate the solutions for the data handling problems Brief history of Statistics, How Statistics is important for organizations Data Presentation Data types: attribute, variable, discrete and continuous variable Data presentation: frequency distribution, histogram o give, curves, stem and leaf display Data Aggregation Measures of Central tendency: Mean, Median, mode for raw data, discrete, grouped frequency distribution. Measures dispersion: Variance, standard deviation, coefficient of variation for raw data, discrete and grouped frequency distribution, quartiles, quantiles Real life examples Moments: raw moments, central moments, relation between raw and central moments Measures of Skewness and Kurtosis: based on moments, quartiles, relation between mean, median, and mode for symmetric, asymmetric frequency curve. Correlation and Regression: bivariate data, scatter plot, correlation, nonsense correlation, Karl Pearson's coefficients of correlation, and independence. Linear regression: fitting of linear regression using least square regression, coefficient of determination, properties of regression coefficients (only statement) Probability: Random experiment, sample space, events types and operations of events Probability definition: classical, axiomatic, Elementary Theorems of probability (without proof) • 0 ≤ P(A) ≤ 1, • P(A ∪ B) = P(A) + P(B) - P(A ∩ B) • P(A') = 1 - P(A) • P(A) ≤ P(B) if A C B	Course Code BNBUSCS1T6		Course Title Descriptive Statistics and Introduction to Probability	Credits 2	No. of lectures
 Enable study of probability concept required for Computer learners Enable students to work statistically in every field of study Enable students to generate the solutions for the data handling problems Brief history of Statistics, How Statistics is important for organizations Data Presentation Data types: attribute, variable, discrete and continuous variable Data presentation: frequency distribution, histogram o give, curves, stem and leaf display Data Aggregation Measures of Central tendency: Mean, Median, mode for raw data, discrete, grouped frequency distribution. Measures dispersion: Variance, standard deviation, coefficient of variation for raw data, discrete and grouped frequency distribution, quartiles, quantiles Real life examples Moments: raw moments, central moments, relation between raw and central moments Measures of Skewness and Kurtosis: based on moments, quartiles, relation between mean, median, and mode for symmetric, asymmetric frequency curve. Correlation and Regression: bivariate data, scatter plot, correlation, and independence. Linear regression: fitting of linear regression using least square regression, coefficient of determination, properties of regression coefficients (only statement) Probability: Random experiment, sample space, events types and operations of events Probability definition: classical, axiomatic, Elementary Theorems of probability (without proof)	Learning	Outco	•		
 Enable students to work statistically in every field of study Enable students to generate the solutions for the data handling problems Brief history of Statistics, How Statistics is important for organizations Data Presentation Data types: attribute, variable, discrete and continuous variable Data presentation: frequency distribution, histogram o give, curves, stem and leaf display Data Aggregation Measures of Central tendency: Mean, Median, mode for raw data, discrete, grouped frequency distribution. Measures dispersion: Variance, standard deviation, coefficient of variation for raw data, discrete and grouped frequency distribution, quartiles, quantiles Real life examples Moments: raw moments, central moments, relation between raw and central moments Measures of Skewness and Kurtosis: based on moments, quartiles, relation between mean, median, and mode for symmetric, asymmetric frequency curve. Correlation and Regression: bivariate data, scatter plot, correlation, nonsense correlation, Karl Pearson's coefficients of correlation, and independence. Linear regression: fitting of linear regression using least square regression, coefficient of determination, properties of regression coefficients (only statement) Probability: Random experiment, sample space, events types and operations of events Probability definition: classical, axiomatic, Elementary Theorems of probability (without proof) 0 ≤ P(A) ≤ 1, P(A) ∪ B) = P(A) + P(B) - P(A ∩ B) P(A) = I - P(A) P(A) ≤ P(B) if A C B 	• Enab	le learn	ers to know descriptive statistical concepts		
Brief history of Statistics, How Statistics is important for organizations Data Presentation Data types: attribute, variable, discrete and continuous variable Data presentation: frequency distribution, histogram o give, curves, stem and leaf display Data Aggregation Measures of Central tendency: Mean, Median, mode for raw data, discrete, grouped frequency distribution. Measures dispersion: Variance, standard deviation, coefficient of variation for raw data, discrete and grouped frequency distribution, quartiles, quantiles Real life examples Moments: raw moments, central moments, relation between raw and central moments Measures of Skewness and Kurtosis: based on moments, quartiles, relation between mean, median, and mode for symmetric, asymmetric frequency curve. Correlation and Regression: bivariate data, scatter plot, correlation, and independence. Linear regression: fitting of linear regression using least square regression, coefficient of determination, properties of regression coefficients (only statement) Probability: Random experiment, sample space, events types and operations of events Probability definition: classical, axiomatic, Elementary Theorems of probability (without proof) • 0 ≤ P(A) ≤ 1, • P(A ∪ B) = P(A) + P(B) - P(A ∩ B) • P(A) ≤ P(B) if A C B	• Enab	le study	of probability concept required for Computer learners		
Brief history of Statistics, How Statistics is important for organizations Data Presentation Data types: attribute, variable, discrete and continuous variable Data presentation: frequency distribution, histogram o give, curves, stem and leaf display Data Aggregation Measures of Central tendency: Mean, Median, mode for raw data, discrete, grouped frequency distribution. Measures dispersion: Variance, standard deviation, coefficient of variation for raw data, discrete and grouped frequency distribution, quartiles, quantiles Real life examples Moments: raw moments, central moments, relation between raw and central moments Measures of Skewness and Kurtosis: based on moments, quartiles, relation between mean, median, and mode for symmetric, asymmetric frequency curve. Correlation and Regression: bivariate data, scatter plot, correlation, nonsense correlation, Karl Pearson's coefficients of correlation, and independence. Linear regression: fitting of linear regression using least square regression, coefficient of determination, properties of regression coefficients (only statement) Probability: Random experiment, sample space, events types and operations of events Probability (without proof) • 0 ≤ P(A) ≤ 1, • P(A ∪ B) = P(A) + P(B) - P(A ∩ B) • P(A') = 1 - P(A) • P(A) ≤ P(B) if A C B					
Unit I: Data Presentation Data types: attribute, variable, discrete and continuous variable Data types: attribute, variable, discrete and continuous variable Unit I: Data presentation: frequency distribution, histogram o give, curves, stem and leaf display 15 Data Aggregation Measures of Central tendency: Mean, Median, mode for raw data, discrete, grouped frequency distribution. 4 Measures dispersion: Variance, standard deviation, coefficient of variation for raw data, discrete and grouped frequency distribution, quartiles, quantiles Real life examples 4 Moments: raw moments, central moments, relation between raw and central moments 4 Measures of Skewness and Kurtosis: based on moments, quartiles, relation between mean, median, and mode for symmetric, asymmetric frequency curve. 6 Correlation and Regression: bivariate data, scatter plot, correlation, nonsense correlation, Karl Pearson's coefficients of correlation, and independence. 15 Linear regression: fitting of linear regression using least square regression, coefficient of determination, properties of regression coefficients (only statement) 15 Probability: Random experiment, sample space, events types and operations of events Probability definition: classical, axiomatic, Elementary Theorems of probability (without proof) Unit III: • 0 ≤ P(A) ≤ 1, • P(A ∪ B) = P(A) + P(B) - P(A ∩ B) • P(A) ≤ P(B) if A C B	• Enab	le stude	ents to generate the solutions for the data handling problems		
Unit I: Data types: attribute, variable, discrete and continuous variable Data presentation: frequency distribution, histogram o give, curves, stem and leaf display Data Aggregation Measures of Central tendency: Mean, Median, mode for raw data, discrete, grouped frequency distribution. Measures dispersion: Variance, standard deviation, coefficient of variation for raw data, discrete and grouped frequency distribution, quartiles, quantiles Real life examples Moments: raw moments, central moments, relation between raw and central moments Measures of Skewness and Kurtosis: based on moments, quartiles, relation between mean, median, and mode for symmetric, asymmetric frequency curve. Correlation and Regression: bivariate data, scatter plot, correlation, nonsense correlation, Karl Pearson's coefficients of correlation, and independence. Linear regression: fitting of linear regression using least square regression, coefficient of determination, properties of regression coefficients (only statement) Probability: Random experiment, sample space, events types and operations of events Probability definition: classical, axiomatic, Elementary Theorems of probability (without proof) Unit III: • 0 ≤ P(A) ≤ 1, • P(A ∪ B) = P(A) + P(B) - P(A ∩ B) • P(A') = 1 - P(A) • P(A) ≤ P(B) if A C B		Brief	f history of Statistics, How Statistics is important for organ	nizations	
Unit I: Data presentation: frequency distribution, histogram o give, curves, stem and leaf display Data Aggregation Measures of Central tendency: Mean, Median, mode for raw data, discrete, grouped frequency distribution. Measures dispersion: Variance, standard deviation, coefficient of variation for raw data, discrete and grouped frequency distribution, quartiles, quantiles Real life examples Moments: raw moments, central moments, relation between raw and central moments Measures of Skewness and Kurtosis: based on moments, quartiles, relation between mean, median, and mode for symmetric, asymmetric frequency curve. Correlation and Regression: bivariate data, scatter plot, correlation, nonsense correlation, Karl Pearson's coefficients of correlation, and independence. Linear regression: fitting of linear regression using least square regression, coefficient of determination, properties of regression coefficients (only statement) Probability: Random experiment, sample space, events types and operations of events Probability definition: classical, axiomatic, Elementary Theorems of probability (without proof) • 0 ≤ P(A) ≤ I, • P(A ∪ B) = P(A) + P(B) - P(A ∩ B) • P(A') = 1 - P(A) • P(A) ≤ P(B) if A C B		Data	Presentation		
Unit I: leaf display Data Aggregation Measures of Central tendency: Mean, Median, mode for raw data, discrete, grouped frequency distribution. Measures dispersion: Variance, standard deviation, coefficient of variation for raw data, discrete and grouped frequency distribution, quartiles, quantiles Real life examples Moments: raw moments, central moments, relation between raw and central moments Measures of Skewness and Kurtosis: based on moments, quartiles, relation between mean, median, and mode for symmetric, asymmetric frequency curve.		Data	types: attribute, variable, discrete and continuous variable		
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grouped frequency distribution. Measures dispersion: Variance, standard deviation, coefficient of variation for raw data, discrete and grouped frequency distribution, quartiles, quantiles Real life examples Moments: raw moments, central moments, relation between raw and central moments Measures of Skewness and Kurtosis: based on moments, quartiles, relation between mean, median, and mode for symmetric, asymmetric frequency curve. Correlation and Regression: bivariate data, scatter plot, correlation, nonsense correlation, Karl Pearson's coefficients of correlation, and independence. Linear regression: fitting of linear regression using least square regression, coefficient of determination, properties of regression coefficients (only statement) Probability: Random experiment, sample space, events types and operations of events Probability definition: classical, axiomatic, Elementary Theorems of probability (without proof) Unit III: • $0 \le P(A) \le 1$, • $P(A \cup B) = P(A) + P(B) - P(A \cap B)$ • $P(A') = 1 - P(A)$ • $P(A) \le P(B)$ if $A \subseteq B$	Cint 1.				15
Measures dispersion: Variance, standard deviation, coefficient of variation for raw data, discrete and grouped frequency distribution, quartiles, quantiles Real life examples Moments: raw moments, central moments, relation between raw and central moments Measures of Skewness and Kurtosis: based on moments, quartiles, relation between mean, median, and mode for symmetric, asymmetric frequency curve. Correlation and Regression: bivariate data, scatter plot, correlation, nonsense correlation, Karl Pearson's coefficients of correlation, and independence. Linear regression: fitting of linear regression using least square regression, coefficient of determination, properties of regression coefficients (only statement) Probability: Random experiment, sample space, events types and operations of events Probability definition: classical, axiomatic, Elementary Theorems of probability (without proof) Unit III: • 0 ≤ P(A) ≤ 1, • P(A ∪ B) = P(A) + P(B) - P(A ∩ B) • P(A') = 1 - P(A) • P(A) ≤ P(B) if A C B				a, discrete,	
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Probability: Random experiment, sample space, events types and operations of events Probability definition: classical, axiomatic, Elementary Theorems of probability (without proof) Unit III: • $0 \le P(A) \le 1$, • $P(A \cup B) = P(A) + P(B) - P(A \cap B)$ • $P(A') = 1 - P(A)$ • $P(A) \le P(B)$ if $A \in B$				-	
operations of events Probability definition : classical, axiomatic, Elementary Theorems of probability (without proof) Unit III: • $0 \le P(A) \le 1$, • $P(A \cup B) = P(A) + P(B) - P(A \cap B)$ • $P(A') = 1 - P(A)$ • $P(A) \le P(B)$ if $A \in B$		+	,		
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Unit III: probability (without proof) • $0 \le P(A) \le 1$, • $P(A \cup B) = P(A) + P(B) - P(A \cap B)$ • $P(A') = 1 - P(A)$ • $P(A) \le P(B)$ if $A \in B$				C	
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 P(A') = 1 - P(A) P(A) ≤ P(B) if A C B 	Omt III:				13
• $P(A) \le P(B)$ if A \cap B					
Conditional probability 'Bayes' theorem independence. Examples on Probability		Condi	tional probability, 'Bayes' theorem, independence, Examples on	Probability	

Course Code		Course Title	Credits	No. of			
BNBUSCS	S1T7	Soft Skills Development	2	lectures			
Lear	ning C	Outcomes:					
• Tokı	 To know about various aspects of soft skills and learn ways to develop personality 						
		the importance and type of communication in personal and profe					
		nsight into much needed technical and non-technical qualities in	•	ing.			
• Learn		Leadership, team building, decision making and stress manage	ement				
Unit I:	Personal Wind Fitter Emerican Interestican Tector Mode of Control Cont	roduction to Soft Skills and Hard Skills sonality Development: Knowing Yourself, Positive Thinking adow, Communication Skills, Non-verbal Communication, ness otional Intelligence: Meaning and Definition, Need for Illigence, Intelligence Quotient versus Emotional Intelligence apponents of Emotional Intelligence, Competencies of Illigence, Skills to Develop Emotional Intelligence quette and Mannerism: Introduction, Professional hnology Etiquette mmunication Today: Significance of Communication, G del of Communication, Vitality of the Communication Proces Listening, Fundamentals of Good Listening, Nature of N mmunication, Need for Intercultural Communication, Committal World	Physical Emotional Quotient, Emotional Etiquette, SC's 3M s, Virtues on-Verbal	15			
Unit II:	Emp Scan Appl Prof Pres Job Inter Job I Duri Gro Gro Disc	chamic Skills coloyment Communication: Introduction, Resume, Curriculariable Resume, Developing an Impressive Resume, Formats of Relication or Cover Letter fessional Presentation: Nature of Oral Presentation, Fentation, Preparing the Presentation, Delivering the Presentation, Importance of Resume, Deferview, Background Information, Types of Interviews, Preparator Interviews, Interview Skill Tips, Changes in the Interview Profing Interviews up Discussion: Introduction, Ambience/Seating Arrang ap Discussion, Importance of Group Discussions, Difference between the Interview Profing Interviews up Discussion and Debate, Traits, Types of Group Debased and Case based Group Discussion, Individual Traits	Planning a on finition of ry Steps for ocess, FAQ ement for ween Group	15			
Unit III:	Prof Crea Moti	ressional Skills Attivity at Workplace: Introduction, Current Workplaces, vation, Nurturing Hobbies at Work, The Six Thinking Hat Mecal Values: Ethics and Society, Theories of Ethics, Correlation	ethod	15			

Values and Behavior, Nurturing Ethics, Importance of Work Ethics, Problems in the Absence of Work Ethics

Capacity Building: Learn, Unlearn and Relearn: Capacity Building, Elements of Capacity Building, Zones of Learning, Ideas for Learning, Strategies for Capacity Building

Leadership and Team Building: Leader and Leadership, Leadership Traits, Culture and Leadership, Leadership Styles and Trends, Team Building, Types of Teams,

Decision Making and Negotiation: Introduction to Decision Making, Steps for Decision Making, Decision Making Techniques, Negotiation Fundamentals, Negotiation Styles, Major Negotiation Concepts

Stress and Time Management: Stress, Sources of Stress, Ways to Cope with

Stress

Course Code	Course Title	Credits	No. of
BNBUSCS1P1	BNBUSCS1T1+BNBUSCS1T2	2	lectures
	PRACTICAL BASED ON BNBUSCS1T1		
Dun ation 1 1	Study and verify the truth table of various logic gates (NOT, AND,	OR,	2
Practical 1	NAND, NOR, EX-OR, and EX-NOR).		3
Practical 2	Simplify given Boolean expression and realize it.		3
Practical 3	Design and verify a half/full adder		3
Practical 4	Design and verify half/full subtractor		3
Practical 5	Design a 4 bit magnitude comparator using combinational circu	uits.	3
Practical 6	Practical 6 Design and verify the operation of flip-flops using logic gates.		3
Practical 7	Verify the operation of a counter.		
Practical 8	vertical 8 Verify the operation of a 4 bit shift register		3
	PRACTICAL BASED ON BNBUSCS1T2		
	Installing and setting up the Python IDLE interpreter. Executing	simple	
Practical 1	statements like expression statement (numeric and Boolean types), as the statement of the statem	ssert,	3
	assignment, delete statements; the print function for output.		
	Script and interactive modes; defining a function in the two modes; e	xecuting a	
Practical 2	script; interactively executing a statement list (semicolon-separa	ted	3
	sequence of simple statements); the input function.		
Duo ati = -1.2	Programs based on lists, conditional constructs, the for statement an	d the range	2
Practical 3	function; interactively using the built-in functions len, sum, max, mi	n	3
Practical 4 Programs related to string manipulation			3

Practical 5	Programs based on the while statement; importing and executing built-in functions from the time, math and random modules	3
Practical 6	Programs using break and continue statements.	3
Practical 7	Programs related to dictionaries	3
Practical 8	Programs using list comprehensions and anonymous functions	3

Course Code	Course Title	Credits	No. of
BNBUSCS1P2	NBUSCS1P2 BNBUSCS1T3+BNBUSCS1T4 2		lectures
	PRACTICAL BASED ON BNBUSCS1T3		
Practical 1	Identify any Open Source software and create detailed report about it	•	
Tractical 1	Sample Guidelines.		
A	Idea		
В	B What problem does it solves?		
С	Licensing model		3
D	Intent behind making it open source		
Е	Monetization models		
F	Popularity		
G	Impact		
Practical 2	Learn at least three different open source licenses and create a brief re	eport	
Tractical 2	about them.		
A	History of license		
В	Idea		
С	What problems does it solve?		3
D	Detailed licensing model		3
Е	Which popular software are released under this license?		
F	Any popular news associated with this license?		
G	Popularity		
Н	Impact		
Practical 3	Contributing to Open Source		
A	Identify any Open Source project of your interest		
В	Learn more about the project w.r.t. Lab 1.		
С	Start contributing to the project either by		3
I	Testing		3
II	Reporting bugs		
III	III Coding		
IV	Helping in documentation		

V	Participating in discussions	
VI	Participating in pre-release testing programs	
VII	UI development.	
VIII	Or any other important area.	
Practical 4	Hands on with Open Source Software	
A	Identify any open source software of your interest	
В	Learn it from practical view-point	3
С	Give a brief presentation about it to the class	
D	Sample projects: gcc, gdb, drupal, wordpress, apache web server, mysql database	
Practical 5	Contributing to Wikipedia:	
A	Introduction to wikipedia: operating model, license, how to contribute?	
В	Create your user account on Wikipedia	3
С	Identify any topic of your choice and contribute the missing information	
Practical 6	Github	
A	Create and publish your own open source project: Write any simple program using your choice of programming language.	
В	about the staging area, committing your code, branching, and merging,	
С	Using GitHub to Collaborate: Get practice using GitHub or other remote repositories to share your changes with others and collaborate on multi-developer projects. You'll learn how to make and review a pull request on GitHub.	
D	Contribute to a Live Project: Students will publish a repository containing their reflections from the course and submit a pull request.	
Practical 7	Open Source Operating Systems	
A	Learn any open source operating system of your choice: Linux, Android, FreeBSD, Open Solaris etc.	
В	Learn the installation.	
С	Identify the unique features of the OS of your choice.	
Practical 8	Virtualization: Open Source virtualization technologies:	
A	Install and configure any one: VirtualBox, Zen, KVM	3
В	Create and use virtual machines	

	Practical based on BNBUSCS1T4	
Practical 1	For given scenario Draw E-R diagram and convert entities and relationships to table.	3
Practical 2	Write relational algebra queries on the tables created in Practical-1	
Practical 3	Perform Following	
A	Viewing all databases	
В	Creating a Database	
С	Viewing all Tables in a Database	3
D	Creating Tables (With and Without Constraints)	
Е	Inserting/Updating/Deleting Records in a Table	
F	Viewing all databases	
Practical 4	Perform the following:	
A	Altering a Table	3
В	Dropping/Truncating/Renaming Tables Backing up / Restoring a Database	
Practical 5	Perform the following:	
A	Simple Queries	3
В	Simple Queries with Aggregate functions	
C	Queries with Aggregate functions (group by and having clause)	
Practical 6	Queries involving	
A	Date Functions	3
В	String Functions	3
С	Math Functions	
Practical 7	Join Queries	
A	Inner Join	3
В	Outer Join	
Practical 8	Subqueries	
A	With IN clause	3
В	With EXISTS clause	
Practical 9	Views	
A	Creating Views (with and without check option)	2
В	Dropping views	3
С	Selecting from a view	
Practical 10	DCL statements: Granting and revoking permissions	3

Course Code	DIDIGGGGG DIDIGGGG		No. of lectures
BNBUSCS1P3		2	
	Practical Based on BNBUSCS1T5	1	
	Graphs of standard functions such as absolute value functi		_
Practical 1	function, logarithmic and exponential functions, flooring and ceiling	ng functions,	3
D (* 10	trigonometric functions over suitable intervals. Partial ordering sets, Hasse diagram and Lattices.		2
Practical 2			3
Practical 3	Recurrence relation.		3
Practical 4	Different counting principles.		3
Practical 5	Finite state Automata and Finite state machines.		3
Practical 6	Warshall's Algorithm.		3
Practical 7	Shortest Path algorithms.		3
Practical 8	Operations on graph.		3
Practical 9	Breadth and Depth First search algorithms.	Breadth and Depth First search algorithms.	
Practical 10	Concept of searching, inserting and deleting from binary search trees		3
	Practical Based on BNBUSCS1T6		
Practical 1	Frequency distribution and data presentation		3
Practical 2	Measures of central tendency		3
Practical 3	Practical 3 Dataentryusing, functions, c(), scan(), Creating vectors, Mathematical Operations: ** +/-/*//^, exp, log, log10, etc, creating vector of text type, useful functions: data, frame, matrix operations, seq(), split() etc.		3
Practical 4	Frequency distribution using cut(), table()		3
Practical 5	ical 5 Data presentation		3
Practical 6	Summary Statistics (measures of central tendency, dispersion)		3
Practical 7	Measures of skewness and kurtosis		3
Practical 8	Correlation and regression		3
Practical 9	Probability		3
Practical 10	Practical 10 Conditional probability		3

References

Course Code	Course Title
BNBUSCS1T1	Computer Organization and Design

Title	Author/s	Publisher	Editio	Year
			n	
Computer Organization and Embedded System	Carl Hamacher	McGraw-Hill	6 th	2012
Computer Organization and Design	Patterson and Hennessy, Morgan Kaufmann,		ARM	2011
Modern Digital Electronics	R P Jain	McGraw-Hill	4^{th}	2010
	Computer Organization and Embedded System Computer Organization and Design	Computer Organization and Embedded System Computer Organization and Design Computer Organization and Design Morgan Kaufmann,	Computer Organization and Embedded System Carl Hamacher Carl Hamacher McGraw-Hill Patterson and Hennessy, Morgan Kaufmann,	Computer Organization and Embedded System Carl Hamacher Carl Hamacher Carl Hamacher McGraw-Hill ARM Morgan Kaufmann,

Course Code	Course Title
BNBUSCS1T2	Programming With Python- I

Books ar	nd References:				
Sr. No.	Title	Author/s	Publisher	Editio n	Year
1	Beginning Python: From Novice to Professional	Magnus Lie Hetland	Apress	3 rd	2017
2	Practical Programming: An Introduction to Computer Science Using Python 3	Paul Gries	Pragmatic Bookshelf	2 nd	2014
3	Introduction to Computer Science using Python	Charles Dierbach	Wiley		2013
4	Practical Programming: An Introduction to Computer Science Using Python 3	Paul Gries , Jennifer Campbell, Jason Montojo	Pragmatic Bookshelf	2 nd	2014
5	Programming Languages – Principles and Paradigms	Adesh Pandey	Narosa		2008

Course Code BNBUSCS1T3

Course Title

Free and Open Source Software

Books ar	Books and References:				
Sr. No.	Title	Author/s	Publisher	Edition	Year
1.	Unix Concepts and Applications	Sumitabha Das	Tata McGraw Hill Education	4th	2006
2.	The official Ubuntu Book	Mathew Helmke,Elizabeth K joseph	Prentice Hall	8 th	2014

Course Code
BNBUSCS1T4

Course Title

Database Systems

Sr. No.	Title	Author/s	Publisher	Edition	Year
1.	Fundamentals of Database Systems	Ramez Elmasri , Shamkant B.Navathe	Pearson Education	6 th	2010
2.	Database Management Systems	Ramakrishnam, Gehrke	McGraw-Hill	3 rd	2007
3.	Murach's MySQL	Joel Murach	Murach	2 nd	2012
4.	Begning MySQL	Robert Sheldon, Geoff Moes	Wrox Press		2005

Course Code BNBUSCS1T5

Course Title

Discrete Mathematics

Sr. No.	Title	Author/s	Publisher	Edition	Year
1	Discrete Mathematics and Its Applications	Kenneth H. Rosen	McGraw Hill Education	7 th	2011
2.	Discrete Mathematics	Norman L. Biggs	Clarendon Press		1989
3.	Data Structures Schaum's out lines	Seymour Lipschutz	McGraw Hill Education		
4.	Elements of Discrete Mathematics	C.L. Liu	Tata McGraw- Hill		
5.	Discrete Mathematics , Schaum's out lines:	Semyour Lipschutz, Marc Lipson	McGraw- Hill Inc.		
6.	Concrete Mathematics (Foundation for Computer Science	Graham, Knuth, Patashnik	Pearson Education.	2 nd	
7.	Foundations in Discrete Mathematics	K.D. Joshi	New Age Publication		

Course Code BNBUSCS1T6

Course Title

Descriptive statistics and introduction to probability

Books ar	Books and References:						
Sr. No.	Title	Author/s	Publisher	Edition	Year		
1.	A First course in probability	Ross, S.M	Pearson	6 th	2006		
2.	common statistical tests	Kulkarni, M.B., Ghatpande, S.B. and Gore, S.D.	Satyajeet Prakashan		1987		
3.	Fundamentals of Mathematical Statistics	Gupta, S.C. and Kapoor, V.K.	S. Chand and Sons		1987		
4.	Applied Statistics	Gupta, S.C. and Kapoor, V.K.	S. Chand and Son's		1999		
5.	Planning and Analysis of Experiments	Montgomery, D.C.	Wiley		2001		

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	Course Code	Course Title
	BNBUSCS1T7	Soft Skills Development

Sr. No.	Title	Title Author/s		Edition	Year
1.	Soft Skills: an Integrated Approach to Maximise Personality	Gajendra S. Chauhan, Sangeeta Sharma	Wiley India		
2.	Personality Development and Soft Skills	Barun K. Mitra	Oxford Press		
3.	Business Communication	Shalini Kalia, Shailja Agrawal	Wiley India		
4.	Soft Skills - Enhancing Employability	M. S. Rao	I.K. International		
5.	Cornerstone: Developing Soft Skills	Sherfield	Pearson India		

Semester II

Course	Code	Course Title	Credits	No. of	
BNBUSC	CS2T1	Programming with C	2	lectures	
Learning	g Outco	mes			
• St	udents s	hould be able to write, compile and debug programs in C langua	ge.		
• St	udents s	hould be able to use different data types in a computer program.			
• St	udentss	hould be able to design programs involving decision structures, l	oops and fund	ctions.	
• St	1	hould be able to explain the difference between call by value and		nce	
		ure of C program: Header and body, Use of comments. Interprete			
	_	ers, Python vs C. Compilation of a program. Formatted I/O: prin	ntf(),		
	scanf()		1 1 . 1		
		Data : Variables, Constants, data types like: int, float char, double and void, short and			
	_	size qualifiers, signed and unsigned qualifiers. Compare with data	atypesin		
	Pytho				
	_	pare static typing in C vs dynamic typing in Python	hi ananahar		
T. •4 T		Variables : Declaring variables, scope of the variables according to block, hierarchy of data types. Compare explicit declarations in C with implicit declarations in			
Unit I:	Pytho		HOHSIH	15	
	_	s of operators: Arithmetic, relational, logical, compound as	signment		
	increment and decrement, conditional or ternary, bitwise and comma operators.				
	Precedence and order of evaluation, statements and Expressions. Automatic and				
	explicit type conversion.				
	Iterations: Control statements for decision making: (i) Branching: if statement, else if statement, (does the writer mean if-else or nested ifs) switch statement. (ii) Looping:				
		oop, do while, for loop. (iii) Jump statements: break, continue an			
		ys: (One and two dimensional), declaring array variables, initial			
		s, accessing array elements. Compare array types of C with list and			
	of Pyt		tupic types		
	_	Input and Output functions : Character I/O format: getch(), §	petche().		
		ar(), getc(), gets(), putchar(), putc(), puts().	5000110(),		
Unit II:	_	ipulating Strings: Declaring and initializing String variables, C	Character	15	
		tring handling functions. Compare with Python strings.			
		tions: Function declaration, function definition, Global and local	variables,		
	return	statement, Calling a function by passing values.			
	Recur	sion: Definition, Recursive functions.			
	Point	er: Fundamentals, Pointer variables, Referencing and de-re	eferencing,		
	Point	er Arithmetic, Using Pointers with Arrays, Using Pointers wi	th Strings,		
T TT	Array	of Pointers, Pointers as function arguments, Functions	returning	15	
Unit III:	point	ers.		15	
	Dyna	mic Memory Allocation: malloc(), calloc(), realloc(), free()	and sizeof		
	opera	tor. Compare with automatic garbage collection in Python.			

Structure : Declaration of structure, reading and assignment of structure variables,
Array of structures, arrays within structures, structures within structures. Compare C
structures with Python tuples.
The same Dect. 1 11 14 14 15

Course Code

Unions: Defining and working with unions.File handling: Different types of files like text and binary, Different types of functions: fopen(), fclose(), fgetc(), fputc(), fgets(), fputs(), fscanf(), fprintf(), getw(), putw(), fread(), fwrite(), fseek().

Course Title

Credits

No. of

BNBUSCS	S2T2 Programming with Python - II	2	lectures
Learning	Outcomes		
• Stud	lents should be able to understand how to read/write to files using	python.	
• Stud	lents should be able to catch their own errors that happen during e	xecution of pro	grams.
• Stud	lents should get an introduction to the concept of pattern matchir	g.	
	lents should be made familiar with the concepts of GUI controls an ications.	ddesigning GU	JI
• Stud	lents should be able to connect to the database to move the data to/	From the applic	ation.
• Stud	lents should know how to connect to computers, read from URL	and send email	•
Unit I:	Python File Input-Output: Opening and closing files, various to modes, reading and writing to files, manipulating directories. Iterables, iterators and their problem solving applications. Exception handling: What is an exception, various keywords to exceptions such try, catch, except, else, finally, raise. Regular Expressions: Concept of regular expression, various ty expressions, using match function.	handle	15
Unit II:	GUI Programming in Python (using Tkinter/wxPython/G What is GUI, Advantages of GUI, Introduction to GUI library. Lag management, events and bindings, fonts, colours, drawing on canvoval, rectangle, etc.) Widgets such as: frame, label, button, checkentry, listbox, message, radiobutton, text, spinbox etc	out as (line,	15
Unit III:	Database connectivity in Python: Installing mysql connect connector module module, using connect, cursor, execute & clareading single & multiple results of query execution, execut types of statements, executing transactions, understanding database connectivity. Network connectivity: Socket module, creating server-clies sending email, reading from URL	ose functions, ing different exceptions in	15

Course C	ode	Course Title	Credits	No. of
BNBUSCS	S2T3	Linux	2	lectures
 Learning Outcomes: Upon completion of this course, students should have a good working knowledge of Linux, from both a graphical and command line perspective, allowing them to easily use any Linux distribution. This course shall help student to learn advanced subjects in computer science practically. Student shall be able to progress as a Developer or Linux System Administrator using the acquired skill set. Students will be able to work on various shell programming technologies. Students will understand the development and implementation of a kernel. 				
Unit I:	Intre Term Why supe Insta USB Linu scrip	oduction: History of Unix, GNU Public license, origin of linux, ninologies used, Distributions, Types of Kernel. Velearn Linux? Importance of Linux in software ecosystem: we recomputers, mobile, servers. Valuation: Installation methods, Hands on Installation using Carrive, Virtual Box based installation. Valuation: Installation methods, Hands on Installation using Carrive, Virtual Box based installation. Valuation: Installation methods, Hands on Installation using Carrive, Virtual Box based installation. Valuation: Valuation methods, Hands on Installation using Carrive, Virtual Box based installation. Valuation: Valuation methods, Hands on Installation using Carrive, Virtual Box based installation. Valuation: Valuation methods in the valuation of the val	eb servers, D/DVD, process, init	15
Unit II:	Gra Man emac Con Gene varia Linu docu	phical Desktop: Session Management, Basic Desktop Operation agement, Installing and Updating Software, Text editors: gedit, v. es, Graphics editors, Multimedia applications. mand Line: Command line mode options, Shells, Basic Comma eral Purpose Utilities, Installing Software, User management, Environbles, Command aliases. IX Documentation: man pages, GNU info, help command, Mamentation sources Operations: Filesystem, Filesystem architecture, File types, File at king with files, Backup, compression	ns, Network i, vim, nds, onment More	15
Unit III:	Secu work Netv IP ad ssh, Basi files, Text	rity: Understanding Linux Security, Uses of root, sudo come and with passwords, Bypassing user authentication, Understanding: Basic introduction to Networking, Network protocols: httdress, DNS, Browsers, Transferring files. telnet, ping, traceroute, route, hostname, networking GUI. c Shell Scripting: Features and capabilities, Syntax, Constructs, Market Sed, awk command, File manipulation utilities, Dealing with large for the string manipulation, Boolean expressions, File tests, Case, Debugalar expressions	nding ssh ttp,ftpetc., Modifying iles and	15

Course Co	ode	Course Title	Credits	No. of
BNBUSCS	2T4	Data Structure	2	lectures
ExploAbili	n abou ore abo ty to p	tomes: t Data structures, its types and significance in computing out Abstract Data types and its implementation rogram various applications using different data structure in Pytanalyse and apply various data structure methodologies in various		ons.
		ta structure introduction, need of Data structure		
Unit I:	About Iter Arri Dat Sets Imp Din Alg Cook App Sea Bul	stract Data Types: Introduction, The Date Abstract Data ators. Application rays: Array Structure, Python List, Two Dimensional Arrays, Mara Type, Application s and Maps: Sets-Set ADT, Selecting Data Structure, plementation, Maps-Map ADT, List Based Implementational Arrays-Multi-Array ADT, Implementing Multiarrays, corithm Analysis: Complexity Analysis-Big-O Notation, Evaluate, Evaluating Python List, Amortized Cost, Evaluating polication arching and Sorting: Searching-Linear Search, Binary Searching, Selection and Insertion Sort, Working with Sorted Lists-ted List, Maintaining sorted Lists.	List based ion, Multi-Application ating Python Set ADT,	15
Unit II:	Sea Imp Wa Sta Sta Qu Usi Prio	nked Structures: Introduction, Singly Linked List arching, Prepending and Removing Nodes, Bag ADT-plementation. Comparing Implementations, Linked List Iteratys to Build Kinked Lists, Applications-Polynomials acks: Stack ADT, Implementing Stacks-Using Python List, Using ack Applications-Balanced Delimiters, Evaluating Postfix Expreseues: Queue ADT, Implementing Queue-Using Python List, Citing List, Priority Queues- Priority Queue ADT, Bounded and Cority Queues Advanced Linked List: Doubly Linked Lists-Office and Operation, Circular Linked List-Organization and Operation,	Linked List ators, More Linked List, essions rcular Array, d unbounded Organization	15
Unit III:	Rec Has Sepa Adv Bina	ursion: Recursive Functions, Properties of Recursion, Its wordursive Applications h Table: Introduction, Hashing-Linear Probing, Clustering, Reharate Chaining, Hash Functions ranced Sorting: Merge Sort, Quick Sort, Radix Sort, Sorting ary Trees: Tree Structure, Binary Tree-Properties, Implementation versals, Expression Trees, Heaps and Heapsort, Search Trees	ashing, Linked List	15

Course Code	Course Title	Credits	No. of
BNBUSCS2T5	Calculus	2	lectures
 Learning Outcomes: Understanding of Mathematical concepts like limit, continuity, derivative, integration of functions. Ability to appreciate real world applications which uses these concepts. Skill to formulate a problem through Mathematical modeling and simulation. Ability to analyze any scenario and develop strategies or contingencies for the same 			
	DERIVATIVES AND ITS APPLICATIONS:		
Review of Functions, limit of a function, continuity of a function, derivative function. Derivative In Graphing And Applications: Unit I: Analysis of Functions: Increase, Decrease, Concavity, Relative Extrema; Graphing Polynomials, Rational Functions, Cusps and Vertical Tangents. Absolute Maxima and Minima, Applied Maximum and Minimum Problems, Newton's Method.			15
Unit II:	INTEGRATION AND ITS APPLICATIONS: An Overview of the Area Problem, Indefinite Integral, Definite as a Limit; Sigma Notation, Definite Integral, Evaluating Integrals by Substitution, Area Between Two Curves, Length Curve. Numerical Integration: Simpson's Rule. Moder Differential Equations, Separation of Variables, Slope Field Method, First-Order Differential Equations and Applications.	g Definite of a Plane ling with	15
Unit III:	PARTIAL DERIVATIVES AND ITS APPLICATION Functions of Two or More Variables Limits and Continu Derivatives, Differentiability, Differentials, and Local Linea Rule, Directional Derivatives and Gradients, Tangent Planes an Vectors, Maxima and Minima of Functions of Two Variables.	ity Partial rity, Chain nd Normal,	15

Course Code	Course Title	Credits	No. of		
BNBUSCS2T6	Statistical Method and Testing of Hypothesis	2	lectures		
Learning Outcom	mes:				
Enable learn	ers to know descriptive statistical concepts				
Enable study of probability concept required for Computer learners					
 Enable stude 	ents to work statistically in every field of study				
Enable stude	ents to generate the solutions for the data handling problems				
	Standard distributions: random variable; discrete, continu	ious,			
	expectation and variance of a random variable, pmf, pdf, cd	f,			
Unit I:	reliability,		15		
Cint 1.	Introduction and properties without proof for following distr	ributions;	13		
	binomial,				
	normal, chi-square, t, F. Examples				
	Hypothesis testing: one sided, two sided hypothesis, critical reg	ion, p-			
Unit II:	value, tests based on t, Normal and F, confidence intervals.		15		
	Analysis of variance: one-way, two-way analysis of variance	ce			
	Non-parametric tests: need of non-parametric tests, sign test,				
	Wilicoxon's signed rank test, run test, Kruskal-Walis tests.				
Unit III:	Post-hoc analysis of one-way analysis of variance: Duncan's te	estChi-	15		
	squaretestof				
	Association				

Course Co	de Course T	Title Credits	
			No. of lectures
BNBUSCS		nologies 2	lectures
Learn data ceUnderUnders	Outcomes: bout green IT can be achieved in and by honter operations. stand the strategies, frameworks, process anding minimizing power usage in IT sector and the to develop strategies to control CF	and other industries.	n and
Unit I:	Approach to Greening IT, Greening IT, A Sustainability, Green IT Standards and I Strategy, Green Washing, Green IT: Burde Green Devices and Hardware: Introduction , Pro Green Software: Introduction , Pro Software Techniques, Evaluating a Platform Power Sustainable Software Development Sustainable Software, Software	ntal Impacts of IT, Green I, Holistic Applying IT for Enhancing Environmental Eco-Labelling of IT, Enterprise Green IT	15
Unit II:	Green Data Centres: Data Centres and Centre IT Infrastructure, Data Centre Facilificiency, IT Infrastructure Manageme Green Data Storage: Introduction, Energy Management Techniques for Management Green Networks and Communication Network Protocols, Green Network Protocols, Green Network Protocols and Communication Protocols and Communica	nd Associated Energy Challenges, Data dity Infrastructure: Implications for Energy nt, Green Data Centre Metrics Storage Media Power Characteristics, r Hard Disks, System-Level Energy ons: Introduction, Objectives of Green	15
Unit III:	Sustainable Information Systems Multilevel Sustainable Information, Su Level Information, Individual Level Information, Organizational Level In Sustainable ICT Enterprise Green IT Readiness: In Development of the G-Readiness Frame Readiness Sustainable IT Services: Creating a	and Green Metrics: Introduction, astainability Hierarchy Models, Product vel Information, Functional Level formation, Measuring the Maturity of atroduction, Readiness and Capability, ework, Measuring an Organization's G-Framework for Service Innovation: opment of Sustainable IT, Sustainable IT	15

Services (SITS), SITS Strategic Framework	1
Green Enterprises and the Role of IT: Introduction, Organizational and	ı
Enterprise Greening, Information Systems in Greening Enterprises, Greening	i
the Enterprise: IT Usage and Hardware, Inter-organizational Enterprise	ı
Activities and Green Issues	1

Course Code	Course Title	Credits	No. of
BNBUSCS2P1	Practical of BNBUSCS2T1+BNBUSCS2T2	2	lectures
	PRACTICAL BASED ON BNBUSCS2T1		
Practical 1	Programs to understand the basic data types and I/O.		3
Practical 2	Programs on Operators and Expressions		3
Practical 3	Programs on decision statements.		3
Practical 4	Programs on looping.		3
Practical 5	Programs on arrays.		3
Practical 6	Programs on functions.		3
Practical 7	Practical 7 Programs on structures and unions.		3
Practical 8	Practical 8 Programs on pointers.		3
Practical 9	Practical 9 Programs on string manipulations.		3
Practical 10	10 Programs on basic file operations.		3
	PRACTICAL BASED ON BNBUSCS2T2		
Practical 1	Programs to read and write files.		3
Practical 2	Practical 2 Programs with iterables and iterators.		3
Practical 3	Practical 3 Program to demonstrate exception handling.		3
Practical 4	Practical 4 Program to demonstrate the use of regular expressions.		3
Practical 5	Practical 5 Program to show draw shapes & GUI controls.		3
Practical 6	actical 6 Program to create server-client and exchange basic information.		3
Practical 7	Program to send email & read contents of URL.		3

Course Code	Course Code Course Title Credits		No. of
BNBUSCS2P2	Practical of BNBUSCS2T3+BNBUSCS2T4	2	lectures
	PRACTICAL BASED ON BNBUSCS2T3		
Practical 1	Linux Installation:		
A	Install your choice of Linux distribution e.g. Ubuntu, Fedora, De	bian.	
В	Try different installation media like CD/DVD, USB Drive to inst	all.	3
С	Customize desktop environment by changing different default option changing default background, themes, screensavers.	nslike	
Practical 2 A	Screen Resolution: Ascertain the current screen resolution for your desktop.		
В	Networking: Get the current networking configuration for your desk you on a wired or a wireless connection? What wireless networks are available, if any?	_	3
С	Time Settings Change the time zone of your system to (or New York Time if you are currently in Indian time). How does the displayed time change? Afternoting the time change, change the time zone backt your local time zone.	ne	
Practical 3	Installing and Removing Software: Install gcc package. Verify that it runs, and then remove it.		3
Practical 4	Documentations:		
A	Finding Info Documentation: From the command line: bring up the page for the grep command. Bring up the usage section.	nfo	
В	Finding man pages From the command line: Bring up the man page 'ls' command. Scroll down to the EXAMPLES section.	for the	
С	Finding man pages by Topic What man pages are available that document file compression?		3
D	Finding man pages by Section From the command line, bring up the for the printf library function. Which manual page section are lib functions found?		
E	E Command-Line Help List the available options for the mkdir command. How can you do this?		
Practical 5	Command line operations:.		
A	A Install any newpackage on your system		
В	B Remove the package installed		,
С	C Find the passwd file in / using find command		3
D	D Create a symbolic link to the file you found in last step		
Е	Create an empty file example.txt and move it in/tmp directory using	relative	

	pathname.	
F	Delete the file moved to /tmp in previous step using absolute path.	
G	Find the location of ls, ps, bash commands.	
Practical 6	File Operations:	
A	Explore mounted filesystems on your system.	
В	What are different ways of exploring mounted filesystems on Linux?	
С	Archive and backup your home directory or work directory using tar, gzip commands.	3
D	Use dd command to create files and explore different options to dd.	
Е	Use diff command to create diff of two files.	
F	Use patch command to patch a file. And analyze the patch using diff command again.	
Practical 7	Use environment	
A	Which account are you logged in? How do you find out?	
В	Display/etc/shadow file using cat and understand the importance of shadow file. How it's different than passwd file.	
С	Get you current working directory.	3
D	Explore different ways of getting command history, how to run previously executed command without typing it?	
Е	Create alias to most commonly used commands like	
Practical 8	Linux Editors: vim/emacs	
A	Create, modify, search, navigate a file in editor.	3
В	Learn all essential commands like search, search/replace, highlight, show line numbers.	
Practical 9	Linux Security:	
A	Use of sudo to change user privileges to root	
В	Identify all operations that require sudo privileges	3
C	Create a new user and add it to sudo configuration file.	S
D	Set password for new user.	
Е	Modify the expiration date for new user using password ageing.	
Practical 10	Network:	3
A	Get IP address of your machine using ifconfig.	3

В	If IP is not set, then assign an IP address according to your network settings.	
С	Get hostname of your machine.	
D	Use ping to check the network connectivity to remote machines.	
Е	Use telnet/ssh to connect to remote machines and learn the difference between the two.	
F	Troubleshooting network using traceroute, ping, route commands.	
	PRACTICAL BASED ON BNBUSCS2T4	
Practical 1	Implement Linear Search to find an item in a list.	3
Practical 2	Implement binary search to find an item in an ordered list.	3
Practical 3	Implement Sorting Algorithms	
A	Bubble sort	
В	Insertion sort	3
C Quick sort		
D	Merge Sort	
Practical 4		
Practical 5	Practical 5 Implement working of Stacks. (pop method to take the last item added off the stack and a push method to add an item to the stack)	
Practical 6	Implement Program for	
A	Infix to Postfix conversion	3
В	Postfix Evaluation	
Practical 7	Implement the following	
A	A queue as a list which you add and delete items from.	3
В	A circular queue. (The beginning items of the queue can be reused).	
Practical 8	Practical 8 Implement Linked list and demonstrate the functionality to add and delete items in the linked list.	
Practical 9	Practical 9 Implement Binary Tree and its traversals.	
Practical 10	Practical 10 Recursive implementation of	
A	Factorial	3
В	B Fibonacci	
С	Tower of Hanoi	

Course Code	Course Code Course Title Credits		No. of
BNBUSCS2P3	NBUSCS2P3 Practical of BNBUSCS2T5+BNBUSCS2T6 2		lectures
	PRACTICAL BASED ON BNBUSCS2T5		
Practical 1	Continuity of functions; Derivative of functions		3
Practical 2	Increasing, decreasing, concave up and concave down functions	}	3
Practical 3	Relative maxima, relative minima, absolute maxima, absolute m	inima	3
Practical 4	Newton's method to find approximate solution of an equation		3
Practical 5	Area as a limit and length of a plane curve		3
Practical 6	Numerical integration using Simpson's rule		3
Practical 7	Solution of a first order first degree differential equation, Euler's 1	nethod	3
Practical 8	Calculation of Partial derivatives of functions		3
Practical 9	Practical 9 Local linear approximation and directional derivatives		3
Practical 10 Maxima and minima of functions of two variables		3	
	PRACTICAL BASED ON BNBUSCS2T6		
Practical 1	Problems based on binomial distribution		3
Practical 2	Practical 2 Problems based on normal distribution		3
Practical 3	Property plotting of binomial distribution		3
Practical 4	Property plotting of normal distribution		3
Practical 5	Practical 5 Plotting pdf, cdf, pmf, for discrete and continuous distribution		3
Practical 6 T test, normal test, F test		3	
Practical 7 Analysis of Variance		3	
Practical 8	Practical 8 Non parametric tests- I		3
Practical 9	Non- Parametric tests – II		3
Practical 10 Post-hoc analysis of one-way analysis		3	

Course Code	Course Title
BNBUSCS2T1	Programming with C

Books and References:					
Sr. No.	Title	Author/s	Publisher	Edition	Year
1	Programming in ANSI C	E Balagurusamy	ТМН	3 rd	
2.	Programming in C	Pradip Dey, Manas Ghosh	Oxford University Press	2 nd	
3.	Let Us C	Yashavant P. Kanetkar	BPB Publications		

Course Code	Course Title
BNBUSCS2T2	Programming with Python II

Books an	Books and References:				
Sr. No.	Title	Author/s	Publisher	Edition	Year
1	Practical Programming: An Introduction to Computer Science Using Python 3,	Paul Gries , Jennifer Campbell, Jason Montojo,	Pragmatic Bookshelf	2 nd	2014
2.	Beginning Python: Using Python 2.6 and Python 3	James Payne	Wiley India		2010
3.	MySQL for Python: Database Access Made Easy	A. Lukaszewski	Pact Publisher		2010

Course Code	Course Title
BNBUSCS2T3	Linux

Books an	Books and References:								
Sr. No.	Title	Author/s Publisher		Edition	Year				
1	Unix Concepts and Applications	Sumitabha Das	Tata McGraw Hill Education	4 th	2006				
2.	The official Ubuntu Book	Mathew Helmke,Elizabeth K joseph	Prentice Hall	8 th	2014				
3.	Linux A beginners Guide	Wale Soyinka	Tata McGraw Hill Education	6 th					

Course Code Course Title
BNBUSCS2T4 Data Structure

Books an	Books and References:								
Sr. No.	Title	Author/s	Publisher	Edition	Year				
1	Data Structure and algorithm Using Python	Rance D. Necaise	Wiley India Edition		2016				
2.	Data Structure and Algorithm in Python	Michael T. Goodrich, Robertom Tamassia, M. H. Goldwasser	Wiley India Edition		2016				
3.	Data Structure and Algorithmic Thinking with Python	Narasimha Karumanchi	Careermonk Publications		2015				
4.	Fundamentals of Python: Data Structures	Kenneth Lambert	Delmar Cengage Learning						

Course Code	Course Title
BNBUSCS2T5	Calculus

Books and References:								
Sr. No.	Title	Title Author/s Publisher		Edition	Year			
1	Calculus: Early transcendental	Howard Anton, Irl Bivens, Stephen Davis	John Wiley & sons	10 th	2012			
2.	Calculus and analytic geometry	George B Thomas, Ross L Finney,	Addison Wesley	9 th	1995			
3.	Calculus: Early Transcendental	James Stewart,	Brooks Cole	8 th	2015			
4.	Calculus	Ron Larson, Bruce H. Edwards	Cengage Learning	10 th	2013			
5.	Thomas' Calculus	George B. Thomas, Maurice D. Weir, Joel R. Hass	Pearson	13 th	2014			

Course Code

BNBUSCS2T6

Course Title

Statistical Methods and Testing of Hypothesis

Sr. No.	Title	Author/s	Publisher	Edition	Year
1	Probability, Statistics, Design of Experiments and Queuing theory, with applications of Computer Science	Trivedi, K.S.	Prentice Hall of India		2009
2.	A First course in probability	Ross, S.M.	Pearson	6 th	2006
3.	Common statistical tests	Kulkarni, M.B., Ghatpande, S.B. and Gore, S.D.	Satyajeet Prakashan		1999
4.	Fundamentals of Mathematical Statistics	Gupta, S.C. and Kapoor, V.K.	S. Chand and Sons		2002
5.	Applied Statistics	Gupta, S.C. and Kapoor, V.K.	S. Chand and Sons	4 th	_
6.	Planning and Analysis of Experiments	Montgomery, D.C.	Wiley		2001

Course Code	Course Title
BNBUSCS2T7	Green Technologies

Books and References:								
Sr. No.	Title	Author/s	Publisher	Edition	Year			
1	Harnessing Green IT: Principles and Practices	San Murugesan, G. R. Ganadharan	Wiley, IEEE					
2.	Green IT	Deepak Shikarpur	Vishwakarma Publication		2014			
3.	Green Communications: Principles, Concepts and Practice	Samdanis et al.,	Wiley Publication					
4.	Green IT for Sustainable Business Practice: An ISEB Foundation Guide	Mark G. O'Neill	The Charted institute for IT		2010			

Evaluation Scheme Internals

Class Test	Active Participation & Leadership qualities	Total
30	10	40
Certification of Swayam / NPTEL in concern course	10	40

Internal Examination: Based on Unit 1 / Unit 2 / Unit 3

Duration: 1 Hour Total Marks: 30

	Answer the following	30
Q. 1		
Q. 2		
Q. 3		
Q. 4		
Q. 5		
Q. 6		

Theory Examination: Suggested Format of Question paper

Duration: 2 Hours Total Marks: 60

• All questions are compulsory

Q. 1	Ar	aswer any two of the following	16
	a	Based on Unit I	
	b	Based on Unit I	
	c	Based on Unit I	
	d	Based on Unit I	
0.2	Ι .	6.1 6.11	1.0
Q. 2	Ar	nswer <i>any two</i> of the following	16
	a	Based on Unit II	
	b	Based on Unit II	
	c	Based on Unit II	
	d	Based on Unit II	
			•
Q. 3	Ar	nswer <i>any two</i> of the following	16
	a	Based on Unit III	
	b	Based on Unit III	
	c	Based on Unit III	
	d	Based on Unit III	
Q. 4	Ar	nswer any two of the following	12
	a	Based on Unit I	
	b	Based on Unit II	
	c	Based on Unit III	

^{** (4} questions of 8 marks each / 8 questions of 4 marks can be asked with 50% options)

Practical Examination

F.Y.B.Sc. (Computer Science) Semester I/II Practical Examination "Month & Year "
Paper Code :- _____

Duration :- 03.00 hrs. Total Marks :- 100

Q. No	Question's	Marks
Q. 1.	Program 1.	20
Q. 2.	Program 2.	20
Q. 3.	Program 3.	20
Q. 4.	Program 4.	20
Q. 5.	Viva-Voce	10
Q. 6.	Journal	10

Marks Distribution and Passing Criterion for Each Semester

Theory]	Practical		
Course Code	Course Code Internal		Theory Examination	Min marks for passing	Course Code	Practical Examination	Min marks for passing
BNBUSCS1T1	40	16	60	24	BNBUSCS1P1	S1P1 100	40
BNBUSCS1T2	40	16	60	24	BNBUSCSIFI		40
BNBUSCS1T3	40	16	60	24	BNBUSCS1P2	100	40
BNBUSCS1T4	40	16	60	24	DINBUSCS1P2	100	40
BNBUSCS1T5	40	16	60	24	BNBUSCS1P3	100	40
BNBUSCS1T6	40	16	60	24	DINDUSCSIPS	100	40
BNBUSCS1T7	40	16	60	24			

Theory					Practical		
Course Code	Internal	Min marks for passing	Theory Examination	Min marks for passing	Course Code	Practical Examination	Min marks for passing
BNBUSCS2T1	40	16	60	24	BNBUSCS2P1	100	40
BNBUSCS2T2	40	16	60	24			
BNBUSCS2T3	40	16	60	24	BNBUSCS2P2	100	40
BNBUSCS2T4	40	16	60	24			
BNBUSCS2T5	40	16	60	24	BNBUSCS2P3	100	40
BNBUSCS2T6	40	16	60	24			
BNBUSCS2T7	40	16	60	24			-